

JUL 24 1950

PERSONNEL SECURITY QUESTIONNAIRE

Applicant

INSTRUCTIONS - ALL SECTIONS MUST BE COMPLETED - WRITE "NONE" WHEN APPLICABLE - TYPE OR PRINT ALL ANSWERS. IF SPACE NOT ADEQUATE FOR COMPLETE ANSWERS, ATTACH A SUPPLEMENTAL SHEET TO THIS FORM. ALL ADDRESSES MUST SHOW STREET NUMBER, STREET, CITY, ZONE, AND STATE.

1. NAME (Last, First, Middle) ROSENBERG, ANNA MARIE <i>LEDERER</i>		8. DESCRIPTION (Check which) <input type="checkbox"/> MALE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FEMALE				
2. OTHER NAMES (Include maiden name, if married woman) Maiden Name: <i>Lederer</i> (Mrs. Julius Rosenberg)		RACE W	HEIGHT 5' 2"	WEIGHT 123 Lbs	COLOR EYES Brown	COLOR HAIR Brown
3. BIRTHPLACE (City, County, State and Country) BUDAPEST, HUNGARY		9. (Check which) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SINGLE <input type="checkbox"/> DIVORCED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MARRIED <input type="checkbox"/> WIDOW(ER)		10. BIRTH DATE DAY 19 MONTH 7 YEAR 1902		
4. CITIZENSHIP (Check) U. S. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALIEN <input type="checkbox"/> IF U. S. CITIZEN, INDICATE WHETHER: a. BY BIRTH <input type="checkbox"/> b. DERIVATIVE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DATE June 17, 1917 CERTIFICATE NO. 65309 PLACE Southern District Court New York City IF ALIEN, INDICATE ALIEN REGISTRATION NUMBER DATE PORT OF ENTRY		11. PRESENT ADDRESS 1136 Fifth Avenue, NY 28, NY			INCLUSIVE DATES (home) <i>NY</i>	
5. DRAFT BOARD NO. AND ADDRESS NONE		12. ALL OTHER ADDRESSES FOR PAST 10 YEARS <u>business addresses:</u> 444 Madison Avenue, New York 22, New York 1946 to present 11 West 42 Street, New York 18, N.Y. 1939 to 1945			INCLUSIVE DATES	
6. SOCIAL SECURITY NO. NONE						
7. PERMANENT STATION AND ADDRESS IF NOW IN MILITARY SERV. NONE						
7a. PREVIOUS MILITARY SERVICE NONE						
SERIAL NO.	BRANCH	FROM	TO (Yr.)			
13. EDUCATION (All schools above elementary)						
NAME OF SCHOOL	ADDRESS	FROM	TO (Yr.)	DEGREES		
Wadleigh High School	New York City <i>NY</i>	1915	1918	Graduated - Diploma		
Post-Graduate Work in	Political Science in Budapest and Vienna		1925			
Russell Sage College	Troy, New York <i>AL 21</i>		1943	Honorary Degree: Master of Humane Letters		

278
5/30 OCT 28 1950
RECORDED
93

18. REFERENCES (Name three persons, not relatives or employers, who are well acquainted with you)

NAME	ADDRESS	YEARS KNOWN
Mr. Bernard M. Baruch	597 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y.	20 years
Brig. General David Sarnoff	RCA, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, NY 20, NY	12 years
Lt. Gen. Walter Bedell Smith	Governors Island, New York 4, NY	6 years

AUG 3 4 25 PM '50

19. ARRESTS (Include all arrests and fines other than minor traffic violations)

CHARGE	DATE	PLACE WHERE ARRESTED	DISPOSITION
NONE			

CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED ABOVE IS CORRECT AND COMPLETE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES WILL INVESTIGATE THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, AND THAT ANY FALSE STATEMENT IS SUFFICIENT CAUSE FOR REJECTION OF THE APPLICATION OR DISMISSAL AFTER APPOINTMENT. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE MAKING OF A FALSE STATEMENT HEREIN MAY BE PUNISHED AS A FELONY UNDER SECTION 80 TITLE 18 U.S. CODE.

July 21, 1950

DATE

Anna J. Rosenberg

USUAL SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT

TO BE FILLED OUT BY EMPLOYING AGENCY

NAME OF EMPLOYING AGENCY National Security Resources Board	ADDRESS Washington, D. C.
BRIEF JOB DESCRIPTION (Job Title, Duties and Location - Description should not reveal classified information) Applicant	WILL APPLICANT OR EMPLOYEE HAVE ACCESS TO CLASSIFIED MATERIAL? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
	WILL APPLICANT OR EMPLOYEE HAVE ACCESS TO A CLASSIFIED AREA? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
	(Check the one block applicable) <input type="checkbox"/> FINGERPRINT CARD ATTACHED <input type="checkbox"/> T - 1 ATTACHED (RESULTS OF FBI FINGERPRINT FILE CHECK) <input type="checkbox"/> T - 2 ATTACHED
	DO NOT COMPLETE SPACE BELOW REFERRED TO F.B.I.
RECEIVED FROM F.B.I.	
SIGNATURE OF APPROVING AUTHORITY	

ANNA M. ROSENBERG
444 Madison Avenue
New York 22, N. Y.

(Attachment No. 1 to Personnel Security
Questionnaire Form NSRB-39 Rev. 4/49)

SECTION 14.

NY Sept. 15, 1945 to present, Self-employed as Public, Labor and Personnel Relations Consultant, at 444 Madison Avenue, New York 22, New York.

NY 1942 - 1945 Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission, 11 West 42 St., N.Y. 18, N

NY 1941 - 1942 Regional Director of the Office of Defense Health and Welfare Services, 45 Broadway, New York City.

NY 1936 - 1942 Regional Director of the Social Security Board for New York State, 45 Broadway, New York City.

1935 - 1937 Associated with the organization of the New York City Works Project Administration, serving as Assistant Administrator for Personnel; Asst. Administrator for Service Projects. (without compensation), 45 Broadway NYC

NY 1934 - 1936 Associated with General Hugh Johnson in the National Recovery Administration, being successively Executive Assistant to the State NRA Compliance Director and, from February, 1935, Regional Director in complete charge of all NRA activities in New York State. Also, Executive Assistant and subsequently Acting State Director for New York State in the National Emergency Council. 45 Broadway, New York City.

NY 1924 - 1934 For these ten years was self-employed as Public Relations Counsel for social welfare and philanthropic agencies, industrial concerns, and prominent individuals. Worked out of clients' offices.

During this time, also served in the following capacities:

NY Member of New York City Industrial Relations Board, 1937.

NY Chairman of sub-committee on Bill of Rights and General Welfare, New York State Constitutional Convention Committee, 1937.

WFO Member of the Commission appointed by President Roosevelt to study industrial relations in Great Britain and Sweden, 1938.

NY Member of the Mayor's Business Advisory Committee, 1940.

NY Member of the New York City Defense Council, 1940.

NY Member of the New York State Council of National Defense, 1940.

WFO Member of Advisory Committee on Policy, Office of Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, 1941-46.

NY Member of the Mayor's Advisory Transit Commission, 1948.

WFO Secretary of President Roosevelt's Labor Victory Board, 1942-45.

NY Consultant for the Federal Reserve Bank.

WFO Appointed by Gov. Dewey as Member of New York State War Council, 1944.

Organizer and Chairman, New York Veterans Service Committee, 1943-46.

Organizer and Hon. Chairman of Executive Committee of New York Defense Recreation Committee, 1941-46.

Consultant to Brig. General Frank T. Hines, Administrator of the Retraining and Reemployment Administration, 1944.

Nominated by President Roosevelt and approved by the Senate as a member of the Advisory Board of the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, 1944-47.

Member of the Advisory Commission of the President on Universal Training, 1946-47.

Member of the U. S. National Commission for UNESCO, 1946-49.

Member of the Manpower Consulting Committee of the Army and Navy Munitions Bd., 1947.

Member of Army Advisory Committee for the First U. S. Army in New York City.

Member of the Personnel Policy Board of the Office of the Secretary of Defense.

ANNA M. ROSENBERG
444 Madison Avenue
New York 22, New York

(Attachment No. 2 to Personnel Security
Questionnaire Form NSRB-39 Rev. 4/49)

SECTION 15.

1938. Went to Great Britain and Sweden as a Member of the Special Committee appointed by President Roosevelt to study the Labor Laws of these countries.

Also went to Hungary at this time for a three-day visit.

WFO { August and September, 1944. Went to Italy, England, France, Germany, and Belgium as a Personal Representative of President Roosevelt to report on the problems of the returning soldier.

April to June, 1945. Went to England, Italy, France, Germany, and Belgium as a Personal Representative of President Truman to report on the problems of the returning soldier and on a special mission for the War Department at the request of General Eisenhower.

May, 1948. Went to Venezuela for Nelson Rockefeller. Business.

April and May, 1950. England and France. Combination business and pleasure trip.

ANNA M. ROSENBERG
444 Madison Avenue
New York 22, New York

(Attachment No. 3 to Personnel Security
Questionnaire Form NSRB-39 Rev. 4/49)

SECTION 16.

Member Executive Committee of The American Cancer Society.

Member of Film Council of America.

Member Technical Advisory Committee of the National Planning Association.

Member of Advisory Board of the Graduate Division for Training in Public Service
of New York University.

Member Citizens' Committee on Reorganization of the Government.

In 1944 elected to the membership of the National Committee for Mental Hygiene.

Member of the Women's Civic Organization.

Member of the Women's City Club of New York.

Member of the New York League of Women Voters.

Member, Labor State Associates.

Member of the Consumers League of New York.

Member of the American Arbitration Association.

Member of Advertising Club of New York, 1941.

Member of the American Society of Public Administration, 1940.

Member U. S. Committee for the Care of European Children.

Member of National Council of American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, 1940.

Member of Citizens' Housing Council of New York, 1940.

Member of the Women's Council of the Greater New York Fund, 1941.

Sponsor of Vocational Advisory Service, 1941-49.

Honorary Vice-Chairman of National Council of Jewish Women, 1941.

ANNA MARIE

FREDERER ROSENBERG

(Hungary)

Birthdate: 7-19-02 SUPV: R. S. Pitzer

Wife: Mrs. Julius ROSENBERG

Searcher
R# 243 Date 7-25-50 Initial 103

FILE NUMBER

SERIALS

K6-3

Levy, 24

✓ 77-27724-MAIN

Levy, 24

NR 70-20411-

NR 40-24354-

NR 37-0-22284, 246

NR 61-6592-16X, 011

NR 100-90870-3

NR 40-65571-2

NR 40-65571-2

NR 40-65571-2

NR 40-65571-2

NR 40-65571-2

NR 65-8150-

NR 65-8150-

NR 44-3-1-11-444

277 APR 1951 NR
3778-53 APR 1951 NR
277 APR 1951 NR
210W 66-7
36-25-5

Subj: Rosenberg, Anna Marie

Address: _____

Birthdate: _____ SUPV: _____

Misc: _____

R# _____ Date 7-25 Searcher Initial 113

FILE NUMBER

SERIALS

✓	40-6517-	
✓	100-5746-3, 11	
	Rosenberg, Anna Marie	
✓	47-29156-	
✓	100-238565-5	
✓	40-6517-5	
✓	47-14693-1	
✓	62-43264-184X	
✓	65-56402-2367, 11	
✓	66-5124-1-A-711, 8-2-41	
✓	47-25882-1	
✓	100-12304-31	
✓	100-337686-5	
✓	100-9749-A-PN 3-28-45	
✓	100-7660-2787	

4-22

Subj: Rosenberg, H. M.

Address: _____

Birthdate: _____ SUPV: _____

Misc: _____

R# _____ Date 7-25 Searcher Initial 103FILE NUMBERSERIALS

✓	100-71037-12	
✓	100-177942-11	
✓	100-336740-1	
✓	100-90431-139	be forwarded
✓	100-7319-340	
✓	100-65557-8	
✓	100-5746-11	
✓	100-13758-402	
✓	100-15139-9	
✓	100-120818-A-PM	7-7-43
✓	100-3-6-135	
✓	65-56402-2.2	44, p 54.
✓	448, p 32, 33	
✓	100-142557-39	
✓	100-135-34-A	Naibulm...

4-22

Subj: Rosenberg, Anna M.

Address: _____

Birthdate: _____ SUPV: _____

Misc: _____

R# _____ Date 7-25 Searcher Initial 103FILE NUMBERSERIALS

✓ 94-3-4-1115-16

✓ 100-138377-25

✓ 47-22430-1

Rosenberg, Anna

, Admin cards

✓ 77-27729-

Approx 150 also not searched

Rosenberg, Morris

✓ 94-3-4-1115-16

✓ 100-22765-18

✓ 65-38136-833, encl p 51

✓ 87-2310-143

✓ 100-232263-1

✓ 65-38136-1249, encl p 128

c

4-22

Subj: Rosenberg, Julius Mrs.

Address: _____

Birthdate: _____ SUPV: _____

Misc: _____

R# _____ Date 7-25 Searcher Initial 103

FILE NUMBER

SERIALS

62

21
2
63

65-58236-76, 27, 8, 10, 31,

32, 33, 38,

65-55236-54-50, 53, 56,

NR NR NR NR NR NR NR

Rosenberg, J. Mrs.

NI 121-7205-2,



United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington 25, D. C.

IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO
FILE NO. 126-486

Date: August 23, 1950

AIR MAIL, SPECIAL DELIVERY

To: SAC, New York

From: J. Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: ~~ANNA HANCOCK~~ 126-486
nee Lederer
SPECIAL INQUIRY--NATIONAL SECURITY
REFERENCE BOARD--APPLICANT

You are requested to conduct an investigation of the above named individual. The instructions contained in Section 103, Volume 3 of the Manual of Instructions and Chapter 78, Part 3 of the FBI Handbook should be observed in connection with this investigation. This case is to be assigned immediately and reports of the complete investigation must be submitted Air Mail, Special Delivery, where proper, by September 7, 1950.

Address: 1136 Fifth Avenue, New York 28, New York.

Birth date: July 17, 1902.

Birthplace: Budapest, Hungary.

See unfile 77-6010. Bring up to date. Unnecessary to restate information previously reported.

WASHINGTON FIELD

Check State Department, S-2, CSC, ROMA.

See unfile 77-15072. Bring up to date. Unnecessary to restate information previously reported.

ALL OFFICES

Note advanced deadline which must be met. Assign only to mature, experienced agents. The investigation must be complete and thorough.

Enclosure

cc: Albany (AMT) (Enc.)

WASHINGTON FIELD (W) (Enc.)

RSP/slh

Form 79 sent to CSC

Date: July 25, 1950

TO: ☒ The Federal Bureau of Investigation
☐ The Civil Service Commission
☐ The Director of Intelligence, GSUSA
☐ _____
☐ _____

FROM: Security Officer, National Security Resources Board

SUBJECT: Request for Record Check

It is requested that a check of the investigative files be made relative to the individual named below, and that this Office be advised of the results thereof, to include a summary of any information which would affect clearance for access to highly classified material.

NAME: ROSENBERG, ALICE MARIE
(LAST) (FIRST) (MIDDLE) (MAIDEN)

DATE OF BIRTH: July 19, 1902
(MONTH) (DAY) (YEAR)

PLACE OF BIRTH: Budapest, Hungary
(CITY) (STATE) (COUNTRY)

MILITARY SERVICE: None
(SERIAL NO.) (SERVICE) (DATES)

SOCIAL SECURITY NO.: None

PRESENT OCCUPATION: Public Labor and Personnel Relations Consultant
New York, N. Y.

ADDRESSES FOR PAST 10 YEARS:

1136 71st Avenue, NY, NY (None)

Business:

444 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y. 1748 to 1949

11 East 42 Street, New York, N. Y. 1949 to 1949

RESULTS OF RECORD CHECK:

[Handwritten signature]
See attached
8/22/50

77-27729

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

September 8, 1950

URGENT

Transmit the following message to: SAC, NEW YORK

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. REURFILE ONE TWO SIX DASH TWO FIVE THREE. A REVIEW OF URREP INDICATES FOLLOWING INVESTIGATION DESIRABLE. INTERVIEW APPROPRIATE PERSONS I. MILLER SHOE COMPANY, NELSON ROCKEFELLER AND ANY OTHER EMPLOYERS DEVELOPED THROUGH THESE SOURCES. INTERVIEW A REPRESENTATIVE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO SERVED ON A REPRESENTATIVE NUMBER OF THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES, COUNCILS, BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS WITH ROSENBERG TO SECURE THE COMMENTS OF THESE BUSINESS ASSOCIATES. COPY OF PSQ FURNISHED YOU REFLECTS BIRTH JULY NINETEEN, NINETEEN TWO AT BUDAPEST, HUNGARY. ALSO REFLECTS CLAIM OF DERIVATIVE CITIZENSHIP JUNE SEVENTEEN, NINETEEN SEVENTEEN, SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT, NYC, CERTIFICATE NUMBER SIX FIVE THREE NAUGHT NINE. URREP REFLECTS INS FILES NEGATIVE BUT FAILS TO INDICATE ANY INQUIRY MADE AT SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT. HANDLE. ROSENBERG HAS LISTED BIRTH DATE VARIOUSLY AS EIGHTEEN NINETY NINE, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETEEN TWO. THIS COULD AFFECT HER DERIVATIVE CITIZENSHIP STATUS. ENDEAVOR TO DETERMINE EXACT BIRTH DATE FROM ENTRY PAPERS OF FATHER AND SET FORTH CITIZENSHIP STATUS FULLY. REURTEL BUFFALO, SIXTH, INSTANT, CAPTIONED IRVING BEREZIN, NSRB, WHO IS ROSENBERG'S ASSISTANCE. SET FORTH IN ROSENBERG CASE BRIEF DATA CONCERNING HIS BACKGROUND AND AFFILIATIONS AS WELL AS ASSOCIATION WITH ROSENBERG. CONDUCT ADDITIONAL INVESTIGATION INDICATED AND RESUBMIT REPORT IMMEDIATELY THEREAFTER.

~~NO DELAY WILL BE TOLERATED.~~

- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Nichols _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Harbo _____
- Mohr _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Nease _____
- Gandy _____

126-486
RSP:bsw

HOOVER

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 8 1950

RECORDED - 25

126-486-2

RECEIVED READING ROOM
FBI
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
SEP 8 4 02 PM '50

SENT VIA _____

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director, FBI

DATE: August 14, 1950

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG,
nee Lederer#444496 11/20/01
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/20/01 BY SP2ALM/KR

Tolson	✓
Ladd	✓
Clegg	✓
Glavin	✓
Nichols	✓
Rosen	✓
Tracy	✓
Harbo	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Nease	✓
Gandy	✓

PURPOSE:

To comply with your request for a summary of information appearing in the Bureau's files concerning Anna Marie Rosenberg, who, according to a press report of August 9, 1950, has been appointed to an advisory committee on mobilization policy by W. Stuart Symington, Chairman of the National Security Resources Board.

A summary of the attached detailed memorandum follows:

BACKGROUND:

Mrs. Rosenberg is of Hungarian birth and is approximately 50 years of age. She arrived in the U.S. in 1908 or 1912 with her parents. She is married to Julius Rosenberg, a rug merchant of New York City, and has [redacted] born in [redacted]

Previous to 1936, she was employed by the National Recovery Administration, the National Emergency Council and the Works Progress Administration. From 1936 to 1943, she was Regional Director of the Social Security Board, New York City, and from 1942 to 1945, was Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission, New York City. Since 1938, she has served in various advisory posts by appointment of the late President Roosevelt and President Truman. She has occupied similar positions on State and local levels in New York City. More recently, she has been a member of the U. S. Commission of the United Nations Educational and Scientific Council. since 1946

During Mrs. Rosenberg's tenure as Social Security Director for New York State, a Congressional Committee in 1942 revealed that, in addition to her Government salary, she was receiving \$28,000 annually for advising R. H. Macy, the I. Miller Shoe Company and Nelson Rockefeller (in a private capacity). Mrs. Rosenberg's explanation allegedly was that her services for these fees were rendered outside the hours of her Government employment.

GEG:hb

RECORDED - 39

INDEXED - 39

SEP 22 1950

126-486-3

RECEIVED

CITIZENSHIP STATUS:

Anna Rosenberg on May 8, 1943, applied for a certificate of derivative citizenship on the basis of her father's naturalization in 1917. The Immigration and Naturalization Service on August 11, 1950, confidentially advised that she did not pursue this application and had never been issued a certificate of derivative citizenship. Consequently, so far as the records of that Service reveal Mrs. Rosenberg is not a citizen of the United States. It is noted that in an Application for Federal Employment dated July 25, 1942, she stated under oath that she was a citizen of the United States.

INVESTIGATION BY FBI:

In February, 1943, the Office for Emergency Management requested the Bureau to conduct an applicant investigation of Anna Marie Rosenberg for the position of Regional Director, War Manpower Commission, New York. This investigation developed different reported birth dates of 1899, 1900 and 1902 for Mrs. Rosenberg and likewise revealed that she had applied but had not obtained a certificate of derivative citizenship. She reportedly obtained her start in politics by managing campaigns for lesser Tammany officials in New York City. At the time of the investigation, she was highly regarded as a labor arbitrator by labor, management and public officials.

A request for investigation of Mrs. Rosenberg dated August 3, 1950, has been received from the National Security Resources Board. This investigation is being initiated upon completion of this summary of information in the Bureau's files.

OTHER RELATIONS WITH FBI:

In September, 1935, a Special Agent of the New York Office interviewed Mrs. Rosenberg at the suggestion of General Hugh Johnson, at which time she furnished information regarding Communist infiltration of the Works Progress Administration. In May, 1944, she requested information from the New York Office regarding a former employee of the War Manpower Commission whom she described as anti-Negro and anti-Semitic.

In August, 1944, Mrs. Rosenberg requested the New York Office to direct all inquiries concerning employees of the U. S. Employment Service to her by letter. The SAC, New York, advised that it was not believed advisable to make such inquiries of Mrs. Rosenberg in view of her reported Communist sympathies.

INTERVIEW BY THE DIRECTOR:

In the latter part of March, 1942, Mrs. Rosenberg was referred to the Attorney General by President Roosevelt, at which time she was interviewed by you and the Attorney General. Mrs. Rosenberg alleged that Joseph Curran, President of the National Maritime Union had considerable information concerning racketeering on the part of Joseph Ryan, President of the International Longshoremen's Association on the New York Water Front. This interview resulted in the calling of a Grand Jury in the Southern District of New York for May 5, 1942, to investigate the situation on the New York water front.

MRS. ROSENBERG'S REPORTED DISCUSSION OF FBI WITH PRESIDENT:

On April 8, 1942, subsequent to Mrs. Rosenberg's interview with you, Lewis Merrill, then President of the United Office and Professional Workers of America, CIO, and a reported Communist Party member told Roy Hudson, Communist Party functionary, that he had talked with "her" and wanted to give Hudson the details. Hudson asked what "her" reactions were to Earl (believed to be Earl Browder). Merrill stated that this unidentified female had taken up "the entire question of the FBI and Biddle with him" the previous week. Merrill further stated that this female acquaintance had said she would give him some specific information at the White House if he would call her later in the week.

On April 9, 1942, Merrill attempted unsuccessfully to telephone Anna Rosenberg at the Department of Commerce after which his call was transferred to the White House where he spoke with Mrs. Rosenberg for 1½ minutes.

On the basis of the above facts together with a then current press report which referred to Mrs. Rosenberg as a White House Advisor who had recently become "in effect de facto Secretary of Labor," it was tentatively concluded that Anna Rosenberg was the unidentified female mentioned by Merrill and Hudson. It was further concluded that President Roosevelt was the person with whom Rosenberg had discussed the FBI and the Attorney General. Since it was known that Merrill was interested at the time in obtaining the release of Earl Browder from prison, it was believed that Mrs. Rosenberg might have discussed this matter with the President.

(Handwritten) 77-27729-X1, X2

ACTIVITIES:

Contacts with Communist Fronts

There is no identifiable information in the files to indicate Mrs. Rosenberg is a member of the Communist Party or any front group. Some examples of her contacts with Communist fronts are reported as follows:

In June, 1942, Virginia Foster Durr, an official of the National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax and wife of Clifford Durr, former Commissioner of the Federal Communications Commission, directed a letter to Mrs. Rosenberg, thanking her for her helpful suggestions on poll tax repeal. The National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax in 1947 was cited as a Communist front by the California Committee on Un-American Activities. *highly confidential 62-67571-30p80*

On page 11 of the December 8, 1942 issue of "New Masses", a Communist periodical, appeared an article entitled "Women on the Job" by Anna M. Rosenberg, New York Regional Director of the War Manpower Commissioner, in which she outlined the woman's role in the war. *77-27729-A*

According to the "Daily Worker" of January 21 and 23, 1943, Mrs. Rosenberg was among persons invited to attend a protest meeting against discrimination in the railroad industry which was to be held on January 25, 1943, in New York City, under the auspices of the Negro Labor Victory Committee and the People's Committee of Greater New York. Mrs. Rosenberg was among persons who sent messages to a Negro Labor Victory Committee rally held on June 7, 1943, at Madison Square Garden, New York. The Negro Labor Victory Committee was declared to be a Communist organization by the Attorney General in 1948. *100-135-A and 147*

Contacts with CIO Officials

During the period between January, 1943, and January, 1945, Mrs. Rosenberg was contacted by various CIO officials, particularly Joseph Curran, President of the National Maritime Union, and Saul Mills, Executive Secretary-Treasurer of the Greater New York Industrial Union Council. Mills, in 1944, was a member of the Communist Political Association. Some examples of these contacts follow:

Mills reportedly intended to have Anna Rosenberg ask Mrs. Roosevelt to send greetings to a rally to be held on May 2, 1943, at Yankee Stadium, New York City, under sponsorship of the United May Day Committee. This Committee was declared to be Communist by the Attorney General in 1947. *trans 100-16912-8*

In September, 1943, Saul Mills reportedly attended a meeting of the War Manpower Commission in New York at which there apparently was presented a resolution concerning the draft status of Joseph Curran who was then in some difficulty with his Selective Service Board. In speaking of this meeting on September 30, and October 8, 1943, Mills stated Mrs. Rosenberg had indicated that "a little fire should be built under Phil" (Murray) and a few others in Washington. She stated further that she had already spoken with the President and others regarding this matter.

|||| Mills indicated he was going to have Mrs. Rosenberg personally send a letter to President Roosevelt, presumably in an effort to obtain Curran's deferment. (Details on page 13, 14 of attached memorandum.)

tesur 100-116362-10

|||| On February 1, 1944, Curran and Mills discussed a CIO Executive Board meeting which had been held in Washington, D. C. Curran indicated he and Harry Bridges had "fought together on the issues" apparently in opposition to Philip Murray, President of the CIO. Curran stated that President Roosevelt had to be informed of some of the things that took place at this meeting and that Anna Rosenberg was the person to do it. Later on the same date Curran contacted Mrs. Rosenberg who said she thought Murray had made a mistake and indicated she would call the matter to the attention of the President. (Details on page 15 of attached memorandum.)

tesur 100-120818-1277

|||| On November 29, 1944, Milton Elmo Levison, organizer for the State, County, and Municipal Workers of America, CIO, in discussing an official action of Mrs. Rosenberg with Sam Coleman, President of the Niagara Frontier Committee of the CPA, Buffalo, New York, referred to Mrs. Rosenberg as "Hitler's best helper." *PC 70 100-24498-1101*

|||| On January 26, 1945, at the behest of Sam Coleman, previously identified, Hugh Thompson, Regional Director of the CIO, Buffalo, arranged to have Mrs. Rosenberg interview Maia James for possible employment. James had just been discharged as an official of the CPA in Buffalo, and was regarded as a problem by CPA leaders. Coleman remarked that he had formerly worked for Anna and that she had once offered him a \$10,000 job in Washington. (Details on page 18 of attached memorandum.)

BC-35 100-3-6-859, 94

Acquaintance with Reported Communists
and Soviet Espionage Agent

On April 6, 1943, an unidentified individual furnished to Andree Emery, wife of Roy Hudson, National Communist Party functionary, an address as being in the "same building where your friend Anna Rosenberg holds forth, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City." This was Mrs. Rosenberg's office address.

tesur 100-3815-12

|||| On April 30, 1943, an unidentified individual believed to be Edwin S. Smith told Roy Hudson, National Communist Party functionary, that he had been ordered to report for induction and was endeavoring to have someone intercede for him with President Roosevelt. It appeared from the conversation that Smith was going to ask Anna Rosenberg to speak with the President, presumably regarding his draft status. Smith is a reported Communist who in May, 1943, became Executive Director of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, an organization declared to be Communist by the Attorney General.

tesur 100-7602-292

On June 4, 1943, Roy Hudson told Frederick N. Myers, Communist official of the National Maritime Union, that he, Myers, "could even speak to Anna" concerning an unidentified subject. It was believed this reference was to Anna Rosenberg.

Julius Joseph Joseph, a subject in the Gregory case, listed Mrs. Rosenberg as a reference on employment applications in July, 1942, and June, 1945.

65-56402-14488 33

MISCELLANEOUS:

George Sokolsky, in his column, "These Days," which appeared in the Washington "Times Herald," on September 24, 1946, named Felix Frankfurter, Sidney Hillman, David Niles and Anna Rosenberg as persons whom President Roosevelt had used in his administration to placate the left-wing element.

Ernest Lindley's column in the "Washington Post" for June 13, 1947, reported that Anna M. Rosenberg was a member of President Truman's Advisory Commission which had urged universal military training by a unanimous vote.

62-82718-5

ACTION:

A copy of this memorandum is being made available to the Investigative Division for its use in connection with the investigation of Mrs. Rosenberg requested by the National Security Resources Board.

August 14, 1950

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, nee Lederer

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August 14, 1950

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, nee Lederer

BACKGROUND

Anna Rosenberg was born in Budapest, Hungary, July 19, with years listed as 1899, 1900 and 1902. She immigrated to the United States with her parents, Albert and Charlotte Bacskey Lederer, in 1908 or 1912. Both parents were naturalized in 1917.

She entered Wadleigh High School for Girls, New York City, in 1915, withdrew in 1918, and did not graduate. There is no further record of any formal education. She married Julius Rosenberg, at present a rug merchant, in either 1918 or 1919 and a [] was born in []

From 1924 to 1934 Anna Rosenberg was a Public Labor and Personnel Relations Consultant. From 1934 to 1936, she held various positions, including Regional Director in the National Recovery Administration, New York City. During a portion of this same period, 1934-1935, she was Assistant and Acting State Director of the National Emergency Council and Assistant Administrator of the Works Progress Administration. She was Regional Director for the Social Security Board, New York City, from 1936 to 1943, and was also associated with the Office of Defense, Health and Welfare Services in 1941 and 1942.

She was Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission from 1942 to 1945, and was Consultant for the Retraining and Reemployment Administration, 1941-1945. She was Personal Representative of President Roosevelt in 1944 and President Truman in 1945 to the European Theater of War to report on problems of returning soldiers.

She has held various memberships in official organizations which are: member, New York City Industrial Relations Board, 1937; Chairman of Subcommittee on Bill of Rights and General Welfare, New York State Constitutional Convention Committee, 1937; member of committee appointed by President Roosevelt to study industrial relations in Great Britain and Sweden, 1938; member of Executive Committee of Mayor's Advisory Committee of New York City; member of Advisory

126-486-3

Committee on Policy, Office of Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs; member of Mayor's Transit Advisory Board; Organizer and Honorary Chairman of Executive Commission, New York City Defense Recreation Committee, 1941-1946; Consultant on Manpower Problems to Chairman of National Security Resources Board; member of Federal Advisory Council, Bureau of Employment Security; member of Technical Advisory Council, National Planning Association; member of Film Council of America; member of Executive Committee of United Seamen's Service; member of Committee for Mental Hygiene, Menninger Foundation, American Society for Public Administration; Lay Director of American Cancer Society; member of Executive Committee, Committee for the Nation's Health; member of American Committee for United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization since 1946; member of Advisory Committee on Compulsory Military Training; member of National Advisory Board of Executive Job Counseling Service.

Anna Rosenberg was the recipient of the Medal of Freedom in 1945; Medal for Merit, 1947; American Schools and Colleges Association award, 1949; and was the author of a chapter entitled "Social Security and the National Purpose" in "Family in a World at War", 1942.

Her home is listed as 1136 Fifth Avenue, New York 28, New York, and her office address is given as 444 Madison Avenue, New York 22, New York. ("Who's Who in America - 1950-51" 77-27729)

The "Washington Evening Star" of August 9, 1950, reported an article titled "Symington Chooses Advisory Committee". In substance, the article states that Chairman W. Stuart Symington of the National Security Resources Board announced on August 8, 1950, the membership of a committee on mobilization policy.

The 12-member committee, chosen after conferences with groups representing industry, labor, agriculture and the public generally, will advise Mr. Symington on all phases of civil mobilization and defense.

Among those individuals representing the public generally is listed Mrs. Anna M. Rosenberg, New York labor relations authority, member of the U. S. National Commission for the United Nations Educational and Scientific Council.

CITIZENSHIP STATUS

Records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Philadelphia, when checked in November, 1943, in the course of an applicant investigation concerning Mrs. Rosenberg, revealed that Mrs. Rosenberg's father, Albert Lederer, was issued Certificate of Naturalization #763210 on June 7, 1917, by the New York State Supreme Court. Immigration and Naturalization Service files further revealed that Anna Rosenberg filed an Application for Derivative Citizenship on May 8, 1943. A notation in the file on May 18, 1943, reflected that Mrs. Rosenberg was to contact the authorities concerning a hearing on her application. The file did not indicate that any further action was taken. (77-27729-1, 13)

Supervisor J. E. Foley learned confidentially on August 11, 1950, from the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Washington, D. C., that Mrs. Rosenberg did not pursue her Application for Derivative Citizenship, that she had never been issued a Certificate of Derivative Citizenship and that, so far as the records of I & NS are concerned Mrs. Rosenberg technically is not a U. S. citizen. (In a sworn application for federal employment executed on July 25, 1942, a photostatic copy of which appears in the Bureau's files, Mrs. Rosenberg stated she was a citizen of the United States. 77-27729-1)

INVESTIGATION BY FBI

In February, 1943, the Office for Emergency Management, - Washington, D. C., requested the Bureau to conduct an applicant investigation on Anna Marie Rosenberg, nee Lederer, for the position of Regional Director, War Manpower Commission, New York. The investigation was completed in November, 1943. It disclosed different reported birthdates of 1899, 1900 and 1902 and likewise revealed that Mrs. Rosenberg had applied for, but did not obtain, a certificate of derivative citizenship. Mrs. Rosenberg, allegedly, started her political career by managing campaigns for "Tammany Small-fry" in New York City. She was reported to be a prominent public official; the subject of numerous newspaper articles; well recommended by former employers and disinterested persons. She was considered to have excellent contacts in labor fields and was highly regarded and respected by labor leaders, management and city officials as arbitrator for disputes. Her family background was noted as excellent and her husband was listed as a successful businessman and Secretary of the Local Draft Board. Her [REDACTED] [REDACTED] (77-27729)

The records of the Bureau reflect a request from the National Security Resources Board, dated August 3, 1950, for an applicant investigation on Anna M. Rosenberg. The field is being instructed to initiate the investigation upon completion of this Summary of references in the Bureau files. (126-486)

OTHER RELATIONS WITH FBI

On September 16, 1935, Anna M. Rosenberg was interviewed by Special Agent J. A. Hansen at the request of General Hugh Johnson relative to information on Communistic infiltration of the Works Progress Administration. She made available to the Agent literature which was of a Communistic nature and gave other helpful information as to Communistic trends within the organization.

As head of the Manpower Commission, she forwarded a letter to the New York FBI Office on October 10, 1942, in which she requested investigation of Marion Hill, colored, in order to ascertain whether he had outside backing as a result of his agitation in hiring of workers for the Kaiser Shipyards of the West Coast. This letter indicated certain anxiety as a result of possible agitation by undesirable elements which might interfere with the war effort. (77-27729-9)

On an unstated date in 1942, Anna M. Rosenberg, Regional Director of the Social Security Board, New York City, directed a letter to the New York FBI Office reporting an impersonation complaint.
(47-25882-1)

On May 12, 1944, the SAC, New York received a telephone call from Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission, New York, requesting information about Michael Joseph Tierney, who was then on military leave from a position in the War Manpower Commission. Tierney was then a Lieutenant in the Army but was expected to leave the Army in the near future in order to resume his former position. According to Mrs. Rosenberg, Tierney had been connected with the Employment Service under the supervision of the Social Security Board and continued in that capacity after the agency was taken over by the War Manpower Commission. She stated that Tierney was known to be openly anti-Semitic and anti-Negro. She said that she had curtailed his activities because of these attitudes and that he did not appreciate her lack of confidence in him so he left and joined the Army. She also stated that he was a "McWilliams follower" and had admitted hanging around McWilliams in New York. She pointed out that at the time of Tierney's resignation, his superior officer had given him a good rating and she thought she was obligated to reinstate him to his former position unless she could find out definitely that he had been associating with the McWilliams group.
(100-309995-1)

By letter dated August 12, 1944, the New York Field Division advised the Bureau that Mrs. Anna M. Rosenberg, Regional Director, War Manpower Commission, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City, had requested that the New York Office direct all inquiries concerning employees of the U. S. Employment Service to her by letter. In view of this request and Mrs. Rosenberg's reported Communist sympathies, SAC E. E. Conroy advised that it was not advisable to cover certain leads outstanding to verify employment with the U. S. Employment Service. The New York Office did not indicate her reported Communist sympathies.
(100-238565-5)

INTERVIEW BY THE DIRECTOR

In the latter part of March, 1942, Mrs. Anna Rosenberg was referred to the Attorney General by President Roosevelt, at which time she was interviewed by the Attorney General and FBI Director, J. Edgar Hoover. This interview resulted in the allegation that Joseph Curran, President of the National Maritime Union of America, had considerable information concerning racketeering on the part of the International Longshoremen's Association and Joseph Ryan, its President on the New York waterfront. This interview resulted in the calling of a Grand Jury in the Southern District of New York for May 5, 1942, to investigate the situation on the New York water front.

MRS. ROSENBERG'S REPORTED DISCUSSION OF FBI WITH PRESIDENT

On April 8, 1942, Lewis Merrill, then President of the United Office and Professional Workers of America, CIO, and a reported Communist Party member, advised Roy Hudson, a Communist Party functionary, as follows: "I talked with her not unfavorably. Certain reluctancy there. Where can I give you the details? We also went into the economic policy and the two are quite interested." During the course of the above conversation Hudson asked Merrill if the latter could, in a general way, indicate what "her" reactions were concerning Earl (believed Earl Browder.) Merrill further informed Hudson that "she" stated, "I agree with you, but I have been carrying a lot to him and I took the entire question of the FBI and Biddle up with him last week and I don't know if this was the best way to take it to him. But if you will call me down there the latter part of the week I will be able to give you some specific information at the White House. See?"

It was tentatively concluded that the woman referred to in the above conversation between Hudson and Merrill was Anna Rosenberg, inasmuch as Merrill attempted unsuccessfully to reach her by telephone at the Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., on April 9, 1942, after which his call was transferred to the White House where he spoke with Mrs. Rosenberg for approximately 1½ minutes.

It was believed the "him" referred to in the above conversation was President Franklin D. Roosevelt.

The "Washington Times Herald" of April 25, 1942, in a column written by Drew Pearson and Robert S. Allen entitled "Washington Daily Merry-Go-Round", contained information to the effect that

President Roosevelt, in the presence of Captain Edward Macauley, member of the Maritime Commission, and Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, White House Advisor, who, in recent weeks, had become in effect, de facto, Secretary of Labor, gave Admiral Emory S. Land of the Maritime Commission a quiet "dressing down" for the muddled state of the nation's shipping situation.

In view of the information contained in the "Times Herald", it appeared that the individual apparently in the best position to have brought the entire question of the FBI and the Attorney General, Biddle, before President Roosevelt a week prior to the conversation of Hudson and Merrill was Mrs. Anna Rosenberg. In all probability the particular matter referred to by Hudson and Merrill was in connection with the information that she furnished the President containing Joseph Curran's allegations of racketeering on the New York waterfront, especially in view of the fact that this matter at the time in question was referred by the President to the Attorney General and the FBI. It followed therefore that Mrs. Rosenberg was the woman mentioned in the conversation between Hudson and Merrill.

Lewis Merrill was definitely interested in the freeing of Earl Browder from prison. In view of this it also appeared that Mrs. Rosenberg was interested in the freeing of Earl Browder and that she took this particular matter to President Roosevelt personally.

ACTIVITIES:

PRIOR TO 1942

The "Washington Times Herald" in June, 1938, reported that Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director, Social Security Board, had been named by President Roosevelt as a member of the Committee to Study and Report on Labor Relations in Great Britain and Sweden. (61-7559-2893X6)

Records of the Special Committee of the House of Representatives investigating possible misuse of Congressional Appropriations by the National Labor Relations Board in 1939 reflected that Anna Rosenberg of the Social Security Board in New York was considered as a possible witness before the Senate Committee on Education and Labor.

(62-57219-8, page 49) ✓

An item of evidence brought before the House Committee mentioned above reflected a letter from Nathan Witt to Chairman J. Warren Madden of the NLRB, Washington, D. C. The letter stated that Witt suggested Madden contact Anna Rosenberg as a prospective witness "on the legislation."

(62-57219-5) ✓

The "New York Times", August 2, 1940, carried an article entitled "Governor Creates a Defense Council for State Speed-up". The article, in substance, reports that Governor Lehman appointed a State Council of National Defense to advise him on all matters pertaining to the national preparedness program as applied to the state of New York. The members of the Council included not only the Governor and the Lieutenant Governor, but Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director of the Social Security Board, as well as numerous other heads of industrial organizations and labor groups.

(66-5424-1-A)

Mrs. Yolandi A. Foti, cousin of Mrs. Anna M. Rosenberg, was the subject of a Bureau Internal Security - G case. In 1940, shortly after her arrival from Hungary, she was alleged to have asked questions about the United States Submarine Base and the Electric Boat Company in Groton, Connecticut. Investigation disclosed no subversive activities on the part of Mrs. Foti. Mrs. Rosenberg testified on behalf of Mrs. Foti before Interdepartmental Visa Review Committees in 1942 and 1944.

(100-5746)

(40-6517) ✓

An article in the "Daily Worker" for September 24, 1941, entitled "Transit Union Convention to Open Today", explains that a third biennial convention of the Transport Workers Union of America - CIO was being held from September 24 through September 27, with Michael J. Quill,

International President, presiding. Among the various speakers to appear before the convention was Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director, Social Security Board. (61-7562-A)

1942

A memorandum of the Honorable Oscar Cox, Assistant Solicitor General, dated April 17, 1942, and directed to the Attorney General, contained information furnished by a Mr. Connelly, one of the industry representatives on the War Labor Board. Connelly advised that on an unstated date a Mr. Anderson, President of the aluminum company (not otherwise identified), informed Connelly that he had been approached by a man named Fenton who said, "The only way to get anywhere with the War Labor Board is to make things right with Anna Rosenberg, Bert Zorn and Connelly. If you retain me as counsel, I'll be able to arrange it so that they are taken care of." (62-67513-2, p. 3)

N. M. Anderson of the Aluminum Company of America advised Agents in August, 1942, that Fenton was Edward Fenton of New York City. He said that he had never been approached by Fenton concerning solicitation of business from the Aluminum Company of America and that the only time he had talked with Fenton was sometime in March or April, 1942, in Washington, D.C., when Fenton inquired of Anderson concerning some labor trouble in the Ohio plants. Anderson advised that he knew Anna Rosenberg by reputation only. (62-67513-3)

A highly confidential source revealed that in June, 1942, Virginia Foster Durr, an official of the National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax, and wife of Clifford Durr, former Commissioner of Federal Communications Commission, addressed a letter to Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Social Security Board, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City, in which Mrs. Rosenberg was thanked for her kindness and helpful suggestions on the matter of poll tax repeal. It was indicated that Mrs. Durr intended to see Senator Wagner pursuant to suggestions made by Mrs. Rosenberg.

(Material in files of the National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax; 62-67571-30, p. 80)

An article appearing in the "P. M." newspaper, dated July 3, 1942, entitled "New Rules Crack Down on U. S. E. S. Discrimination", reflects that Mrs. Anna Rosenberg took over the direction of the U. S. Employment Service on January 1, 1942, and announced at that time that there would be no discrimination in connection with employment.

This article reflected that in a sharply worded note to the U. S. Employment Service staff, Mrs. Rosenberg warned that there would be no misunderstanding of her ban on bias against minority groups. She declared that any future violations of this kind would be interpreted as "willful". The article continued, stating that as late as June 10, 1942, "P. M." learned that the U. S. Employment Service had distributed to its branches a circular asking for white men only to distribute phone books. (77-27729-X3)

Julius Joseph Joseph is a subject of the Gregory Case. On an application for Federal employment dated July 23, 1942, Joseph listed Anna M. Rosenberg, Regional Director, Social Security Board, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City, as a reference. *page 2*

Joseph, on his application dated June, 1945, at United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration had the name of Anna M. Rosenberg as a reference. (65-56402-1448, page 33) ✓

The United Seamen's Services, Inc., a non-profit corporation chartered under the laws of New York State, listed the name of Anna M. Rosenberg among the various trustees of the corporation in 1942. Other trustees included representatives of Government, maritime labor unions, shipbuilding industries and ship operators. The corporation had for its purpose to provide health and recreational facilities in hotels where needed by merchant seamen. Investigation by the FBI in 1943 revealed indications that Communists were endeavoring to infiltrate the United Seamen's Services, Inc. by placing Communists in key positions. James Drury, Port Agent for the National Maritime Union and member of the organization, endeavored to direct Communists into the United Seamen's Services, Inc.

(Marjorie Sidney, Personnel Director, United Seamen's Services, New York 100-138377-25)

The "Daily Worker" for September 21, 1942, reported that Lieutenant Governor Charles Poletti of New York joined labor leaders in calling for a second front the previous Saturday night at a farewell party for Daniel Allen, New York District Secretary-Treasurer of the State, County and Municipal Workers - CIO, who was to be inducted into the U. S. Army in a few days. Among the individuals present at the "send-off" for Allen were Regional Manpower Director Anna Rosenberg and many others. (100-33684-4)

The "Daily Worker" for October 6, 1942, noted that the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People commended Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director of the New York War Manpower Commission, for refusal to furnish labor to the Kaiser Shipyards in Oregon because Local No. 72 of the A. F. of L. Metal Trades Department at Portland was reputedly discriminating against Negroes. (100-135-A)

On October 12, 1942, Confidential Informant [] advised that President Philip Murray, of the CIO, had aided in the ouster of Sidney Hillman from the War Manpower setup by cooperating with Anna Rosenberg and others in the pressure move on the President which finally resulted in the naming of an unknown individual named Wendell Lund as Labor Chief of the War Production Board. (100-70071-50)

On December 17, 1942 Victor Winegarten (Assistant Publicity Director of the N.M.U.) conferred with an unidentified woman and suggested that Anna Rosenberg contact Wallace (believed to be Vice-President Wallace) and solicit his appearance as speaker at a reception for

Captain Hugh Mulzac and his crew. Mulzac was, at the time, the only negro Captain of a U.S. Merchant Ship. [REDACTED]; 100-142557-9)

Confidential Informant [REDACTED] advised that Anna Rosenberg did not attend the Mulzac dinner on January 12, 1943.

(100-12304-31 p2

100-15139-9 p2)

"New Masses" (a Communist Periodical) for December 8, 1942 contains an article by Anna M. Rosenberg, N.Y. Regional Director, War Manpower Commission. In substance, the article dealt with the part that women were playing in the war effort. She said that women have become adept at handling machinery, they have earned a place in the labor market and have broken down the skepticism and reluctance of employers.

She concluded her article by stating that the American woman believes, and is, helping to preserve the American family by her contribution to eventual victory. (77-27729-A)

1943

The New York newspaper, "PM", of January 4, 1943, reported that the American Theatre Wing, Merchant Seamen's Club, New York, was being opened that day. Among the individuals scheduled to participate in the dedication ceremonies were Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Mayor LaGuardia and Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission. (100-138377-A)

The "Daily Worker" for January 21 and January 23, 1943, reported that a Protest Meeting against the cancellation by War Manpower Commissioner, Paul V. McNutt, of the public hearings on employment discriminations in the railroad industry was being called by the Negro Labor Victory Committee and People's Committee of Greater New York for Monday, January 25, 1943. Telegrams of invitation were sent to Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director, War Manpower Commission, and others. The Negro Labor Victory Committee was declared by the U. S. Attorney General to be a Communist organization.

(100-135-A and 101)

On January 26, 1943, Joseph Curran of the National Maritime Union and one Marguerite Young, who is believed to be a writer, conferred regarding the manner in which Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission, conducted her business affairs. Curran was very complimentary regarding the manner in which Mrs. Rosenberg conducted affairs with the War Manpower Commission and noted that she insisted upon having both labor and management representatives on the Committee who were fair-minded and would not let their opposition to the other party influence their decisions. [REDACTED]; 100-120818-589) ✓

On February 8, 1943, Saul Mills, Secretary-Treasurer of the Greater New York Industrial Union Council, CIO, advised Joseph Curran that he saw Anna Rosenberg on the previous Saturday and she suggested

that Mills come over with Curran if Curran wanted to ask questions about the manpower problem. ([redacted]; 100-120818-655) ✓

On February 25, 1943, Mrs. Hall, who was then connected with the office of Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission, advised Frederick Nelson Myers, official of the National Maritime Union, and a known Communist that Mrs. Rosenberg had checked a deferment of Fred Wright, cartoonist of the "Pilot", official NMU publication, with Selective Service Headquarters. She determined at that time that Wright's appeal had been denied due to the fact that no newspaper cartoonists were being deferred. ([redacted]; 100-120818-713 p.9) ✓

On April 6, 1943, an unknown individual named Bill advised Andree Emery, who was later an active Communist Party member in the Pittsburgh area and in 1947 Membership Director of District 5 of the Communist Party, that the "Survey of Foreign Experts was located in the same building where your friend, Anna Rosenberg, holds forth, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City." ([redacted]; 100-3815-12)

On April 30, 1943, an unidentified man, believed to be Edwin S. Smith, told Roy Bannerman Hudson, then National Communist Party functionary, that he, Smith, had been ordered for induction into the armed services and was endeavoring to have someone intercede for him with President Roosevelt. It appeared that Smith was going to request Anna Rosenberg to speak with the President, presumably regarding his draft status. On June 4, 1943, Hudson told Frederick N. Myers, Vice-President of the National Maritime Union of America, that he, Myers, "could even speak to Anna, you know?" The matter about which Myers was to speak to Anna Rosenberg was not indicated although the Anna was believed to be Anna Rosenberg, National Director of the War Manpower Commission. ([redacted]; [redacted] 100-7602-292) - 258

Victor Weingarten of the National Maritime Union told Harry Weinstock that they were going to get Saul Mills to contact Anna Rosenberg to have her ask Mrs. Roosevelt to send greetings to their rally. The rally referred to was that of the Labor for Victory Demonstration scheduled for May 2, 1943, at the Yankee Stadium in New York City. The rally was sponsored by the United May Day Committee, declared by the Attorney General to be a subversive organization. ([redacted] 100-16912-8)

On May 28, 1943, Thomas Christiansen, of the Pan-American Division of the National Maritime Union, and Abner Green, of the American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born, discussed the way in which Chinese seamen were being treated. Christiansen suggested that Green might approach Anna Rosenberg from a political point of view in this matter, pointing out that the New Dealers were going to lose out in "that whole territory there". The American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born was declared by the U. S. Attorney General to be a Communist Organization. ([redacted]; 65-30428-125) ✓

A Negro Labor Victory Committee Rally was held on June 7, 1943, at Madison Square Garden in New York. The Chairman of the Rally, Dr. Channing Tobias, read acknowledgments of messages received from various persons, including Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director, War Manpower Commission. The Negro Labor Victory Committee was declared by the Attorney General to be a Communist organization. ✓

(Physical Surveillance - 100-109061-33, p. 7)

A stenographic notebook covering the period from June to November, 1943, contained, for the most part, correspondence from Eugene Konecky, Managing Editor of "Fraternal Outlook", a publication of the International Workers Order. Transcription of one of the letters in the notebook indicates a letter was sent to Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, War Manpower Commission, New York, enclosing a copy of the September issue of "Fraternal Outlook". This letter invites Mrs. Rosenberg to prepare an article on the role of women in the war. The letter concluded as follows: "We believe that such an article, coming to the attention of our 160,000 members and many thousands of non-members, will be a contribution to the war effort. Please let us know your decision. With appreciation for your many past courtesies, Fraternally yours". The IWO was declared by the U. S. Attorney General to be a Communist organization. (Highly Confidential Source - [redacted] p. 70)

An item in the September 14, 1943 issue of "New Masses", a Communist periodical, stated that when the President's (President Roosevelt's) labor policy was attacked, such names as Sidney Hillman and Anna Rosenberg were singled out. The article stated that it was an ancient device so well known to the fancier purveyors of Hitler's Jew-hatred. (100-26912-A)

On September 30, 1943, Saul Mills, Executive Secretary-Treasurer, Greater New York Industrial Union Council - CIO, and Leo Huberman, Public Relations man, National Maritime Union, discussed Curran's difficulty with the Selective Service Board. Mills said that the resolutions they had submitted to the War Manpower Commission did not go through and he further said that Anna (possibly Anna Rosenberg), Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission, was at the meeting Mills had with the War Manpower Board. He said that Anna was of the belief that a little fire should be built under Phil (ph), and a few others in Washington. She told Mills that she had already spoken to the President, to Rose (ph), and a couple of others. Huberman suggested that Anna might write a letter to the President in the matter and Mills said that he would contact her right away in that connection.

([redacted] 100-116363-10)

On September 30, 1943, Leo Huberman, National Maritime Union, and Saul Mills, of the Greater New York Industrial Union Council, Executive Secretary-Treasurer and known member of the Communist Political Association, educated by the Party for trade union work, discussed Joseph Curran's draft status. During the discussion, it was stated that they would attempt to secure the assistance of Admiral Emory Land and Edward Macauley, hoping that President Roosevelt would in that way

be able to say that he was granting a deferment at their request and by their guidance, and thus pass the buck to them.

() 100-11636-13)

On October 8, 1943, Leo Huberman of the National Maritime Union asked Saul Mills of the Greater New York Industrial Union Council what happened on the War Manpower resolution. Mills answered that it didn't do through. Anna (believed to be Anna Rosenberg) was there and she expressed herself very vehemently. She apparently raised the question as to whether the N. M. U. had any right to censure the Selective Service Director. Rosenberg was very much concerned about the problem of the members of the National Maritime Union being taken into the service. Mills said that Rosenberg should, in his opinion, build a fire under Phil (Murray, head of CIO) and a few other people in Washington. Huberman suggested a letter from Rosenberg to President Roosevelt. According to Mills, Rosenberg had already spoken with the President. Huberman stated that she should personally send the letter and that it would then be in writing. Mills said that he would try to get in touch with her right away to have her write the letter.

() 100-120818-1279)

Among the numerous speakers at the New York State Convention of the Greater Buffalo Industrial Union Council - CIO, which organization was largely controlled by the Communist Party as of 1943, was an A. M. Rosenberg, Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission. This convention was held on October 29 and 30, 1943. Numerous high Army and Navy officials, as well as prominent public figures headed by Governor Dewey, addressed the convention at the Statler Hotel.

(100-6208-A; 100-3-6-135)

The Hungarian-American Council for Democracy with headquarters at 545 - 5th Avenue, New York, scheduled a meeting for December 5, 1943, at the Pythian in New York City. Scheduled speakers, according to announcements emanating from the organization, included Anna Rosenberg, Julius Emspak, Congressman Cellar, and Councilman Isaacs.

(Unidentified informant
100-228468-8)

See pg 28

1944

On February 1, 1944, [] advised that Joseph Curran, President of the National Maritime Union, conferred with Saul Mills of the Greater New York Industrial Union Council, at which time they discussed the CIO Meeting in Washington, D. C.; Curran stating that he and Harry Bridges fought together on the issues and that Philip Murray "slayed" Bridges on a personal basis. Curran said that they were criticized for taking a position on the fourth term in advance of the National CIO action and that the CIO Council was attacked for taking the position on the National Service Act. Mills said that he spoke to Anna Rosenberg and that she said that the President was delighted that "we are sticking to our guns on this." Curran said that some things had to be brought back to the White House and that Rosenberg was the one to do it. Mills referred to Victor Reisel's column in the New York Post of February 1, 1944, in which there was reported a verbatim conversation between the President and Philip Murray. The President was quoted as saying that he did not expect to get a fair Tax Bill or satisfactory Subsidy Bill and that he would sign a National Service Bill and Anti-Strike Bill. [] later advised that Curran told Anna Rosenberg about Reisel's column, stating that it presented the matter in the exact way it was put before the Executive Board. Curran said that these things had to be brought back to the President because it was on that basis that Harry Bridges and Curran "got our heads hammered off." Curran said that it was a serious thing and that he should be told about it. Rosenberg said that she would get it and see that it got to the President. Rosenberg further stated that she felt that Murray made a mistake. (100-120818-1471) ✓

The "Daily Worker" for February 23, 1944, reported that President Roosevelt had directed War Mobilization Director, James F. Byrnes, to set up administrations for Veterans' Reemployment and Surplus War Property. Simultaneously with publication of the President's letter, Byrnes announced the appointment of Frank T. Hines, head of the Veterans Administration to the additional post of Retraining and Reemployment Director. Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Regional War Manpower Director of the New York Area, was offered the post of Assistant to Hines. (62-72221-A). ✓

The magazine "Time" for March 6, 1944, reported that Anna Rosenberg accepted the position of Chief Assistant to Brigadier General Frank T. Hines, the new Director of Retraining and Reemployment. The article continued that she achieved fame as an expert on labor relations and in her position of Regional War Manpower Commissioner. A footnote to the article stated as follows: "when she, Rosenberg, was New York State's Social Security Director in 1942, Congress dug up the fact that besides her \$7500.00 Government salary

she was drawing \$28,000.00 for advising R. H. Macy, I. Miller and Nelson Rockefeller (in his private capacity). She cut short Congressional objections by proving that she got all this private income in return for six Macy-Bamberger visits on Saturday afternoons, three I. Miller meetings (two of them at lunch) and occasional after-hour calls on Rockefeller." (94-3-4-11-444). ✓

In April, 1944, Mr. Herbert G. Warner, Special Service Department, Carson, Pirie, Scott and Co., Chicago, advised that Francis Heisler, Leonard Levy and Samuel Wolchok frequently contacted Anna Rosenberg of New York and Washington about matters connected with their problems. He said that they were very friendly with her and talked about her as one would about his best friend or fellow lodge member. He said they went to her whenever they wanted favors of such a nature that her influence might be of assistance. According to Warner, the three mentioned persons were active members of the Trotskyite Party and Levy and Wolchok were officials in the United Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Employees of America - CIO.

Levy contacted Anna Rosenberg on April 20, 1944, while a strike of Local No. 20, United Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Employees of America, was in progress at the Chicago properties of Montgomery Ward and Company, and sought her influence toward having President Roosevelt intercede in the strike. The strike was terminated on April 24, 1944 and the Government seized the Chicago properties of Montgomery Ward and Company on April 27, 1944.

(100-71037-12, p. 1, 8
100-47298-21)

The "Daily Worker" of June 9, 1944, reported that Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director, War Manpower Commission, was scheduled as a speaker at the Social Security Conference called by the New York C. I. O. on Saturday, June 10, 1944. The conference was to plan a coordinated campaign for education and action on the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill to safeguard and protect the health and welfare of the people of America.

(100-33049-34-A)

On July 13, 1944, Frederick Nelson Myers, Vice President of the National Maritime Union, and Captain Edward Macauley of Washington, D. C. discussed the new agreement between ship owners and the National Maritime Union. There was indication that the ship owners were endeavoring to reopen negotiations and it was felt that this should be brought to the attention of the White House. Myers indicated the possibility that Anna Rosenberg could be contacted in this regard. () 100-120818-1642) ✓

An individual believed to be Frank Pollatsek of the War Shipping Administration, an alleged Communist Party member, on September 27, 1944, told Frederick Nelson Myers, Vice President of the National Maritime Union, that they tried to get Rosenberg (believed to be Anna M. Rosenberg) behind the shipping schedule inasmuch as the Army was alleged to have held seamen ashore 90 and 100 days. Pollatsek was of the opinion that Rosenberg was "all fouled up in this Social Democratic thing". Myers indicated that Rosenberg was not too bad and that he would contact Craig Vincent of the War Shipping Administration, New York City, to get in touch with Rosenberg. [redacted] 101-6297-5)

Frank Pollatsek of the War Shipping Administration, on October 23, 1944, told Bella Dodd, then Legislative Director of the Communist Political Association of New York State, that he had called Lillian (believed to be Lillian Poses, Assistant of Anna Rosenberg) and she started right in with her stalling tactics. Pollatsek told Poses that he could not be sure that he could control those groups from "pulling the stops out" and that he wasn't sure it was the right thing. He suggested that a "little heat" on those people on top would show them the importance of that vote. Pollatsek stated he could hear Anna (probably Rosenberg) coaching Poses in the background, and that Rosenberg finally grabbed the telephone from Poses, bawled her out, and then told Pollatsek that nothing would happen. She indicated that he would not be dismissed. He stated he told Rosenberg that she was not his boss. [redacted] 101-6297-9)

Milton Elmo Levison, an Organizer for the State, County and Municipal Workers of America - CIO, on November 29, 1944, told Sam Coleman, President of the Niagara Frontier Committee of the Communist Political Association that Hugh Thompson, Regional Director of the C. I. O. in Buffalo, was worried about the importation of Jamaicans to relieve an acute labor shortage in the Buffalo area. Levison remarked that Anna Rosenberg had delivered an ultimatum to Thompson that the C. I. O. accept the Jamaicans or she would cancel Chevrolet's new contract. Levison remarked that Rosenberg's plan showed that she was Hitler's best helper.

[redacted] 100-84498-31, p. 14
100-38110-5, p. 4)

Edward Haviland Lawson, Jr., Fair Employment Practices Committee, was a subject of a Bureau Internal Security - Hatch Act Case in 1944. Records at the Civil Service Commission reflected that Lawson, on one application form, set forth the name of Anna M. Rosenberg, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, New York, Regional Director, War Manpower Commission, as a reference. The above referred to Hatch Act investigation failed to identify Lawson as a member of the Communist Party or Communist Political Association.

(100-177942-11 page 3)

1945-1949

Sam Coleman, President of the Niagara Frontier Committee, Communist Political Association, asked Hugh Thompson, Regional Director, C. I. O., on January 25, 1945, if he knew of a job for a girl whose husband was in the service. Coleman suggested that he speak to Anna Rosenberg and ask her whether she had any idea. (The girl described in the conversation is believed to be Maia James, former Organizational and Administrative Secretary of the Niagara Frontier Committee, C. P. A., who had just been discharged by the C. P. A. in Buffalo.)

Following this conversation, Coleman told Clara Lester, Organizational and Administrative Secretary of the Niagara Frontier Committee, C. P. A., that Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission, would be in town the following day to "raise Cain" about the manpower situation. Coleman said he was going to have Mrs. James see her about a job. He further stated that he realized it was a politically bad move but he was anxious to get rid of Mrs. James. Coleman continued by stating that he used to work for Anna and that she was "very terrific" and once offered him a \$10,000 job in Washington.

On January 26, 1945, Sam Coleman asked Hugh Thompson if Mrs. Rosenberg had arrived. He said that her train was late and that he had a meeting scheduled for 3:30 P. M. He indicated that he would attend the meeting but that he did not know what to do with Anna since she was getting to be a "pain in the neck". Thompson added that he thought it would be a good idea for Rosenberg to talk with the girl directly in order that she might learn from the girl of the lack of opportunity in Buffalo for women in war work. Coleman said that the girl could be reached at any place Thompson desired and when Thompson asked for her name, Coleman replied, "Maia James, but I'll have to take the call at U. E." Later Coleman advised Mrs. James that Mrs. Rosenberg would call her at 4:00 P. M. that day and suggested that she be at the office of the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America to receive the call.

[] 100-3-6-859, 945

100-257770-40, p. 29

100-38110-7, p. 2

100-26912-668, p. 40)

On January 27, 1945, Sam Coleman, head of the Niagara Frontier Committee of the Communist Political Association, was at a meeting of various labor representatives from the Buffalo area. Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission, was also present. Hugh Thompson, C. I. O. Regional Director, was made a fool of, mainly by himself, with the aid and assistance of Anna Rosenberg and an individual named Lyle Gordnier.

([] 100-26912-668, p. 39)

The National Urban League, the most conservative Negro membership organization in the United States, observed the "Vocational Opportunity Campaign Week" from March 11 through March 18, 1945. At a meeting of this organization held on March 13, Anna Rosenberg, War Manpower Commission, and other notables spoke.

(Weekly Intelligence Summary, Army Service Forces, New York City 100-7660-2787)

Mary Ella Visono Bodd, in 1945 Director of the Legislative Committee of the New York State Communist Political Association and whose husband, "Red" Mosher, was reportedly a Communist of twelve years standing, advised that she was very much concerned with the fact that Frank Pollatsek of the War Shipping Administration in New York City was under fire by Anna Rosenberg of the War Manpower Commission. She intended to have Joe Sully of the American Communications Association and Joe Curran of the National Maritime Union speak to Anna Rosenberg on that matter in order to show her that these unions were supporting Pollatsek; however, Bodd's efforts failed because Pollatsek was subsequently dismissed from the War Shipping Administration. ([REDACTED] 100-8951-15)

The "Washington Times Herald" of September 24, 1946, carried an article by George E. Sokolsky entitled "These Days". In this article appears the following:

"Roosevelt was brilliantly astute in using men and placating their differences and annoyances. In handling the Left Wing element he employed Sidney Hillman, an unusually competent manipulator, and David Niles, a smooth compromiser. Before them, he had Felix Frankfurter, who was wiser than Roosevelt; Donald Richberg, who turned Right Winger; and Anna Rosenberg, who became an industrial relations counsel." (94-4-6837-A)

On February 25, 1947, Irving Kaplan, subject in the Nathan Gregory Silvermaster case, was in contact with one V. Lewis Passie. They discussed appointments to a board, which was not further identified, and discussed the advisability of Arthur Mayer, New York State labor mediator, who seemed to be agreeable to them, to serve on this unidentified board. There was a question in their minds, however, as to whether Murray Latimer, who headed the "Guaranteed Annual Wage Survey", should discuss the matter with Arthur Mayer, inasmuch as these parties believed that Mayer would immediately talk to Lee Pressman, "which is O. K.", and with Anna Rosenberg. Kaplan stated, "She has less on the ball than any Fannie Perkins has, and she likes to be a busybody and would spread it around." ([REDACTED] 65-56402-2326, p. 4, 81) ✓

The "Washington Post" for June 13, 1947, carried a column by Ernest Lindley which noted that Anna M. Rosenberg, one of President Roosevelt's valuable behind-the-scene aids, especially in the handling of various labor relations problems, was a member of President Truman's Advisory Commission on Universal Training which urged universal military training by a unanimous vote. (62-82-718-A) ✓

82718

On June 14, 1947, Lee Pressman, General Counsel for the CIO and an alleged Communist, advised Nathan Witt that "now, we call Anna Rosenberg to get her to get (Bernard) Baruch so that Baruch would get Jimmy Byrnes together with Phil (Murray, Head of the CIO) because of the influence that Jimmy (Byrnes) might have on some of these Southern guys." It is believed the above information referred to the CIO's stand on the Taft-Hartley Bill.

[REDACTED]
100-11820-328

The "Union Voice", official publication of several New York locals of the Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union - CIO, including Local 1-S at R. H. Macy Company in New York in its issue of January 18, 1948, disclosed that Mrs. Anna Rosenberg was Labor Relations Advisor to Macy's. This was the first publicity noted concerning the person named to head a drive to combat union activities in the R. H. Macy Company.

100-36491-301

On March 19, 1949, an individual named [REDACTED] Crockett asked Harlow Shapley of the National Council of Arts, Sciences, and Professions how to reach Anna Rosenberg in New York City. Shapley replied that Rosenberg was on the New York City School Committee and could best be reached through Mrs. I. Weinstein, better known as Hannah Dorner, in New York City. The National Council of Arts, Sciences, and Professions is the organization which sponsored the Cultural and Scientific Council for World Peace held in New York City in March, 1949. It has been cited as a Communist-Front by the House Un-American Activities Committee.

[REDACTED]
100-356137-94, page 3

On April 8, 1949, Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, advised the American Embassy in Paris, France, that the State Department was favorably impressed with the project for a Paris meeting of anti-Stalinists to protest the World Congress Partisans Peace. The State Department was anxious to know what Americans would receive invitations to the meeting in order for the State Department to discreetly express to those individuals the State Department's strong interest in its approval of the project. The Secretary of State mentioned in addition to the individuals to whom invitations had been issued such personalities as Norman Cousins, Leon Henderson, Anna Rosenberg, and others could be included.

State Department telegram
100-361031-34

In about November, 1949, Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, a prominent public figure in New York, turned over to the Army a letter received by her from Mrs. Elizabeth Moos of Boston, Massachusetts, which forwarded a purported letter from a Russian mother directed to American women. The purported letter reflected the story of a Russian mother whose tragic experiences in war time impelled her to write to Mrs. Moos, an American mother, to ask what the women in the United States are doing to prevent another World War.

MID New York City
100-307268-17

Individuals named Anna Rosenberg have allegedly been connected with the International Workers Order and other cited organizations, however on the basis of information available, it is impossible to establish whether or not they are identical with the subject of this memorandum.

61-7341-34-613
61-7582-1298 pages 660, 1786, 1792
65-57809-15 page 19
61-7341-34-364 page 592
61-7341-34-406 page 25

NEW YORK 18 FROM WASH DC 8 44-PM
SAC, URGENT

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. REURFILE ONE TWO SIX DASH TWO FIVE THREE. A REVIEW OF URREP INDICATES FOLLOWING INVESTIGATION DESIRABLE. INTERVIEW APPROPRIATE PERSONS I. MILLER SHOE COMPANY, NELSON ROCKEFELLER AND ANY OTHER EMPLOYERS DEVELOPED THROUGH THESE SOURCES. INTERVIEW A REPRESENTATIVE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO SERVED ON A REPRESENTATIVE NUMBER OF THE VARIOUS COMMITTEE, COUNCILS, BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS WITH ROSENBERG TO SECURE THE COMMENTS OF THESE BUSINESS ASSOCIATES. COPY OF PSQ FURNISHED YOU REFLECTS BIRTH JULY NINETEEN, NINETEEN TWO, AT BUDAPEST, HUNGARY. ALSO REFLECTS CLAIM OF DERIVATIVE CITIZENSHIP JUNE SEVENTEEN, NINETEEN SEVENTEEN, SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT, NYC, CERTIFICATE NUMBER SIX FIVE THREE NAUGHT NINE. URREP REFLECTS INS FILES NEGATIVE BUT FAILS TO INDICATE ANY INQUIRY MADE AT SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT. HANDLE. ROSENBERG HAS LISTED BIRTH DATE VARIOUSLY AS EIGHTEEN NINETY NINE, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETEEN TWO. THIS COULD AFFECT HER DERIVATIVE CITIZENSHIP STATUS. ENDEAVOR TO DETERMINE EXACT BIRTH DATE FROM ENTRY PAPERS OF FATHER AND SET FORTH CITIZENSHIP STATUS FULLY. REURTEL BUFFALO, SIXTH, INSTANT, CAPTIONED IRVING BEREZIN, NSRB, WHO IS ROSENBERG-S ASSISTANT. SET FORTH IN ROSENBERG CASE BRIEF DATA CONCERNING HIS BACKGROUND AND AFFILIATIONS AS WELL AS ASSOCIATION WITH ROSENBERG. CONDUCT ADDITIONAL INVESTIGATION INDICATED AND RESUBMIT REPORT IMMEDIATELY THEREAFTER.

HOOVER

#444496 11/20/01
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/20/01 BY SP2 ALMKR

END

ACK PLS

W R18 NY DW

END

ACK PLS

CORRECTION PLS THIRD LINE FROM BOTOM THE SIXTH WORD SHOULD BE "AFFILIATIONS
XXX " AFFILIATIONS "

END

ACK PLS "AFFILIATIONS "

MR. TOLSON

August 30, 1950

Mr. S. J. Tracy

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG
NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD
MANPOWER REPRESENTATIVE

I was advised in the strictest confidence that Anna Marie Rosenberg was seeking to be designated as representing labor on the National Security Resources Board and that she stated she could handle [redacted] very easily.

[redacted] objected to her appointment. He does not particularly care for the designation of [redacted] which would indicate that Mrs. Rosenberg is on close personal terms with him when such is not fact.

The above information was given to me very confidentially by [redacted]

77-27729

126-4861 ✓

SJT:edm

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

126-4861-✓
6. SEP 6 1950

ORIGINAL COPY FILED

New York, New York
9/13/50

51986

ALBANY.....DEFERRED

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG DASH FOUR EIGHT SEVEN, NEE LEDERER, SI, NSRB, REURFILE
CONTACT RICHARD BROCKWAY, DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PLACEMENT AND
INSURANCE, WHO REPORTEDLY KNOWS ANNA ROSENBERG, AND HER ASSISTANT IRVING BEREZIN,
ALSO A NSRB APPLICANT. ROSENBERG REPORTEDLY WAS ASSOCIATED WITH BROCKWAY WHEN
SHE WAS REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF THE WAR MANPOWER COMMISSION. SEE MYTEL
THIS DATE RE IRVING BEREZIN, NSRB APPLICANT.

SCHEIDT

cc: Bureau

LBF:JAR (#11)

126-253

126-486- ✓
SEP 13 1950

50

NY
SEP 14, 1950

RICHMOND.....URGENT

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG DASH FOUR EIGHT SEVEN, NEE LEDERER. SI NSRB.
REEUFILE ONE TWENTYSIX DASH FOUR EIGHT SIX AND BULET AUGUST TWENTY THIRD LAST.
SEE MY TEL THIS DATE RE IRVING BEREZIN, NSRB. LOCATE AND INTERVIEW BERNARD
DAVIS THROUGH HIS ESTRANGED WIFE AT ONE FIVE ONE EIGHT WESTWOOD AVENUE,
RICHMOND, VA., TELEPHONE, RICHMOND, VA., FOUR DASH FIVE NAUGHT FIVE SIX.
DAVIS FORMERLY EMPLOYED UNDER ANNA ROSENBERG IN WAR MANPOWER COMMISSION IN
NYC IN EARLY FORTIES AND SUBSEQUENTLY IN HER PRIVATE LABOR AND PUBLIC
RELATIONS CONSULTING BUSINESS IN NYC. DAVIS BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN DISCHARGED
FROM ROSENBERG'S FIRM TO MAKE ROOM FOR HER SON IN THE FIRM. ANNA ROSENBERG
WAS FORMERLY THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF THE WAR MANPOWER COMMISSION IN NY STATE.
SHE WAS A CLOSE ADVISOR TO THE LATE PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND IS A CLOSE FRIEND
OF MANY HIGH GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS. HER ASSISTANT, IRVING BEREZIN, ALSO
KNOWN TO DAVIS, HAS REGISTERED ALP. DEADLINE PAST.

SCHEIDT

cc: Bureau ✓

LBF:mtm (#11)
126-253

126-486 ✓

50

51

FBI, RICHMOND

9-19-50

TIME

NSH

SAC, NEW YORK

URGENT

ANN MARIE ROSENBERG DASH FOUR EIGHT SEVEN, NEE LEDERER. CI NSRD.
REBUFILE ONE T ENTYSIX DASH FOUR EIGHT SIX AND BULET AUGUST TWENTY
THIRD LAST. REURTEL SEPTEMBER FOURTEEN LAST. MRS. BETTY DAVIS, FIFTEEN
EIGHTEEN WESTWOOD AVE., RICHMOND, VA., ESTRANGED WIFE OF BERNARD
DAVIS, ADVISES THAT HE MAY BE CONTACTED AT EXECUTIVE JOB COUNSELLORS,
THREE SIXTYFIVE MADISON AVENUE, NYC, OR AT RESIDENCE ADDRESS, TWO
TWENTYFOUR WEST ELEVENTH STREET, NYC. MRS. DAVIS STATES THAT HE WAS
WITH SOME GOVERNMENT AGENCY PRIOR TO ENTERING MILITARY SERVICE
SEPTEMBER, NINETEEN FORTYTWO BUT TO HER KNOWLEDGE HE HAS NEVER BEEN
EMPLOYED BY ANNA ROSENBERG IN HER PRIVATE LABOR AND PUBLIC RELATION
CONSULTING BUSINESS IN NYC. RUC.

AUERBACH

END

LM:NSH
126-102

Bureau (by mail)

1126-486-1
OCT 1950

OCT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

FILE NO. **77-15072**

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE 9-19-50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 8-29;9-1,5,6,8,11-15,18-50	REPORT MADE BY D. F. MC GILLICUDDY, JR. nkt
TITLE ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG - 487, nee Lederer			CHARACTER OF CASE SPECIAL INQUIRY - NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD - APPLICANT
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 30%;"> SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: <div style="font-style: italic; transform: rotate(-45deg); position: absolute; left: -100px; top: 100px;"> copy to ch. 11 9-26-50 </div> </div> <div style="width: 65%;"> <p>Employment as Regional Director, War Manpower Commission, verified. Association with Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, with the Retraining and Re-employment Administration, with the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, with the U. S. National Commission for UNESCO, with the Army and Navy Munitions Board and with the Personnel Policy Board of the Office of Secretary of Defense, verified. Reported former association with President ROOSEVELT'S Labor Victory Board and the Federal Reserve Bank not verified. Former associates report favorably concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG. Passport information reflects travel in 1938 on Government work in connection with Labor Relations. Visa file reflects a visa issued in 1924 to one ANNA ROSENBERG. HCUA file reflects one ANNA ROSENBERG, affiliated with the John Reed Club, signed a statement protesting the "Red Scare" according to New York Times. Also, one ANNA M. ROSENBERG'S name appears in connection with Social Work Today and with the Consumers National Federation. Security Division, State Department not identifiable. CSC no additional pertinent information. Investigations Division, Labor Department, Personnel, not pertinent. Personnel and Security Division, NSRB, contain no additional pertinent information. Credit and criminal, Washington, D. C., no record. G-2 and OSI no record.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">- RUC -</p> </div> </div>			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED <div style="text-align: center;"> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE </div>		DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> COPIES OF THIS REPORT 3-Bureau 1-Washington Field 51 OCT 27 1950 </div> <div style="width: 50%; text-align: center;"> <div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">126-486-4</div> <div style="font-size: 1.2em;">OCT 16 1950</div> </div> <div style="width: 5%; text-align: center;"> RECORDED - 45 INDEXED - 45 </div> </div>	

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WFO-77-15072

REFERENCES:

Bureau file No. 126-486;
Bureau letter dated September 7, 1950;
New York teletype dated September 14, 1950.

DETAILS:

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

EMPLOYMENT

Department of Labor personnel files of Mrs. ANNA M. ROSENBERG reflect she was born July 19, 1902 at Budapest, Hungary, and was appointed a Regional Director in the War Manpower Commission (OEM), New York City, on September 18, 1942, on transfer from the Federal Security Agency, Social Security Board. She resigned September 15, 1945 to return to private industry. Her efficiency rating was listed as excellent and there was no additional pertinent information noted.

The Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion file at the Industrial Records Section, National Archives, reflects ANNA M. ROSENBERG was a member of the Advisory Board to Represent the People, in the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion from December 11, 1944. The above employment was indicated as being without compensation. On September 16, 1945 by Presidential appointment she was again made a member of the Advisory Board at \$37.69 per diem. She was terminated on the completion of the work on May 25, 1947. This latter service was with the Office of Temporary Controls, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion. There was no additional information available in this file.

ASSOCIATIONS

In an attempt to find a record concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG'S membership on the Advisory Committee on Policy, Office of Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs during the period 1941-1946, Mrs. PATRICIA DOWLING, Foreign Affairs Section, National Archives; Mr. F. T. DAY, Personnel Division, Department of State; and Mrs. HELEN BALOG, Foreign Service, Personnel Division, Department of State, were contacted and report no record concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG.

WFO-77-15072

Mr. ROBERT COUCH, Director, Administrative Division, Institute of Inter-American Affairs, advised that a check of his Division was made and there was no employment record as such which would denote Mrs. ROSENBERG as a former employee. He reports he has a vague recollection that a person by the name of ANNA ROSENBERG acted in an advisory capacity for the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs.

From a History of the Office of the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs printed by the United States Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., in 1947, it was noted on page 150 a notation and a chart appear which reflect that ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG was one of four consultants who were designated as the Advisory Committee on Policy. The above history was on file at Mr. COUCH'S office.

In an attempt to verify Mrs. ROSENBERG'S former association with President ROOSEVELT'S Labor Victory Board, the United States Government Manual for 1947 which reflects Government agencies which existed prior to that date and are now defunct was checked and there was no listing of such a Board.

The New York Times indices for 1943, 1944 and 1945 were checked for some reference to President ROOSEVELT'S Labor Victory Board and there was no reference noted.

Mr. NELSON HUDSON, Personnel Office, Department of Labor, made a check of his Section concerning a possible record of Mrs. ROSENBERG'S affiliation with President ROOSEVELT'S Labor Victory Board and could find no record.

Miss JOANN ANDERSON, Secretary to Mr. LAWRENCE CARDWELL, Chief of the Investigations Division and Personnel Administration, Department of Labor, made inquiries in the Labor Department for information concerning President ROOSEVELT'S Labor Victory Board and was unable to secure any information concerning it.

Mrs. MARGARET WOLVERTON, Personnel Division, Federal Reserve Board, checked the personnel files of the Federal Reserve Board as well as the available files of former employees affiliated with the Washington, D. C. and New York City Federal Reserve Bank and reports there was no record available concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG.

WFO-77-15072

Brigadier General FRANK T. HINES, (USA-Retired), Executive Committee Member, Acadia Life Insurance Company, advised that he recalls Mrs. ROSENBERG as a former member of the Conference Committee on Labor when he was Administrator of the Retraining and Re-employment Administration. He reports he had no prior knowledge of her background and had very little personal contact with her. He stated he understands she was an Adviser to President ROOSEVELT and was always well received at the White House. While with the Retraining and Re-employment Administration he stated Mrs. ROSENBERG attended weekly meetings which lasted approximately two or three days. It was his impression that she might have been reimbursed for her expenses in connection with these meetings but reports she was not on the payroll. He stated that he gained the impression that Mrs. ROSENBERG is pretty well regarded as a Labor Expert reporting that she conducts a Labor Consultants Office in New York City at the present time. He suggested Mr. BERNARD BARUCH as a person who is well acquainted with Mrs. ROSENBERG and who would be able to indicate the various committees with which Mrs. ROSENBERG was priorly associated. General HINES had no knowledge of President ROOSEVELT'S Labor Victory Board.

Mrs. AUGUSTA LANDIS, Administrator's Office, Veterans Administration, reports she recalls Mrs. ROSENBERG as an Adviser to General HINES in the Retraining and Re-employment Administration. She recommended the General as the only person who would know Mrs. ROSENBERG. She reports this organization as separate and distinct from the Veterans Administration.

The National Archives Manual reflects that the records for the Retraining and Re-employment Administration would be on file at the Labor Department.

Mr. NELSON HUDSON, Personnel Division, Department of Labor, reports that he could locate no record concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG'S affiliation with the Retraining and Re-employment Administration.

Major General LEWIS B. HERSHEY, Selective Service Headquarters, advised he first met Mrs. ROSENBERG in the Spring of 1942 when she was appointed by President ROOSEVELT to assist in the setting up of the War Manpower Commission. When this commission was organized and functioning Mrs. ROSENBERG was Regional Director in New York City. He reports he had some contact with Mrs. ROSENBERG

during the formation of the War Manpower Commission and because the problems of Selective Service and the War Manpower Commission were mutual he assigned a liaison man to her office in New York City. The General reports he frequently visited Mrs. ROSENBERG'S office in New York City and reports that although she might be described by others as a controversial person he has every confidence in her. In explanation of his remarks, General HERSHEY stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG is a dynamic and a forceful person who has an unusual ability for accomplishing any project undertaken. He reports that during the war years Mrs. ROSENBERG was a close Adviser to President ROOSEVELT and outside the official family he knows of no American woman that had more influence on American policy than Mrs. ROSENBERG. He reports that always she has been regarded as a leading authority on labor and in her position as a Labor Relations Consultant, he feels sure she had contact with persons who might be classified as liberals and left wingers. Because of these factors he stated he believes possibly Mrs. ROSENBERG was resented at times. In any event, General HERSHEY stated at no time has he ever had any reason to dispute Mrs. ROSENBERG'S loyalty. He speculated that Mrs. ROSENBERG, having been born in Hungary, is very familiar with the oppression and depredation that country has undergone because of the Communist influence and he feels sure that she prizes the many opportunities afforded her in the United States.

General HERSHEY reports Mrs. ROSENBERG'S husband was head of one of the local Selective Service Boards in New York and her son was drafted during World War II subsequently graduating from Officers Candidate School. If the opportunity presented itself he stated he would have no hesitancy appointing her as one of his Assistants but believes that her talents far exceed any post he could offer. As far as he is concerned, he stated he regards her as a person of sound character and reputation and he regards her as a woman he would have no hesitancy in recommending for work of a highly confidential nature. He stated that certainly she has handled highly classified information as her positions as Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission; as Regional Director of one of the agencies under the Federal Security Administration; in her prior work with the Army-Navy Munitions Board; and as a member of the Advisory Commission on Universal Military Training.

General HERSHEY had no knowledge of Mrs. ROSENBERG'S association with President ROOSEVELT'S Labor Victory Board indicating no knowledge of such a group. He further reports that Dr. KARL COMPTON of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, former Chairman of

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the President's Commission on Universal Military Training, would know of Mrs. ROSENBERG'S affiliation with that organization.

Mr. MILLAN L. EGERT, Administrative Planning Officer on UNESCO Relations, State Department, advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG acted as an Adviser on UNESCO problems and as a Liaison Agent between the parties to the UNESCO Program during the period September 4, 1946 to April 15, 1950, according to a file in his office.

Mr. SAM HILL, Staff Member, Manpower Office, National Security Resources Board, advised he had limited association with Mrs. ROSENBERG during their mutual assignment to the Army-Navy Munitions Board. He advised he has seen her about five or six times since that time and always on an informal basis. He reports he regards her highly as to her character, reputation and loyalty and would recommend her for a position of confidence and trust with the Government.

Captain WILLIAM J. MARSHALL, Transportation and Petroleum Section, United States Navy, reports that in September, 1947 he was a member of the Army-Navy Munitions Board which dealt with a study of economic and industrial mobilization, both civilian and military. He reports that Mrs. ROSENBERG was elected Chairman of the Manpower Advisory Group and served until January, 1948 at which time the group was taken over by the National Security Resources Board. He recalls that prior to that he had served on the committee of the Retraining and Re-employment Administration and that Mrs. ROSENBERG was also on that committee. As a result of the above association, Captain MARSHALL stated he has learned that Mrs. ROSENBERG is well regarded as an expert on labor problems; that she had been at one time a Labor Adviser to Mr. DEWEY; that she was well known to and highly regarded by Mr. BERNARD M. BARUCH, he understands; and that she is generally regarded as an extremely able woman. He stated that he found her to be an absolutely remarkable woman and although they did not see eye to eye on labor problems he believes she would be an excellent selection for labor relations. He reports that during the war she was a Labor Adviser to President ROOSEVELT and was highly regarded by him. In all her appointments he reports she has had access to highly classified information and at no time to his knowledge has she ever violated the trust and confidence placed in her. He advised that he regards her as a person of sound character and reputation and has no information concerning her which would reflect on her loyalty.

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Mrs. ARDELLA HALLOWAY, Personnel Office, Office of the Secretary of Defense, reports that she has no record concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG'S association with the Army and Navy Munitions Board.

Mrs. KAY BREWINGTON, War Records Division, National Archives, reports no record concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG'S association with the Army and Navy Munitions Board.

Colonel JOHN F. CASSIDY, Assistant to the Director of Staff, Office of the Secretary of Defense, advised that he knows Mrs. ROSENBERG as a very prominent National figure who was a member of the Personnel Policy Board in the Office of the Secretary of Defense. He reports that as a member of this group she attended one meeting which developed into a two day conference. He advised that her attendance there was by invitation and believes she might have been reimbursed for her expenses only. He reports that he is quite certain there would be no official record of her attendance at this meeting. Colonel CASSIDY stated that because he had only limited contact with Mrs. ROSENBERG his association with her was not sufficient to make any comment concerning her character, reputation and loyalty.

AGENCY CHECKS

The files of the Passport Division, Department of State, reflect that ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG was issued Special Passport #5713 on June 21, 1938 at the Department of State for two months travel to England, Germany, Hungary and France. She indicated that the travel was for Government work as an appointed member of the Labor Relations Committee. She reported she was born at Budapest, Hungary on July 19, 1902; that she immigrated to the United States on or about August, 1913; that she had resided continuously in the United States from 1913 to 1938 at New York, New York, and that her permanent residence was 49 East 96th Street, New York City. She identified her father as ALBERT LEDERER, born in Budapest, Hungary and who was then deceased, further reporting that he was naturalized at the Supreme Court of New York on June 7, 1917. She indicated she had had no previous passports; that she was married on October 12, 1919 to JULIUS ROSENBERG who was born at New York City on September 22, 1896, her maiden name being ANNA MARIE LEDERER. She listed her employment as Regional Director, Social Security Board.

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On August 15, 1942, in a letter to the Passport Division, ANNA M. ROSENBERG indicated that she had recently taken a trip to New Brunswick, Canada, and at the Canadian Border she was requested to deliver her passport to the Customs Inspector. She indicated that, "As this was a special passport issued to me when I was appointed by the President in June, 1938 on a special commission to Great Britain and Sweden and as it serves as a means of identification, I would very much appreciate your having it returned to me if it is in accordance with your rules and regulations." A notation appeared that the passport was cancelled before being returned.

On April 22, 1948, New York Series Passport #7173 was issued to ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG for travel to Venezuela to tour the country. In her application she indicated her last passport had been issued August 8, 1944; that she had resided in England from August, 1944 to June 25, 1945; that her occupation was Labor Relations; and she identified her mother as CHARLOTTE BACSKAY LEDERER, born November 22, 1868 at Scarbas, Hungary and naturalized before the Southern District Court of New York on June 7, 1917. Her mother's residence was indicated as Hotel Ten Park Avenue, New York City.

On March 8, 1950 in a passport renewal application ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG indicated she anticipated departing New York City on April 4, 1950 for four weeks travel on business to visit Holland, England, France and Belgium. This passport was renewed valid until March 6, 1952. In a letter from ANNA M. ROSENBERG dated March 6, 1950 she indicated the above listed trip was in the interest of the following clients:

American Inter-Continental Trade and Service
Company (AMITAS)
Encyclopaedia Britannica, Inc.
Encyclopaedia Britannica Films, Inc.
Mr. ALBERT D. LASKER

On August 8, 1944, ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG was issued Passport #6781 for travel to Great Britain and the continent on a Mission for the President of the United States. Her occupation was listed as Regional Director, War Manpower Commission. She indicated she had traveled to England, Sweden and Hungary in July and August, 1938. In this connection it was noted that War Department

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Overseas Travel Orders were issued dated July 26, 1944. It was also noted that a copy of a letter was on file from President FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT requesting Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG, Consultant, Retraining and Re-employment Administration, Office of War Mobilization, to go to the United Kingdom and on the European Continent as his representative to look into the problem of the returning soldier, particularly with reference to the soldier's retraining and working towards his re-employment re-establishment as a civilian. President ROOSEVELT requested that a report be rendered to him in this matter. On September 15, 1944 this passport was amended at London, England to include Newfoundland en route to the United States.

On March 31, 1945 President ROOSEVELT again requested ANNA ROSENBERG to visit the European Theater as his representative for the purpose of bringing her study up to date and reporting to him, according to this file. In an application for revalidation of an official passport dated November 5, 1946 it was requested that Diplomatic Passport #6781 be validated for France and the Soviet Union, including Germany and necessary countries in transit. Her title was shown as member of the United States Delegation, First Session, General Conference, UNESCO, Paris.

On June 15, 1948, PHYLLIS J. ECKHOFF, Secretary to Mrs. ROSENBERG, wrote to Mrs. RUTH SHIPLEY, Chief, Passport Division, indicating that Mrs. ROSENBERG had asked her to write to find out when her visa to Russia expired. She also requested information as to whether the Passport Division was holding Mrs. ROSENBERG'S passport. On July 8, 1948 Mrs. SHIPLEY answered Miss ECKHOFF indicating that the Department had on file Mrs. ROSENBERG'S Diplomatic Passport. It was further indicated "The passport, of course, is valid only for official travel on missions of a diplomatic nature. The Passport does not bear a Soviet Visa although the Passport was made valid for travel to the Soviet Union on November 5, 1946. It is my understanding that Mrs. ROSENBERG was supposed to obtain the Soviet Visa at the Soviet Embassy in Paris." A post script appeared as follows, "p.s. In view of the possibility that Mrs. ROSENBERG may be going abroad not on official business, I am authorizing the Passport Agency, Rockefeller Center, 630 Fifth Avenue, to issue her a regular passport immediately upon her execution of an application therefor."

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It was noted that in this file there was a cross reference to Mrs. ROSENBERG'S father's passport.

The Passport file of ALBERT LEDERER at National Archives reflects he was issued Passport #16493 on April 17, 1920 for travel to Great Britain, Holland, Jugo Slavia, France, Belgium, Czechoslovakia and Rumania in connection with his importing and manufacturing business. In his application he indicated he was born at Budapest, Hungary, May 26, 1866, and that he was naturalized before the Supreme Court of New York on June 7, 1917. There was no additional pertinent information noted.

The Visa file at the National Archives was checked and reflected that on January 5, 1933, the Department of Labor made an inquiry of the State Department concerning the entry number under which ANNA ROSENBERG (not further identified) was issued Non-Quota Immigration Visa #991 by the American Consulate Service, London, England, on August 18, 1924. The American Consulate General's Office at London reported their records reflected no such number since there was no correspondence with the Immigration Service. It was reported Mrs ROSENBERG exhibited a Declaration of Intention and claimed to have resided in New York from 1921 to June, 1924.

The files of the House Committee on Un-American Activities were checked and reflected that one ANNA ROSENBERG, not further identified, signed a statement in the New York Times dated May 19, 1930 in protest of what they called the "Red Scare". It was reported the signers were affiliated with the John Reed Clubs. According to the magazine Social Work Today dated January, 1941, one ANNA M. ROSENBERG, New York City, was listed as having contributed \$5 to Social Work Today. Also, one ANNA M. ROSENBERG was listed as a Social Work Today cooperator in 1941, according to the Social Work Today issue of February, 1942. It was further indicated that one ANNA M. ROSENBERG was a sponsor of the Consumers National Federation as reported in the pamphlet "The People vs. the High Cost of Living" dated December 11-12, 1937.

The files of the House Committee on Un-American Activities identified the John Reed Clubs of the United States as having been "named after the founder of the American Communist Party", as reported in the Special Committee on Un-American Activities report dated March 29, 1944.

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The Social Work Today was identified as a Communist magazine as reflected in the Special Committee on Un-American Activities reports of March 29, 1944.

The Consumers National Federation was cited as a Communist front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities report dated March 29, 1944.

The House Committee on Un-American Activities files contained no further identifying data regarding the above noted items and there were no other identifiable references under the applicant's name.

The records of the Security Division, Department of State, were checked concerning ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG and from information available no identification with the applicant could be made.

The records of the Civil Service Commission, Confidential Investigative files, were checked concerning ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG and there was no additional pertinent information noted concerning her.

The records of the Investigations Division, Office of Personnel Administration, Department of Labor, were reviewed concerning ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG and contained no additional pertinent information.

The National Security Resources Board personnel file was examined concerning ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG and contained no additional pertinent information.

The Security file, National Security Resources Board, was examined and contained no additional pertinent information.

Mr. THOMAS W. CARROLL of the Credit Bureau, Washington, D. C., and Mr. WILLIAM R. STONE, Stone's Mercantile Agency, reflect that a check of their records was made concerning ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG and there was no record.

The records of the Washington, D. C. Police Department, Criminal Investigations Division, were checked concerning ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG and there was no record.

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Captain C. G. LEE, G-2, Department of the Army, and Mr. DANIEL J. CORNWELL, Office of Special Investigations, Department of the Air Force, advised that a check of the records of their respective agencies was made and there was no record concerning ANNA M. ROSENBERG.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

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ADMINISTRATIVE

Reference is made to the report of SA JOHN T. HILSBOS dated January 28, 1947 at New York City titled GREGORY, ESPIONAGE - R, wherein on page 54 it appears that [] determined that ANNA M. ROSENBERG, 1136 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York, is one of the Directors of the Committee for the Nation's Health, 1790 Broadway, New York City, New York. This organization was identified as being engaged in research work.

Reference is made to report of SA STEPHEN A. SMITH dated April 3, 1943 at Washington, D. C., titled National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax, Internal Security - C, wherein on page 80 it is indicated that on June 14, 1942, VIRGINIA FOSTER DURR addressed a letter to Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG, Social Security Board, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City, in which Mrs. ROSENBERG was thanked for her kindness and helpful suggestions on the matter of poll tax repeal. It was indicated that Mrs. DURR intended to see Senator WAGNER pursuant to suggestions made by Mrs. ROSENBERG. This letter bore the typewritten notation UOPWA 27 in the lower left hand corner.

Inasmuch as it was concluded that the above information was not deemed pertinent to this investigation it was not included in the body of this report.

Concerning the check at the Security Division, National Security Resources Board, it was noted that they had caused a check to be made of the CSC and HCUA files. The HCUA information on file at NSRB is the same as is set forth in the body of this report. Concerning the CSC information on file at the Security Division, NSRB, the following information was on file:

"ROSENBERG, ANNA
(no address shown)
(not further identified)

According to information received from a Confidential Source, the above person was a member of the JOHN REED CLUB.

ROSENBERG, JULIUS
(not otherwise identified)

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The Second Civil Service Region Indices reflect the following entry concerning one JULIUS ROSENBERG:

'Communist Party of the U.S.A.
1940 Membership No. 6603
Book
Name: Julius Rosenberg
State: New York Dist. #2
County: New York City: New York
Section: (A.D. or Ward) 8 Branch ??
Issued on: 12/12/39
Seal: Signature of State or Comm. Party
District. Chairman or Secretary and
Party Seal of the U.S.A.'

The Second Regional Office should be contacted for further information relative to this item.

The 'Daily Worker' of 6/3/44, page 2, available in this office, reflects an article captioned 'City an Exception to New Manpower Job Controls.' This article quotes statements made by MRS. ANNA ROSENBERG, W.M.C. regional director, at a press conference. The Daily Worker of the same date also contains a picture of ANNA ROSENBERG."

The above CSC information was received by WFO as a result of the form 79 being sent to the CSC. This information was transmitted to the New York Office by teletype dated September 8, 1950 for their determination. It is to be noted that the information was not included in the body of the WFO report. It is to be further noted that by teletype dated September 14, 1950, the New York Office advised that certain information received by them from the WFO by teletype was being included in both the body and administrative sections of the New York report. Inasmuch as the NSRB already has the above mentioned information in their security file, the Bureau will determine if the New York Office report has included it in the body of their report and if not the Bureau will consider the advisability of reporting it again to NSRB.

Concerning the Daily Worker report of June 3, 1944 listed above, this issue was reviewed at the CSC and it was noted that an article titled "City, an Exception to New Manpower job Controls", by DOROTHY LOEB, wherein it indicates that the War Manpower Commission

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Chief, PAUL V. MC NUTT, had announced that effective July 1 there would be an initiation of Nationwide control of industrial employment of all male workers 17 and over. This article set forth the employers affected by the plan. The article quotes Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG, WMC Regional Director, as saying New York City would be excepted and would not be affected by the plan.

Inasmuch as the above item did not appear to have any relevancy in this investigation it was not included in the body of this report.

In reviewing the CSC report concerning ANNA ROSENBERG, it was noted that the FBI reports of investigation of March and April, 1943 were on file. In this connection, it was further noted that there was an undated and unidentified memorandum in the file which reflected the following:

"An individual named ANNA ROSENBERG is stated to be a member of the John Reed Club, a reportedly Communistic organization, and was one of the signers of a protest issued in a statement to the New York Times on May 19, 1930, protesting what this club called the "Red Scare".

On June 10, 1938, Mrs. ROSENBERG spoke at a meeting at the Stuyvesant High School which meeting was held under the auspices of the United Federal Workers of America, CIO, an alleged Communist dominated group. A clipping from the Daily Worker for September 21, 1942 states that Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG, Regional Manpower Director, spoke at a farewell party which was given for DANIEL ALLEN, New York Times Secretary-Treasurer of the States, County and Municipal workers of America, CIO, a local allegedly controlled by the Communist Party members, at the time he was inducted into the United States Army. At this meeting a demand was made by the persons present for a second front in the present conflict.

The Daily Worker for January 21, 1943 reflects that an invitation was extended Mrs. ROSENBERG to speak at a mass rally held under the joint auspices of the Negro Labor Victory Committee and the People's Committee at the Abyssinian Baptist Church, 132 West 738th Street, New York City, at which time a protest was made against moves which threatened to disband the Fair Employment Practices Committee and its scheduled investigation into discriminations in the Nation's railroads.

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The newspaper Daily Worker for October 6, 1942, makes the statement that Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG, Regional Director of the New York War Manpower Commission, at first had refused to file the order for the Kaiser Shipyards for men to be employed in those yards because of the Union's anti-negro stand, and that she had taken the order only when she was informed that that barrier had been removed whereupon the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People commended Mrs. ROSENBERG on her forthright action against labor union discriminations and expressed the hope that other officials would follow her example."

At the time the above quoted article was reviewed there was no way of knowing the source of this information and that information was transmitted to New York by teletype. Subsequently it was determined that the above undated and unidentified memorandum was an FBI report.

The attention of the Bureau is again invited to the New York teletype dated September 14, 1950, wherein they indicate that they are including part of the above information in their report and predicating it to WFO confidential informant T-1 (the CSC). Inasmuch as the CSC is not actually the original source of this information, the FBI being the original source, the Bureau will consider the advisability of deleting any of the above quoted information from the undated, unidentified memorandum that might appear in the body of the New York report.

Further, in connection with the CSC file review, it was noted that in the course of investigation of one BERNARD SAMUEL DAVIS, born January 25, 1906, Baltimore, Maryland, who was being investigated for the position of Regional Training Consultant, it was determined that DAVIS had been discharged from the Army Air Force at the request of the War Manpower Commission. His file was reviewed and although the above report was set forth there were comments only shown that he bragged that Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG asked for his release. The investigation reflects that Mrs. ROSENBERG was not interviewed. It was further reflected that DAVIS was a member of Local 28, SCMWA - CIO, which was described as a reportedly Communist dominated union and front.

Also, the files of CSC reflect that at a Board Hearing in the case of FRANK WILLIAM POLLATSEK in February, 1945,

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there was a letter from ANNA M. ROSENBERG, Regional Director, War Manpower Commission, in which she commented on his work only, indicating she knew of his work through his superiors. Her letter was one of a number submitted to the Board. It was noted that a copy of the report of SA JAMES LEWIS AMES from the New York Office dated August 10, 1944 in connection with POLLATSEK, New York file 101-527, was on file. The CSC file further reflects that POLLATSEK had been dismissed on October 21, 1944 because CSC had rated him ineligible.

Inasmuch as the CSC information concerning DAVIS and POLLATSEK was not deemed pertinent to the investigation, it was not included in the body of this report.

Concerning the HCUA report, in addition to the information set forth in the body of this report the following information was available:

The New York State Communist Party Index of 1942 listed the following:

ANN ROSENBERG, 1190 Shakespeare Avenue, Bronx;
ANNA ROSENBERG, 2830 Olinville Avenue, Bronx, New York;
ANNA ROSENBERG, 1921 Stillwell Avenue, Kings, New York;
Julius ROSENBERG, 133 Ellery Street, Kings, New York.

The New York State Communist Party Index for 1939-1940 listed the following:

JULIUS ROSENBERG, 2100 Creston Avenue, Bronx, New York;
JULIUS ROSENBERG, 13 Hegeman Avenue, Brooklyn, New York;
JULIUS ROSENBERG, 48-39 47th Street, Queens, New York.

It is to be noted that concerning the above, this information was transmitted to the New York Office by teletype dated September 11, 1950 and on September 14, 1950, the New York Office advised that they were carrying the above mentioned information in their administrative section.

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Further, in connection with the HCUA report the following Communist Party indices were noted:

New York City, 1939-1940:

ANNA ROSENBERG, 901 Avenue H, Brooklyn, New York.

1940 New York State Communist Party indices listed the following:

ANNA ROSENBERG, 3091 Brighton Fifth Street, Brooklyn, New York;

ANNA ROSENBERG, 270 East 92nd Street, Brooklyn, New York;

ANNA ROSENBERG, 1075 Longfellow Avenue, Bronx.

It is to be noted that the WFO during the course of their 1943 investigation, transmitted the above listed information to New York by teletype dated April 11, 1943. It is not known how the New York report of investigation of 1943 set forth this information.

Concerning the record check at the Investigations Division, Office of Personnel Administration, Department of Labor, it was noted that their file contained the 1943 FBI reports of investigation. It was further noted that in this file the undated, unidentified memorandum listed in the CSC information on the administrative page of this report was identified as an FBI report.

Agency checks were conducted by the following Special Employees:

Credit: WALTER J. TOLSON
MPD: NICHOLAS R. MANFREDA
G-2: RICHARD C. NICHOLSON
OSI: RICHARD C. NICHOLSON

PERSONAL AND ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

October 13, 1949
Mr. Paul S. [redacted], Security Officer
National Security Resources Board
Room 18, Executive Office Building
17th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W.
Washington 25, D. C.

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG
NSRB #487

In accordance with our agreement of April 12, 1949,
there are transmitted herewith, seven reports covering the
completed investigation conducted by this Bureau concerning
the above-captioned individual.

Enclosure *5*

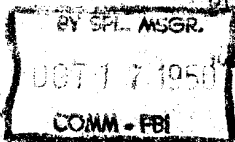
DECLASSIFIED BY 39-63442
ON 5-10-00

126-486

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RECORDED - 45

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Harbo _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____



59 JAN 13 1951

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

NY FILE NO. 126-253 RN/DB

REPORT MADE AT <p style="text-align: center;">NEW YORK</p>	DATE WHEN MADE <p style="text-align: center;">9/20/50</p>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <p style="text-align: center;">8/28-31, 9/1, 5, 6, 11-15/50</p>	REPORT MADE BY <p style="text-align: center;">CHARLES W. MILLER</p>
TITLE <p style="text-align: center;">ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG - 487 nee Lederer</p>			CHARACTER OF CASE <p style="text-align: center;">SPECIAL INQUIRY - NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD - APPLICANT</p>
<p>SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:</p> <div style="display: flex;"> <div style="width: 25%; font-size: small; padding-right: 10px;"> <p><i>USA pay-</i></p> <p><i>See connected page attached 9-25-50</i></p> <p><i>4 p 23, 24</i></p> <p><i>10/13/50</i></p> </div> <div style="width: 75%;"> <p>ROSENBERG's self-employment as public, labor and personnel relations consultant from September, 1945 to date and prior to 1934 verified through several of her accounts. All favorable with the exception of Confidential Informant T-2 who advises nothing unsatisfactory regarding ROSENBERG's character, reputation or loyalty, but who says he would not recommend her because he believes her more interested in personal gain than in welfare of clients. ROSENBERG served as Chairman or as member of numerous committees and councils, which was verified by fellow members and business associates who all recommend ROSENBERG highly. All references recommend ROSENBERG without reservation. Stated she is one of the foremost authorities on labor relations in the U. S. and a personal confidante of President TRUMAN and former President ROOSEVELT. Stated ROSENBERG is entirely reliable, highly respected and definitely anti-Communist. ROSENBERG resides with husband at 1136 Fifth Avenue, New York City. Neighbors recommend highly. No record located of naturalization of ROSENBERG or her parents at INS, NYC, or at District Court, SDNY. ROSENBERG married to JULIUS ROSENBERG, who was (born) in U. S., on October 12, 1919, and would have received naturalization through marriage. Background information of ROSENBERG set forth.</p> </div> </div>			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>Edward Scheidt</i> <div style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE</div>		<div style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES</div> <div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold; text-align: center;">126-486-5</div> <div style="text-align: right; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> RECORDED - 45 INDEXED - 45 </div>	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT <p>3.- Bureau</p> <p>1.- New York</p> <p><i>1 cc NY RB 10/13/50</i></p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 100px; width: 100%;"></div>	

PROPERTY OF FBI—THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE LOANED TO YOU BY THE FBI AND ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE OF AGENCY TO WHICH LOANED.

NY 126-253

(Synopsis) Confidential informants at NYC and the Bureau of Special Services and Investigation of the New York City Police Department have no knowledge of ROSENBERG. General LUCIUS D. CLAY advised he has known ROSENBERG since 1943 and regards her as competent and intelligent, but does not recommend her because he believes her to be incapable of objective thinking as public member of NSRB and will favor labor viewpoint. CLAY also asserts ROSENBERG formerly closely associated with SIDNEY HILLMAN and supported the World Federation of Trade Unions. Information regarding IRVING BEREZIN, ROSENBERG's assistant, set forth indicating he was formerly active in the State, County, and Municipal Workers Union, and registered with the ALP during 1940's. ROSENBERG has good credit rating NYC. No criminal record for ROSENBERG or family NYC.

- RUC -

References:

Bureau File No. 126-486.
Bureau letter to NYC dated August 23, 1950.
Washington Field Office teletypes to New York
dated September 8 and September 11, 1950.

Details: New York, New York

EMPLOYMENT

Mr. JACK STRAUS, President, R. H. Macy and Company, Inc., Herald Square, New York City, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for a number of years and that, at the present time, Mrs. ROSENBERG has her own firm as Public, Labor and Personnel Relations Consultant, at 444 Madison Avenue, New York City. He stated that R. H. Macy employs Mrs. ROSENBERG as their Labor and Personnel Relations consultant and that he knew she has several other large accounts in New York City, such as the NELSON ROCKEFELLER account, I. MILLER and others. He stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG has also, during the past ten or twelve years, held numerous responsible Government positions and is very highly regarded by the officials in Washington, D. C. Mr. STRAUS stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a personal friend and confidante of former President ROOSEVELT and was a frequent guest at the White House when ROOSEVELT was President.

Concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG's background, Mr. STRAUS stated she started her career in the early nineteen twenties as a Public Relations Counsel in New York City, had numerous small accounts and acted as a Public Relations Counselor for several politicians in New York City. In about 1933,

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or 1934, she was associated with General HUGH JOHNSON in the National Recovery Administration and was then appointed Regional Director of the NRA in New York State. He said Mrs. ROSENBERG then became Regional Director of the Social Security Board for New York State, which position she held until she became Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission at 11 West 42nd Street, New York City. Other than the above positions, Mr. STRAUS stated Mrs. ROSENBERG also served on numerous committees in New York City and that he served on several of these committees with her.

Mr. STRAUS stated that he was a member of the New York City Industrial Relations Board and the Mayor's Business Advisory Committee with ROSENBERG and that from personal knowledge he knew that she served on the New York State and New York City War Councils, the Mayor's Advisory Transit Commission and the United States National Commission for UNESCO.

Mr. STRAUS further stated that he felt that Mrs. ROSENBERG was one of the most capable persons in the United States today in the field of public and personnel relations. He said that in his opinion her services to R. H. Macy & Company were indispensable and he felt that any government agency which might procure her services would be very fortunate. He further advised that he knew Mrs. ROSENBERG to be definitely anti-Communist and that he could give her only the highest recommendation as regards her character, associates, reputation and loyalty.

Confidential Informant T-1, of unknown reliability but who is a well known business executive in New York City advised Special Agent LEONARD B. FARRELL that he has known ANNA ROSENBERG for a number of years, having dealt with her in the field of labor relations during that period. He said that his firm utilizes the services of ANNA ROSENBERG's labor relations consulting firm on some occasions.

Informant T-1 indicated that ANNA ROSENBERG is well known and generally well liked. Among her activities, according to T-1, was the directorship of the New York Region of the War Manpower Commission during the war years. He said that she is well acquainted with high government officials as well as important labor union officials. T-1 said, however, that ANNA ROSENBERG "carries water on both shoulders", in that she effects labor's desires as often as she has effected management's desires. T-1 said that in his dealings with ANNA ROSENBERG, he considers it a wise policy not to advise her as to the exact nature of their plans insofar as labor agreements are concerned. He said that he makes this statement because Mrs. ROSENBERG is dealing with so many people that she might inadvertently divulge

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this information, which would work to the disadvantage of his company. He said that in his opinion ANNA ROSENBERG will in all probability represent labor's views while working with the National Security Resources Board. He indicated that past experience has shown that whenever she sits with a public body, she champions the cause of labor. It was Informant T-1's belief that she takes this stand because it would be disadvantageous to her to be branded as pro-management.

T-1 said that he recommends ANNA ROSENBERG as a very competent woman, whose loyalty, reputation and character he does not question. T-1 added that in his opinion a great deal of Mrs. ROSENBERG's genius in the field of labor problems is intuitive.

Confidential Informant T-2, of unknown reliability, but who is a successful business executive in New York City, advised Special Agent FARRELL that he has known ANNA ROSENBERG for about nine or ten years; that he first met her when he was serving in the United States Army Service Forces in Washington, D. C.

Informant T-2 said that while serving with this branch of the service he had cause to deal with ANNA ROSENBERG on many occasions. He described Mrs. ROSENBERG as a very competent woman who has been associated with important government officials and high union officials for many years. He said that she has been able to effect labor management agreements that no one else could have possibly done, but that while doing so, she has "carried water on both shoulders". He enlarged on this and said that he considers Mrs. ROSENBERG to be an opportunist whose principles are none too high. He said that she is devious in her dealings in that she achieves results by compromising confidences and principles. He said that Mrs. ROSENBERG cannot be depended upon to follow established official policy, and that she has broken confidences in her dealings with her clients. T-2 said that Mrs. ROSENBERG has revealed information concerning labor agreements to be entered into by his firm to union officials, which has not only been embarrassing to the company, but was highly detrimental to the company in its future negotiations. T-2 said that he has no exact information as to other incidents of this sort, but has heard that they have occurred.

He said that in his opinion Mrs. ROSENBERG will always seek her own advantage and interest in anything she does, and for that reason he does not recommend her for a position with the National Security Resources Board. Informant T-2 said that he knows nothing that would reflect unfavorably on her loyalty to the United States.

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Mr. GEORGE MILLER, President, I. Miller & Sons Company, Inc., 43-10 - 23rd Street, Long Island City, advised Special Agent ROBERT J. QUIGLEY that Mrs. ROSENBERG was retained as a consultant and general adviser on labor matters on a fee basis from 1937 to 1942 at which time she resigned to devote her full time to government work. Her association with this corporation has been eminently satisfactory in every respect.

Mr. MILLER stated that it was his belief that Mrs. ROSENBERG is one of the best informed persons on labor relations in the Nation today. She was a confidante of former Mayor LAGUARDIA of New York City and former President ROOSEVELT, and as a public spirited citizen she contributed freely of her time, knowledge and organizational ability on various committees of a local, state, and national character. Committees on which MILLER definitely recalled that ROSENBERG served include the New York City Industrial Relations Board, the Mayor's Business Advisory Committee, the New York Defense Recreation Committee, the WPB and several others which MILLER could not specifically recall. Mr. MILLER stated further that he believes Mrs. ROSENBERG to be of excellent character and reputation and a completely loyal and patriotic American citizen whose employment would be a considerable asset to the government.

Mr. ROBERT W. MILLER, General Manager, I. Miller & Sons, Inc., 43-10 - 23rd Street, Long Island City, advised Special Agent ROBERT J. QUIGLEY that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for thirteen years and that he knows her to be a patriotic and loyal American citizen of excellent character and reputation. He stated that she was employed by his firm as a labor consultant for approximately five years prior to the last war and that her services throughout this period were highly satisfactory.

Mr. MILLER stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG is well known for her ability in the fields of public relations and labor matters and that she has voluntarily contributed her talents in serving on various civic and governmental committees. He stated that the government would greatly benefit by having Mrs. ROSENBERG on its payroll and that he would unhesitatingly recommend her for a position of the utmost trust.

Mr. HOWARD ENGLE, accountant, Leibmann Breweries, Inc., 36 Forrest Street, Brooklyn, New York, advised Special Agent WILLIAM A. LAMB that Mrs. ROSENBERG has been employed as a consultant of labor matters for a number of years on a fee basis. He stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was highly regarded by the officials of the company and that he knew of nothing derogatory concerning her as to her character or loyalty to the United States.

Mr. JOSEPH FINK, Assistant Controller, Liebmann Breweries, 36 Forrest Street, Brooklyn, New York, advised Special Agent WILLIAM A. LAMB

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that Mrs. ROSENBERG had been employed as a labor consultant for several years and that in his opinion she has done an excellent job for the company. He stated that in the brewery strike of 1949 in which the laborers were on strike for eighty-two days, it was his opinion that Mrs. ROSENBERG was the chief person instrumental in bringing the strike to a satisfactory close. He stated Mrs. ROSENBERG was always very highly regarded as to her ability and that he considers her to be a person of excellent character and reputation and a true and loyal citizen of the United States.

Mr. NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER, Director, Rockefeller Center, Inc., 30 Rockefeller Plaza, advised Special Agent ROBERT J. QUIGLEY that Mrs. ROSENBERG has been retained as a consultant by the Rockefeller family for the past fifteen years and that she is highly regarded for her ability, integrity, strength of character and vast energy. He stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG has proved to be a very useful public spirited American citizen who has freely and unstintingly offered her services to the government and has served as New York Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission, Regional Director of the New York State Social Security Board and member of the Advisory Committee on Inter-American Affairs of which he, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, was coordinator. Mr. ROCKEFELLER also stated that he served with her on the Mayor's Business Advisory Committee. He stated also that Mrs. ROSENBERG was an adviser to former Governor HERBERT LEHMAN of New York, former Mayor of New York City FIORELLO H. LAGUARDIA and a regular Friday consultant of former President FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT. Mr. ROCKEFELLER stated further that Mrs. ROSENBERG is of excellent reputation and absolutely loyal to the United States government. He recommended her unqualifiedly for a position of the utmost trust with the government.

Mr. DAVID R. ROCKEFELLER, Foreign Service Department, Chase National Bank, 18 Pine Street, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for the past fifteen years through her position as adviser to the ROCKEFELLER family regarding their interests and that he has found her to be an outstanding person of excellent character, superior intelligence, absolute integrity and rare, good judgment.

He stated that in 1940 and 1941 he served as Secretary to former Mayor of New York City LAGUARDIA and was closely associated with Mrs. ROSENBERG when she served as a member of the Mayor's Business Advisory Committee, New York City Defense Council, New York State Council of National Defense and New York Defense Recreation Committee. In addition, he served

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as an assistant to Mrs. ROSENBERG when she was Regional Director of the Health, Welfare and Defense Activities Committee. He further stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was frequently a welcomed and respected visitor to Mayor LAGUARDIA's office and was held in high esteem by all who were associated with her. Mr. ROCKEFELLER stated further that Mrs. ROSENBERG is an untiring, public spirited citizen of proved loyalty to the United States government and highly qualified for a position of the utmost trust.

Mr. FRANCIS A. JAMIESON, Associate to NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG has been a consultant on labor and public relations for the ROCKEFELLER family for the past fifteen years and that he has had frequent contact with her during this time. He stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG is a person of tremendous energy and resourcefulness, is keenly intelligent and extremely capable in her chosen field. She is highly regarded for her integrity and excellent character and her record of public service and her complete loyalty to the United States government admirably fits her for a position of the utmost trust with the government. Mr. JAMIESON stated that he would unqualifiedly recommend her as to her character, associates and loyalty to the United States.

Mrs. LOUISE BOYER, Secretary to NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER, advised that she has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for the past ten years and stated that she regards her as a very capable, public spirited citizen of absolute loyalty to the United States government. Mrs. BOYER stated that she considers Mrs. ROSENBERG's character and reputation to be above question.

Mr. JOHN M. HANCOCK, partner of Lehman Brothers Investment Brokers, 1 William Street, New York City, advised Special Agent WILLIAM A. LAMB that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG since approximately 1940 when he then and for several years thereafter served on the New York State Council of National Defense with Mrs. ROSENBERG. He stated that he also knew her in Washington, D. C., and was associated with her on various committees in New York City, including the Business Advisory Committee, the New York City Defense Council and the New York State War Council. He stated that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG to be a member also of numerous other committees and that she has the reputation of freely offering her time for public service.

Mr. HANCOCK stated that there was absolutely no doubt in his mind but that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a loyal citizen of the United States and stated that he would highly recommend her for a position of trust with the government.

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Mr. EDWARD P. MULROONEY, former New York City Police Commissioner, 41 East 57th Street, New York City, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for twenty-five years and that he served on several councils and committees with Mrs. ROSENBERG in New York City. He stated that he was a member with Mrs. ROSENBERG of the Mayor's Advisory Transit Commission in 1948 and also served with her on the United Seamen's Service Committee.

Mr. MULROONEY stated he considered Mrs. ROSENBERG to be a very intelligent woman and one who is thoroughly loyal to the United States. He stated he believed her to be definitely anti-Communist.

He also stated that he has met Mrs. ROSENBERG's husband on infrequent occasions and that although he does not know him intimately, he believes him to be a loyal citizen of the United States.

Mr. MULROONEY stated that he would give Mrs. ROSENBERG only the highest recommendation as regards her character, reputation and loyalty.

Mr. CHARLES E. WILSON, President, General Electric Company, 570 Lexington Avenue, New York City, advised Special Agent WILLIAM A. LAMB that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG twenty years and that she has served on numerous committees and commissions with him during that time. Mr. WILSON stated that she served with him on the New York State Committee of National Defense and also as a member of the Advisory Commission appointed by President TRUMAN to study universal military training. He stated that he had many contacts with her while she was adviser to President ROOSEVELT during the early 1940's but that all of his contacts with her pertained to labor matters.

Mr. WILSON stated that he knew of no reason to question Mrs. ROSENBERG's loyalty to the United States and that in his opinion she was a person of outstanding character and reputation.

Major General JULIUS OCHS ADLER, Vice President and General Manager of the "New York Times", 229 West 43rd Street, New York City, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for twenty years and is well acquainted with her both socially and in business. General ADLER stated that he was Chairman of the First Army Advisory Committee of New York City and that Mrs. ROSENBERG served on the committee as a member. General ADLER said that

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Mrs. ROSENBERG was very interested in veterans' problems during the war and was one of the founders of one of the New York veterans committees and the New York Defense Recreation Committee. General ADLER stated that his wife was a member of both of these committees and consequently he came in contact with Mrs. ROSENBERG a great deal in connection with the activities of these committees.

General ADLER concluded by stating that he had only the highest regard for Mrs. ROSENBERG and that he would recommend her without reservation as to her character, associates and loyalty to the United States.

Mr. JOHN J. CLARKE, Secretary of the Federal Reserve Bank, 33 Liberty Street, advised Special Agent William A. Lamb that he made a thorough check of the records and with the Personnel Department of the bank and also of the various officials of the Federal Reserve Bank and could not ascertain that Mrs. ROSENBERG had ever been employed as a consultant or in any other capacity by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York City. He stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was well known by reputation to several of the officials but that no past connection of Mrs. ROSENBERG with the bank could be verified.

X Mr. JACK ALTMAN, Vice President, Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union - CIO, 100 West 42nd Street, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for over ten years and that he has had several business dealings with her in connection with the unionization of Macy's store and other firms in New York City. He also stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a Secretary of President ROOSEVELT'S Labor Victory Board and that although he was not a member of this Board, he sat in frequently on meetings at which she attended.

Mr. ALTMAN stated that although Mrs. ROSENBERG has always represented management and was consequently on the "other side of the fence," he considers her to be a very capable and intelligent woman and a woman who has an excellent idea of the labor problems in the country today.

Mr. ALTMAN stated that when the employees of Macy's Department Store were first unionized they belonged to a local affiliated with the Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union - CIO, but that this local was later removed from the union because of its Communist leadership. ALTMAN stated that although the employees of Macy's belonged to the Communist infiltrated local for a short time, they later held a new election and it was voted that they form an independent union of Macy's employees. ALTMAN stated that this independent

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union is definitely anti-Communist and that he believes that Mrs. ROSENBERG was highly instrumental in bringing about the change.

ALTMAN further stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was extremely well known among labor leaders in the United States and that her reputation as to her ability and integrity is above reproach. He further stated that he firmly believes Mrs. ROSENBERG to be an absolutely loyal citizen of the United States and that he would recommend her on this basis for a position of trust and confidence.

In the October 22, 1944 issue of the New York "Herald Tribune" an article appeared concerning Mrs. ANNA M. ROSENBERG and her activities and positions which she had held. This article listed several of the positions and titles which Mrs. ROSENBERG held which included the following:

Regional Director of the Government Health and Welfare
Services,
Office of Civilian Defense,
Member of the Policy Committee of the Office of Facts
and Figures,
Member of the Policy Committee of the Coordinator of
Inter-American Affairs,
New York City and New York State Defense Councils,
Secretary of President ROOSEVELT's combined Labor Victory
Board.

On February 22, 1944, an issue of the "New York Times" reflected that Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG was offered the appointment as Assistant to General FRANK T. HINES as Veterans Administrator.

In the March 3, 1944 issue of the "New York Times" an article appeared which stated that ANNA ROSENBERG had declined the appointment as Assistant to General HINES but agreed to assist in setting up the new agency.

In the December 7, 1944 issue of the "New York Times" an article appeared entitled, "BYRNES Picks New Staff To Rush Needed War Goods To The Front". This article stated that President ROOSEVELT had appointed WILLIAM H. DAVIS as Chairman of the War Mobilization and Reconversion Advisory Board and that Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG was appointed as a member of the Board.

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In the September 2, 1938 issue of the "New York Times" there was contained an article which included the report of President ROOSEVELT's Commission on Industrial Relations of Great Britain. The article published a list of the members of the Commission included among which was Mrs. ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG.

In the September 18, 1942 edition of the "New York World Telegram", an article appeared entitled, "ANNA ROSENBERG Gives Up Three Jobs To Take A Government War Post".

This article stated Mrs. ROSENBERG had just been appointed the New York State Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission and that she had received the appointment from PAUL V. MC NUTT, Commission Chairman. It was further noted in the article that, at this time, she was Regional Director of the Social Security Board and that at the time of her appointment to the War Manpower Commission, she held six posts. She was Regional Director of the Social Security Board and of the Office of Defense, Health and Welfare Services; member of the State War Council; Secretary of the combined War Labor Board, on the Policy Committee of the New York City Defense Recreation Committee. Besides the above posts, she was Labor Advisor to NELSON ROCKEFELLER, the Macy-Bamburger Stores and I. Miller Shoe Company, receiving a private income of \$28,500.00.

REFERENCES

Mr. BERNARD M. BARUCH, 597 Madison Avenue, New York City, advised that he has been personally acquainted with ANNA ROSENBERG for a great number of years and has only the highest regard for her. He stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a personal friend of former President ROOSEVELT and was a frequent guest at the White House and at the ROOSEVELT home at Hyde Park. Mr. BARUCH stated that President ROOSEVELT, and, also, President TRUMAN, had relied upon her a great deal as a consultant and advisor on Labor and Manpower shortages during the war. He also stated that former President ROOSEVELT had appointed Mrs. ROSENBERG to several commissions set up to study industrial relations and labor problems in the United States and abroad. Mr. BARUCH stated that from his personal knowledge of Mrs. ROSENBERG he considered her to be a person of the highest integrity and that there was no question in his mind but that she was a loyal United States citizen.

Mr. BARUCH further stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG holds the unique position of being very highly regarded by both the Labor Unions and

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Management; consequently, she is very successful in her work, as both sides have a great deal of trust in her and are willing to accept her decisions. He further advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG has long been fighting the infiltration of Communists in labor unions.

Mr. BARUCH stated he knew absolutely nothing unfavorable concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG and that, in fact, it was he who recommended Mrs. ROSENBERG to Mr. SYMINGTON, Head of the National Security Resources Board, as a member of the Board. With regard to Mrs. ROSENBERG'S loyalty, character, reputation and associates, Mr. BARUCH stated he could give her only the highest of recommendations.

Brigadier General DAVID SARNOFF, President, Radio Corporation of America, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York City, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG, both personally and professionally, for well over ten years. He stated he considered Mrs. ROSENBERG to be a woman of outstanding ability and character and, further, that she is one of the leading persons in the field of Personnel and Labor relations in the United States today. General SARNOFF advised that he considers Mrs. ROSENBERG to be an entirely loyal American citizen. He recommended her, without reservation, for any position of trust and confidence with the United States Government.

General SARNOFF further advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a personal confidante of former President ROOSEVELT and, at the present time, is a personal friend of the NELSON ROCKEFELLERS, Mr. JACK STRAUS, President of R. H. Macy, and other persons in the same social field.

General SARNOFF stated further that in the Fall of 1944, former President ROOSEVELT appointed Mrs. ROSENBERG his personal representative to report to him on the problems of the returning soldiers in the European Theatre. He stated she was also appointed by former President ROOSEVELT and President TRUMAN a member of numerous committees and boards to study labor relations and labor problems in the United States and abroad.

Lieutenant General WALTER BEDELL SMITH, Commanding General, First Army, Governors Island, New York, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for several years and has been a frequent visitor to the ROSENBERG home in New York City. General SMITH stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was very highly regarded by former President ROOSEVELT and that he (President ROOSEVELT) relied a great deal upon her in many of his decisions. He further stated it was his personal opinion that, except for President ROOSEVELT'S personal secretary, the President relied more upon Mrs. ROSENBERG than any other single individual. General SMITH advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG is also highly regarded by the TRUMAN Administration.

General SMITH stated that as far as Mrs. ROSENBERG'S loyalty, character, reputation and associates were concerned, he would give her only

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the highest of recommendations. He advised he knew of absolutely nothing which might, in any way, indicate that Mrs. ROSENBERG might have the slightest sympathy towards Communism; on the contrary, General SMITH stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG has been very outspoken against Communism and has fought the infiltration of Communists in Labor Unions in the United States. He further stated Mrs. ROSENBERG has one of the leading retail outlet firms in New York City as one of her accounts and that this firm is one of the very few of its kind in the City that is not controlled by a Communist dominated Union. General SMITH advised he felt this was entirely due to the efforts of Mrs. ROSENBERG.

General SMITH stated that he has met Mrs. ROSENBERG's husband and other members of her family, and he considered all of them to be persons of good character and loyal citizens of the United States. He said Mrs. ROSENBERG's husband is a very quiet and unobtrusive individual and that Mrs. ROSENBERG is definitely the dominating figure in the family. General SMITH said it was his belief that Mrs. ROSENBERG's father was the cabinetmaker for the Royal family in Hungary, but, due to business reverses, was compelled to close his business and come to the United States.

General SMITH stated he was aware that Mrs. ROSENBERG had been asked to go with the National Security Resources Board and that he felt the Board would be extremely fortunate to obtain a person with the abilities of Mrs. ROSENBERG, and he could give her only the highest of recommendations in all respects.

NEIGHBORHOOD

1136 Fifth Avenue
New York City, New York

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, Superintendent, advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG and her husband, JULIUS, have resided in Apartment 11-A since prior to 1940. He stated they are very fine tenants who pay their rent promptly and that he considered both to be persons of excellent character who are loyal to the United States. Mr. SMITH advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG is presently head of her own business on Madison Avenue and that her son is employed in the business with her. According to Mr. SMITH, Mr. ROSENBERG is connected with a large rug firm in New York City. Mr. SMITH stated that the ROSENBERGS are very quiet people, did very little entertaining, but when guests came to their home, they were such people as the ROCKEFELLERS, General JOHNSON, former Mayor LAGUARDIA, and other prominent individuals. He stated that, at no time has he had any reason to believe either Mr. or Mrs. ROSENBERG would be affiliated with any subversive organization. Mr. SMITH stated he highly recommended Mrs.

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ROSENBERG for a position of trust and confidence with the United States Government.

Mr. ANTHONY DE LELLO, building manager, advised that he has known the ROSENBERGS since they have been tenants in the building and considered them to be very high-type persons of excellent character. He stated the ROSENBERGS occupied a nine room apartment and had two servants. He further stated the ROSENBERGS had one son, but that this son was married and not residing with Mr. and Mrs. ROSENBERG. Mr. DE LELLO advised he knew nothing which might reflect unfavorably upon the ROSENBERGS and that he considered them to be loyal United States citizens.

Mrs C. E. SAUNDERS, Apartment 11-D, advised that she has resided in the building and on the same floor as the ROSENBERGS for over six years. She stated that although she is not intimately acquainted with them, she considers the ROSENBERGS to be very fine neighbors and persons of excellent character and reputation.

Mrs. SAUNDERS further stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG has her own firm as personnel and public relations consultant and that Mr. ROSENBERG is either the President or Vice President of a rug firm in New York City. She stated that the ROSENBERGS are very quiet and do very little entertaining, but that when they do have parties, their guests are all persons of excellent reputation and high respectability.

Mrs. SAUNDERS further advised that to the best of her knowledge the ROSENBERGS are true and loyal citizens of the United States. She concluded by highly recommending Mrs. ROSENBERG for a position of trust and confidence.

MISCELLANEOUS

A check was made of the records of Immigration and Naturalization Service, 70 Columbus Avenue, New York City, but no record of the naturalization of Mrs. ROSENBERG or of either of her parents could be located. A check was made of the records of the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, these records also being located at the Immigration and Naturalization Service, but no naturalization record of Mrs. ROSENBERG or her parents was found.

Records of the New York City Marriage License Bureau were checked and records were located which indicated that JULIUS ROSENBERG and ANNA M. LEDERER were granted Marriage License #29802 on October 6, 1919. A further check of the records indicates that JULIUS ROSENBERG was born in New York City and at the time of the issuance of the license was 27 years of age. ANNA M. LEDERER stated she was born in Budapest, Hungary and at the time of the issuance of the license was 20 years of age. The record indicated that they were married on October 12, 1919, at 21 West 16th Street, New York City, and that Rev. AARON EISMAN performed the ceremony.

Section 1944 (Rev. Stat. 1878; Stat. 604; USC Title 18, Sec. 10) states: "Any woman who is now or may hereafter be married to a citizen of the United States, and who might herself be lawfully naturalized, shall be deemed a citizen." (The foregoing provision was repealed by Section 6 of the Act of September 22, 1922, 42 Statute 1022; USC, Title 8, Section 10. The repealed clause provided that the repeal should not terminate citizenship acquired under said Section 1944).

Lieutenant Colonel HENRY MULLER, Aide to Lieutenant General WALTER BEDELL SMITH, advised that he had met Mrs. ROSENBERG on numerous occasions at the times he accompanied General SMITH and that Mrs. ROSENBERG had impressed him as being a person of outstanding ability. He stated he knew Mrs. ROSENBERG had an excellent reputation and was highly regarded and respected by all of her acquaintances. Colonel MULLER stated he would highly recommend Mrs. ROSENBERG for a position of trust and confidence and he had no doubt concerning her character or loyalty to the United States.

In the 1946-1947 edition of "Who's Who in America", Volume 24, the following information appears:

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, born Budapest, Hungary,
6/19/1902--ALBERT LEDERER, CHARLOTTE (BACSKAI)
1919, received Honorary Master of Humane Letters

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Russell Sage College, 1943. Married JULIUS ROSENBERG October 12, 1919; one son THOMAS J. Public and Labor Relations Consultant since 1924; with NRA 1934-1939, Regional Director 1935. Regional Director Social Security Board 1936-1943, also Office of Defense, Health and Welfare Services, 1941-1942. Regional Director War Manpower Commission since 1942, Consultant Retraining and Reemployment Administration 1944. Personal representative of President ROOSEVELT to European theatre of War to report on problems of returning soldier, August, 1944. Member NY City Industrial Relations Board, 1937; Chairman Sub-Committee on Bill of Rights and General Welfare, New York State Constitutional Convention Committee, 1937. Member Commission appointed by President ROOSEVELT to study Industrial Relations in Great Britain and Sweden, 1938; Secretary of President's Labor Factory Board; Member of the Executive Committee, Mayor's Business Advisory Committee on Policy, Office of Co-Ordinator of Inter-American Affairs; Member NY State War Council, organizer and member of Executive Committee NYC Defense Recreation Committee; member of Executive Committee United Seamen Service; member War Mobilization Advisory Board; member Committee for Mental Hygiene Menninger Foundation; member American Society for Public Administration; author of Chapter "Social Security And The National Purpose" in The Family in a World at War, 1942. Home 1136 Fifth Avenue; office 11 West 42nd Street, NY 18, NY.

In the October 30, 1945 issue of the "New York Times" an article appeared entitled "Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG Gets Medal of Freedom". This article stated that the award was made by Secretary of War ROBERT W. PATTERSON to Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG, New York Regional Director of War Manpower Commission, on recommendation of General of the Army DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER in recognition of Mrs. ROSENBERG'S work overseas.

In the May 29, 1947 issue of the "New York Times" an article appeared entitled "Medal for War Services Given to Mrs. ROSENBERG". This article stated that Secretary of War PATTERSON conferred upon Mrs. ANNA M. ROSENBERG, formerly of the War Manpower Commission, the Medal of Merit in honor of her many services to the nation during the war.

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In the January 22, 1941 issue of the "New York Times" an article appeared in which it was announced that at a meeting of the National Council of Jewish Women Mrs. ANNA M. ROSENBERG was elected as Honorary Vice President.

In the October 1, 1941 issue of the "New York Times" an article appeared which stated that DAVID ROCKEFELLER, Secretary to Mayor LA GUARDIA, had been appointed as assistant to Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG, Regional Director of Health, Welfare and related defense activities.

Confidential Informant Washington Field T-1, another government agency which conducts personnel-type investigations, advised the following information:

JULIUS ROSENBERG, not otherwise identified, was a member of the Communist Party, USA, 1940 Membership #6603, New York District #2, New York City, New York A.D. or Ward 8 Branch; issued on December 12, 1939.

An individual named ANNA ROSENBERG is stated to be a member of the John Reed Club, a "reportedly Communistic organization", and was one of the signers of a protest issued in a statement to the "New York Times" on May 19, 1930, protesting what this club called the "red scare".

On June 10, 1938 a Mrs. ROSENBERG spoke at a meeting at the Stuyvesant High School, which meeting was held under the auspices of the United Federal Workers of America, CIO, "an alleged Communist dominated club".

In the September 21, 1942 edition of the "Daily Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper, an article appeared entitled "Poletti Urges Second Front at Sendoff for Unionist". This article stated that a dinner was held in honor of DANIEL ALLEN, Secretary-Treasurer of the State, County and Municipal Workers Union, who was entering the United States Army. The article went on to say that "present at the sendoff for ALLEN were several hundred leaders and active members of his union, other CIO affiliates, and public officials, including Welfare Commissioner WILLIAM HODSON, Solicitor General HENRY EPSTEIN, Regional Manpower Director ANNA ROSENBERG, and more than a score of others". The article further stated that a demand was made by the members present for a second front.

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In April 1946 the State, County and Municipal Workers of America, CIO, merged with the United Federal Workers of America at a convention at Atlantic City, New Jersey to form the new United Public Workers of America. DANIEL ALLEN was elected at this convention as one of several Vice Presidents of the new union.

Concerning DANIEL ALLEN, referred to above, the August 16, 1946 issue of the "New York World Telegram" reflects that AFFIE HAMMOND, a home relief employee and ex-Communist, in sworn testimony before the New York State Department of Labor stated that DANIEL ALLEN had been a leader in the Communist Party within the State, County and Municipal Workers Union, CIO, of which he was the New York Secretary-Treasurer. This article also reflects that according to the April 25, 1946 issue of the "Daily Worker", Mr. ALLEN spoke in behalf of a successful resolution that accused Great Britain and the United States of "imperialistic ambitions", lauded Russia and demanded the immediate withdrawal of British and American troops from China, France, Greece, the Philippines, Indonesia, Belgium and Iceland.

Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised that he has been familiar with the various unions in the New York City Department of Welfare since 1935. He said that the State, County and Municipal Workers of America and the present organization, The United Public Workers of America, have consistently followed the "Communist Party line" since their inception and have been controlled by known Communists.

The House Committee on Un-American Activities' files reflect that the January 1941 issue of "Social Work Today" listed an ANNA M. ROSENBERG of New York City, not further identified, as contributing \$5.00 to "Social Work Today". The February 1942 issue of "Social Work Today" listed an ANNA M. ROSENBERG as a cooperator in 1941.

In a list of Citations by Official Government Agencies of Organizations and Publications found to be Communist or Communist fronts, dated December 18, 1948, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U. S. House of Representatives, at Washington, D.C., the following appears:

"Social Work Today"

1. "A Communist magazine".
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Report 1948, P. 225)

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2. "This Communist periodical is published at 112 East Nineteenth Street, New York City."
(California Committee on Un-American Activities Report, 1948, P. 375).

3. Cited as a Communist front.
(Pennsylvania Commonwealth Counsel before the reviewing board of the Philadelphia County Board of Assistance, January 1942.)

Files of the House Committee of Un-American Activities also reflect that one, JULIUS ROSENBERG, 13 Hegeman Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, signed the 1939-1940 New York City Communist Party petition.

Records of the Board of Elections, Brooklyn, New York, were checked and no election record of a JULIUS ROSENBERG at 13 Hegeman Avenue, or at any other address on Hegeman Avenue could be located.

Investigation at 13 Hegeman Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, reflects that there is no such address.

Mr. JACK BOGATZ, 14 Hegeman Avenue, Mrs. JOSEPH FIDEL, 14 Hegeman Avenue, Mr. L. WEISBERG, 10 Hegeman and Mr. AARON SCHWARTZ, proprietor of a luncheonette at 8 Hegeman Avenue, all Brooklyn, New York, advised that they have never known anyone by the name of JULIUS ROSENBERG who has resided in that neighborhood.

*(200-78829)
for answer*
Confidential Informants T-4, T-5, T-6 and T-7, of known reliability, and who have knowledge of the more prominent members of the Communist Party in New York City, were contacted and advised that they have no knowledge of ANNA M. ROSENBERG or JULIUS ROSENBERG.

Mr. LOUIS F. BUDENZ, former editor of the "Daily Worker", an East Coast Communist newspaper, advised SA WILLIAM J. MCCARTHY that although he knew ANNA ROSENBERG by reputation he had no knowledge that she or her husband were ever members of or sympathetic to the Communist Party.

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Confidential Informant T-6 also advised that in 1940 the various clubs of the Communist Party were as a rule neighborhood or community groups. He also stated that at that time the 8th A.D. branch was located at 201 Second Avenue, and included the area bounded by Fourth Street and Fourteenth Street and running East of Third Avenue in Manhattan. It is to be noted that JULIUS ROSENBERG, Mrs. ROSENBERG'S husband, in 1940 resided at 1136 Fifth Avenue, and in 1939 resided at 49 East 96th Street. Both addresses are a considerable distance from the vicinity of the 8th A.D. branch of the Communist Party.

Records of the Bureau of Special Services and Investigation of the New York City Police Department were checked by Special Agent AUGUST J. MICEK and no record of ANNA M. ROSENBERG or JULIUS ROSENBERG was found.

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent LEONARD B. FARRELL:

Mr. BERNARD DAVIS, of Executive Job Counselors, Inc., 366 Madison Avenue, advised that he has known Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG since 1939. He said that she was then employed as Regional Director of Social Security in New York City, and that he was employed as Supervisor of Training, New York State Employment Service.

In April, 1944, according to DAVIS, Mrs. ROSENBERG became the Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission. He worked under her as a Field Supervisor. In 1945, Mrs. ROSENBERG resigned from her position and returned to private practice. DAVIS stated that he also resigned from his position and went into her private business as an assistant in which position he remained until July, 1947.

DAVIS described ROSENBERG as a woman possessed of unusual ability and intelligence. He said she is outstanding in every respect. He said that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a close advisor to former President Roosevelt and still is intimately connected with Mrs. ROOSEVELT.

DAVIS advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG has a number of relatives still residing in Budapest, Hungary, with whom she corresponds and to whom she sends food. He said that he unsuccessfully attempted to locate her relatives when he was in Budapest several years ago.

DAVIS advised that ANNA ROSENBERG is a person of excellent character and reputation, and an entirely loyal American citizen.

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General LUCIUS D. CLAY, 100 E. 42nd Street, advised that he has known Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG since about 1943. He indicated that he had contact with Mrs. ROSENBERG when she was serving as a member of the Priorities and Allocations Board, later known as the War Production Board, which was headed by Mr. JAMES BYRNES, later the Secretary of State of the United States.

He stated that in 1944 and 1945 Mrs. ROSENBERG sat on the Advisory Board of the National War Mobilization and Reconversion Board as a public member.

General CLAY described Mrs. ROSENBERG as a liberal, by which he said he meant that "she is a great believer in the rights of the under-privileged." He said that her policy has for the most part, so far as he knows, been a "pro-labor" policy in that she usually defends the organized labor view whenever she sits on any public board.

General CLAY said that in 1942, Mrs. ROSENBERG was very closely connected with Mr. SIDNEY HILLMAN of the CIO Garment Workers Union in New York City. The General described SIDNEY HILLMAN as a "radical labor leader" because in the General's opinion, HILLMAN'S tactics were contrary in many ways to the accepted American procedures, and, further, because SIDNEY HILLMAN in the General's estimation was the person most responsible for American participation in the World Federation of Trade Unions, which he described as Communist dominated. Mrs. ROSENBERG, according to General CLAY, supported the World Federation of Trade Unions and SIDNEY HILLMAN. The General said that he does not have any particulars at this date with which he could enlarge upon this point.

General CLAY described Mrs. ROSENBERG as a very able and intelligent woman, but he said that he would not recommend her for the position for which she has been nominated on the National Security Resources Board, because he feels she is not emotionally prepared to take an objective view of labor and industrial problems and will actually, because of her long standing bias, favor labor.

General CLAY said that it is his understanding that she will be a public member of the National Security Resources Board, in which capacity it is not her duty to represent either labor or industry. She is to have an unbiased and an objective view. He said that he does not believe that she would represent the public view as she should.

General CLAY said that Mrs. ROSENBERG has long been identified with labor and politics although he believes that within the last few years she has dealt less in political matters than in years gone by. He said that she was closely associated with President Roosevelt during his term as President of the United States.

The "New York Times" for March 19, 1945, carried a news item to the effect that the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union, headed by SIDNEY HILLMAN, has joined the Greater New York Industrial Union Council - CIO, which is very heavily pro-Communist. The "Times" article states that

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the affiliation of the ACW with this Council "stresses the increased collaboration between Mr. HILLMAN and the Communist left-wing elements in the CIO in the last year."

In the May 1, 1945, issue of the "New York Post" an article appeared entitled, "Labor News and Comment" written by columnist VICTOR RIESEL, stated as follows:

"A world labor coalition sponsored by Russian, British and CIO American Unions today had lost its fight to become the World Security Council's Labor Division. Although Foreign Commissar MOLOTOV personally interceded for it, opposition for the World Trade Union Conference was strong in the Steering Committee so that the Russian delegates were forced to withdraw their proposal.

"The American Delegation led the fight on the Russian move.

"The WTUC is controlled by SIDNEY HILLMAN, Chairman of the Political Action Committee, PHILIP MURRAY - CIO President, Sir WALTER CITRIN, head of the British Unions, and KUZNETSOV, Chairman of the Russian All Union Councils of Trade Unions."

In an article in the "New York Times" dated June 18, 1946, entitled, "WFTU Denounced as 'Fifth Column'". It was stated that:

"The World Federation of Trade Unions which is demanding more than a consultative relationship with the United Nations was denounced today by GEORGE MEANY, Secretary-Treasurer of the American Federation of Labor as a 'World-Wide Fifth Column' organization formed by Russia for the purpose of inculcating world labor with the views of Soviet world policy.

"Addressing the California State Federation of Labor at its first postwar convention, Mr. MEANY charged that the WFTU, which claims a membership of sixty-six million, including twenty-seven million Russians, 'has a big assignment in Soviet plans for the future.'"

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*Summary of Background of IRVING BEREZIN,
Assistant to Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG in
her private business*

The following investigation concerning IRVING BEREZIN was
conducted by Special Agent LEONARD B. FARRELL *in connection with Rosenberg application
for government employment*

[redacted] advised that he is

[redacted] ANNA ROSENBERG who [redacted]

[redacted] stated that IRVING BEREZIN has been
Mrs. ROSENBERG'S assistant in this business since about 1945, prior to which
he acted as an assistant to Mrs. ROSENBERG while employed as Director of
Manpower Utilization in the War Manpower Commission, Region No. 2, of which
Mrs. ROSENBERG was the head.

[redacted] said that he believes that prior to
BEREZIN'S connection with the War Manpower Commission that he had been
employed by the New York State Employment Service, and he described BEREZIN
as a very intelligent person whose reputation, character and loyalty are not
to be questioned.

miss
Miss TERESA LANERI, Personnel Administrator, Personnel Section,
New York State Employment Service, 40 East 59th Street, advised that she
recalled IRVING BEREZIN as having been employed by the New York State
Employment Service from about 1937 to 1942, at which time he became a member
of the Armed Forces. She stated that shortly thereafter the New York State
Employment Service came under federal control and was incorporated with the
War Manpower Commission. She said that Mr. BEREZIN was reassigned to that
service while in the United States Army and functioned therewith for a
number of years.

Miss LANERI said that Mr. BEREZIN married Miss DOROTHY RONKER
who had also been employed in that office.

She furnished a partial file on IRVING BEREZIN which reflected
the following: That he was employed with the New York State Employment
Service from December, 1937 until January, 1942, at which time the Employment
Service was federalized. The record reflects that from February 1, 1943 until
June, 1943, he was employed by the War Manpower Commission and on the latter
date entered the Armed Forces. From July, 1945 to February, 1946, BEREZIN
was again connected with the War Manpower Commission.

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The record also indicates that BEREZIN was employed in the following capacities:

U. S. Public Health Service, New York City, October, 1935
to December, 1935;
Workmen's Circle Camp, Hopewell Junction, New York,
1931 - 1935 (summers)
The Young Circle League of America, 175 East Broadway,
December, 1933 to September, 1935
Public Library, 476 Fifth Avenue, July, 1929 to January,
1933.

Nothing unfavorable appears in the New York State Employment files at New York City.

It will be noted that with regard to the Workmen's Circle, a book entitled "The Workmen's Circle" by MAXIMILIAN HURWITZ printed by the New York Workmen's Circle in 1936, stated that a charter was obtained on November 22, 1905, entitling the Workmen's Circle to operate as a benevolent fraternal association under the laws of the State of New York.

The book states that the period from 1921 to 1930 was one of a fight between the right and left elements and during this period it was sometimes necessary to divide a branch into two branches, left and right, in order to avoid trouble. It was finally necessary for the troublesome leftists to be thrown out of various branches and to be made members at large and for some branches to be disbanded. According to Mr. HURWITZ, the left elements of this organization finally withdrew and formed the International Workers Order.

It is further stated in this book that this organization operates summer camps and schools at various parts of the United States, and that about one half of the membership was in New York City.

It is to be noted that the International Workers Order is one of the organizations listed by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-2 advised that he has known IRVING BEREZIN as an assistant to ANNA ROSENBERG for several years. He said that he also knew BEREZIN when he was in the United States Army serving with the War Manpower Commission in New York City. T-2 advised that BEREZIN had in the early 1940's been very active as a leader in the State, County and Municipal Workers Union, later known as the United Federal Workers. T-2 said that he has had very limited contacts with BEREZIN in recent years but does not believe him to be disloyal to the United States. He said that BEREZIN in his association with ANNA ROSENBERG has been and is pro-labor in his views.

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It will be noted that a review of of "The Civil Service Standard" in December, 1942, reflected that a convention was held in New York City, on October 14, 1938, at which time the New York District Organization of the State, County and Municipal Workers of America - CIO was established. The Executive Board was composed of certain individuals among whom was one IRVING BEREZIN.

A review of the "Employee" of May 27, 1944, reflects that Local 28 of the State, County and Municipal Workers of America - CIO, installed officers on April 26, 1944, among them being DOROTHY BEREZIN as a member of the Executive Board.

It will be noted in this connection that IRVING BEREZIN'S wife is named DOROTHY BEREZIN and that she was formerly employed by the New York State Employment Service in New York City.

The election records of Manhattan reflect that IRVING BEREZIN registered with one of the two major parties in 1948 and 1949 and that his wife, DOROTHY, registered with the American Labor Party in 1948 and 1949.

The election records of Queens County reflect that for the years 1945, 1946 and 1947, IRVING BEREZIN registered with one of the two major parties, but that his wife registered with the American Labor Party in 1945 and 1946.

In 1944 the records indicated that ROSE BEREZIN and IRVING BEREZIN both registered with the American Labor Party. It should be noted that ROSE BEREZIN is the mother of IRVING BEREZIN.

In 1941 and 1942, the records indicate that IRVING BEREZIN registered with the American Labor Party.

In a list of Citations by Official Government Agencies of Organizations and publications found to be Communist or Communist fronts, dated December 18, 1948, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., the following appears:

AMERICAN LABOR PARTY

1. "For years, the Communists have put forth the greatest efforts to capture the entire American Labor Party throughout New York

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"State. They succeeded in capturing the Manhattan and Brooklyn sections of the American Labor Party, but outside of New York City they have been unable to win control." (Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Report - March 29, 1944, p. 78)

2. Among "organizations that are victims of Communist domination." (California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report - 1948, pp. 40 and 41)

The records of the Board of Elections reflect that BEREZIN was born in Russia and that he was naturalized in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in 1921.

The Immigration and Naturalization Service in New York City can locate no record of BEREZIN'S naturalization.

Confidential Informants T-4, T-5, T-6, and T-7, of known reliability, advised that they have no knowledge of IRVING BEREZIN.

The Bureau of Special Services and Investigation of the New York City Police Department advised Special Agent AUGUST J. MICEK that there is no record of IRVING BEREZIN or any member of his family.

CREDIT AND CRIMINAL

The records of the Credit Bureau of Greater New York reflected, in a report dated October 25, 1946, that ANNA M. ROSENBERG, and her husband, JULIUS, resided at 1136 Fifth Avenue, New York City. She was reported to be approximately 46 years of age and had no children residing at home. Mrs. ROSENBERG has resided at the above address since October 1, 1940, occupying Apartment 11-A, at a rental of \$250.00 per month. The ROSENBERGS were listed as being satisfactory tenants. Mrs. ROSENBERG was reported to be engaged in business for herself as a Consultant on Labor and Public Relations, located at 444 Madison Avenue. She left the War Manpower Commission September 15, 1945; was formerly Regional Director of this Organization and was so engaged from September 18, 1942, at 11 West 42nd Street. Mrs. ROSENBERG was also formerly with the Social Security Board and Assistant to HUGH JOHNSON with NRA. Mrs. ROSENBERG'S husband was listed as President of the Chatham Carpet Corporation, 40 East 30th

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Street, New York City. The records further reflected Mrs. ROSENBERG has a satisfactory credit rating, and nothing of an unfavorable nature was contained in the records. No credit record was located for her husband or other members of her family.

Records of the New York City Police Department were checked by SA AUGUST J. MICEK and no criminal record for ANNA ROSENBERG or other members of her family was found.

-REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN-

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ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

Investigation at Immigration and Naturalization Service and the Credit Bureau of Greater New York was conducted by SE WILLIAM R. SWEENEY.

In Washington Field teletype to New York, September 8, 1950, it was set out that JULIUS ROSENBERG, not otherwise identified, was a member of the Communist Party, USA in 1940. It was suggested that the Second Regional Office be contacted for further information relative to the item.

Mr. WILLIAM SCANLAN, Investigator of the Civil Service Commission, Second Regional Office, New York City, advised that a complete and thorough check of all records fail to indicate any record of JULIUS ROSENBERG or ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG. Mr. SCANLAN stated that several years ago the files which were maintained in the New York Office were all forwarded to the Washington Office of the Civil Service Commission and no records were retained at New York City.

In Washington Field teletype to New York, September 8, 1950, it was stated that the "Daily Worker" of June 3, 1944, Page 2, reflects an article captioned "City an Exception to New Manpower Job Controls". This article quotes statements made by Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG, War Manpower Regional Director, at a press conference. The above article was reviewed and indicates the same information as set out in similar articles which appeared in the "New York Times" and the "New York Herald Tribune" and contained information given by Mrs. ROSENBERG to a general press conference. As this information was general information it was not deemed pertinent and was consequently not set forth in the body of this report.

The above referenced teletype also states that reference is made to the "Daily Worker" for January 21, 1943 regarding ROSENBERG. This article is entitled "Rally to Hit Ban on FEPC Hearing". This article stated that a protest meeting against the cancellation by War Manpower Commissioner PAUL V. MC NUTT of the public hearings on employment discrimination in the railroad industry is being called by the Negro Labor Victory Committee and People's Committee of Greater New York.

The article went on to say that telegrams of invitation to attend the meeting were sent to several prominent people in New York City among which was Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG, Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission. The above information was not deemed pertinent and, therefore, not included in the body of this report.

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE CONT'D.

In Washington Field teletype to New York dated September 11, 1950 it was stated that the House Committee on Un-American Activities' files reflect that ANN ROSENBERG, 1190 Shakespeare Avenue, Bronx, New York and one ANNA ROSENBERG, 2830 Olinville Avenue, Bronx, New York signed the Communist Party Petition of New York State in 1942. Investigation at the above two residences indicates that ANN ROSENBERG and ANNA ROSENBERG are still residing at their respective addresses and have resided there for the past ten years.

The referenced teletype also stated that ANNA ROSENBERG, 1921 Stillwell Avenue, Kings, signed the Communist Party petition in 1942. Records of the Board of Elections of Kings County were checked and indicate that in 1942 Mrs. ANNA ROSENBERG registered from 1921 Stillwell Avenue and at that time was 31 years of age, married, had resided 20 years in New York City, was born in Poland and naturalized in July 1936 in the Eastern District of New York. In view of the differences in age, differences in residence and differences in dates of naturalization, it is concluded that the above ANNA ROSENBERG is not identical with applicant.

(The above referenced teletype also stated) that JULIUS ROSENBERG, 133 Ellery Street, Kings, signed the Communist Party petition of New York State in 1942. The records of the Board of Elections of Kings County reflect that in 1942 JULIUS ROSENBERG registered from 133 Ellery Street and at that time was 50 years of age, was married, had resided in New York City for three years and was naturalized in June 1935 in the Eastern District of New York. From the above information it was concluded that the above JULIUS ROSENBERG is not identical with applicant's husband.

(The above referenced teletype also stated) that JULIUS ROSENBERG of 2100 Creston Avenue, Bronx, New York, and JULIUS ROSENBERG, 4839 47th Street, Queens, signed the 1939-1940 New York City Communist Party petitions. Investigation at the above two residences indicate that these JULIUS ROSENBERGS still reside at their respective addresses and have resided there for a period of more than ten years.

Records of the Board of Elections, Borough of Manhattan, were checked and indicated that ANNA M. ROSENBERG and her husband, JULIUS ROSENBERG, have registered with one of the two major political parties since 1933.

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ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE CONT'D

The records indicate that they have registered from their address at 1136 Fifth Avenue from 1940 to date; that from 1936 through 1939 they registered from their address at 49 East 96th Street and that prior to 1936 they registered from their address at 210 West 78th Street, New York City.

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CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The identity of the confidential informants mentioned in the report of Special Agent CHARLES W. MILLER, dated September 20, 1950, at New York, are as follows:

T-1

[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted] who is being carried
as an informant upon his own request.

T-2

[redacted]
[redacted] who is being carried
as a confidential informant upon his own
request.

T-3

[redacted]

T-4

[redacted]

T-5

[redacted]

T-6

[redacted]

T-7

[redacted]

contacted by SA EDWARD W. BUCKLEY.

Washington Field T-1

U. S. Civil Service Commission contacted
at Washington, D.C. by the Washington Field
Office.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: October 12, 1950

FROM : GUY HOTTEL, SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

SUBJECT: ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG - 487, Nee Lederer
SPECIAL INQUIRY
NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD APPLICANT

Reference is made to Bureau file 126-486 and to the report of SA D. F. MCGILLICUDDY, Jr., dated September 19, 1950, at Washington, D. C., title and character as set forth above, (WFO 77-15072).

During the course of the investigation, an attempt was made to contact Mr. PAUL GRIFFITH, Assistant Secretary of Defense, at the National Defense Establishment, who was then on vacation. Upon Mr. GRIFFITH's return, he requested that he be contacted and the results of that interview are being forwarded in the attached report.

77-15072

DFM:teb

Encl.

RECORDED

126-486-6
OCT 18 1950

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

FILE NO. **77-15072**

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE 10/12/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 9/25/50	REPORT MADE BY D. F. MCGILICUDDY, JR. teb
TITLE ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG - 487, nee Lederer			CHARACTER OF CASE SPECIAL INQUIRY - NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD APPLICANT

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

USA 704
PAUL GRIFFITH, Office of the Secretary of Defense, reports applicant of sound character, reputation and loyalty.

- RUC -

REFERENCE: Bureau file 126-486
Report of Special Agent D. F. MCGILICUDDY dated September 19, 1950

DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Mr. PAUL GRIFFITH, Assistant Secretary of Defense, Office of the Secretary of Defense, National Defense Establishment, advised that during the war years, he was a Colonel in the United States Army and assigned to the Office of the Secretary of Defense. He reports that in this capacity he had, on many occasions, contacted Mrs. ROSENBERG because of her affiliation with the Retraining and Reemployment Administration, the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, the War Manpower Commission and the President's Committee on Universal Military Training. He reported that, subsequent to the war, Mrs. ROSENBERG was in charge of employment at the Veterans' Service Center in New York, explaining that this was a privately financed enterprise and that Mrs. ROSENBERG was very prominent in fostering the activities of this organization. He reported that because of the mutual problem of veterans' employment between the Veterans' Service Center and the Office of the Secretary of Defense, he

APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT (3) - Bureau 1 - Washington Field <i>1 cc MSRB via Mrs. Condit - [unclear] - [unclear]</i>		126-486 OCT 18 1950 <i>[Handwritten initials]</i>	RECORDED - 45

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51 OCT 26 1950

WFO 77-15072

contacted Mrs. ROSENBERG many times in her New York office. He reports that all of his contacts have been of an official nature, that he has had no personal social contact with her and that during his association with Mrs. ROSENBERG, he gained the impression that she was a close advisor of President ROOSEVELT. He reported further that he understands Mrs. ROSENBERG is a specialist on the problem of manpower and is well-qualified in this capacity. He stated at no time had he ever any reason to question the applicant's character or reputation indicating, however, that he concluded that Mrs. ROSENBERG is a liberal thinker. GRIFFITH stated, however, that in making this statement, he did not intend to imply that there was any question as to her loyalty, indicating, however, that his viewpoint and Mrs. ROSENBERG's viewpoint on social and political matters were somewhat at variance. GRIFFITH stated that in fairness to Mrs. ROSENBERG, he should report that he has been described as reactionary and as a conservative person and it is quite possible that others would not regard Mrs. ROSENBERG as a liberal thinker. In any event, GRIFFITH stated that he has had no reason to question Mrs. ROSENBERG's loyalty to the United States. He stated he thought she would be a very fine person for a position involving manpower problems.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

BUREAU

DE

FILE NO. 126-66

REPORT MADE AT DETROIT, MICHIGAN	DATE WHEN MADE 9/15/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 9/15/50	REPORT MADE BY GABRIEL J. PEASE CAM
TITLE ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG - 487 Nee Lederer			CHARACTER OF CASE SPECIAL INQUIRY - NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD - APPLICANT
<p>SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: USA - Fay</p> <p><i>corrected by 4-25-50</i> <i>Director</i> ✓ Applicant is the most capable administrator, loyal citizen, and considered most valuable to the Government in time of emergencies.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">- RUC -</p> <p>REFERENCE: (126-486). Washington Field teletype, September 14, 1950.</p> <p>DETAILS: <i>cc: [unclear] 25-50</i> <i>also</i></p> <p>ERNEST ERICKSON, Vice-President-Treasurer, Swift's Hy-Grade Food Company, 2801 Michigan Avenue, Detroit, Michigan, advised that the Applicant was Director of War Manpower Commission, New York City, and he had frequent contact with the Applicant about three or four times a week. Mr. ERICKSON had many occasions to be out with the Applicant in various meetings. He stated the Applicant was the most capable administrator and a clean citizen. To Mr. ERICKSON's personal knowledge, the Applicant enjoyed complete access to the White House during FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT's administration.</p> <p>Mr. ERICKSON stated the Applicant was too smart to belong to any questionable organization.</p> <p>He advised that the Applicant was the most important person in the Government in the time of emergency, and that the Applicant would be a valuable asset because of her access to information, by that Mr. ERICKSON means labor leaders will confide with her.</p> <p>Mr. ERICKSON stated he has the highest regard for the Applicant.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">- RUC -</p>			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 3 - Bureau 1 - Detroit 51 OCT 27 1950		DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES. 126-486-8 RECORDED - 45 <i>[Signature]</i>	

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

FILE NO. **126-75**

REPORT MADE AT ALBANY	DATE WHEN MADE 9/7/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 9/7/50	REPORT MADE BY BOYNTON C. LEONARD <i>mee</i>
TITLE ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG--487 <i>Nee Lederer</i>			CHARACTER OF CASE SPECIAL INQUIRY--NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD--APPLICANT

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Dean DORIS CROCKETT, Russell Sage College, Troy, NY, advised applicant received honorary degree of Master of Humane Letters on 5/16/43. Miss CROCKETT advised she does not recall applicant nor does anyone else at Russell Sage.

- RUC -

REFERENCES:

Bufile 126-486.
Bulet to New York dated August 23, 1950.

DETAILS:

AT TROY, NEW YORK

DORIS CROCKETT, Dean, Russell Sage College, Troy, New York, advised her records reflect the applicant received an Honorary Degree of Master of Humane Letters at Russell Sage College on May 16, 1943. She advised that the applicant was recommended for this degree by one of the members of the Board of Trustees of Russell Sage College, one OAKLEY KENNEDY who resides in New York City. She advised that she does not recall the applicant and stated that there was no one at Russell Sage that would know Mrs. ROSENBERG.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>R. Wallace, Jr.</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT (3) - Bureau (AMSD) 1 - Albany		<div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">126-486-9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> SEP 9 1950 37 </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> RECORDED 45 </div>
<div style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold;">51 OCT 27 1950</div>		<div style="font-size: 1.2em;">100-75-10/13/50</div>	

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

FILE NO. 126-38

BTM

REPORT MADE AT CHARLOTTE	DATE WHEN MADE 9-22-50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 9-21-50	REPORT MADE BY JOHN ALDEN MUNN
TITLE Mrs. ANNIE MARIE ROSENBERG			CHARACTER OF CASE APPLICANT NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Mrs. ANNIE MARIE ROSENBERG was a member during the past war of advisory boards to the Economic Stabilization Board and War Mobilization Board under Mr. JAMES F. BYRNES, former Director of the named Boards. Mr. BYRNES stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG had outstanding skill and ability in the labor field, and that she always performed her work in a brilliant, efficient and satisfactory manner. Mr. BYRNES stated her associates were the leaders of the U. S. Government. He stated she was a person of fine character and unquestioned loyalty.

- RUC -

REFERENCE:

Bureau teletype to Charlotte, dated September 20, 1950.

DETAILS:

At Spartanburg, South Carolina

The Honorable JAMES F. BYRNES, Governor-elect of the State of South Carolina, former member of the United States Senate, former associate justice of the United States Supreme Court, and the holder of other important positions in the Government of the United States, residence - Connecticut Avenue Extension, advised that he became acquainted with Mrs. ANNIE MARIE ROSENBERG in 1939 at the "White House" in Washington, D. C. inasmuch as Mrs. ROSENBERG was a particularly close friend and confidant of the late President FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT. At that time, she was serving as the liaison between the President and PHILLIP MURRAY, Head of the CIC, and WILLIAM GREEN, Head of the A.F. of L. Mr. BYRNES pointed out that Mr. MURRAY and Mr. GREEN highly respected Mrs. ROSENBERG because of her

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>Charles W. Brown</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES.
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 3 - Bureau (SPECIAL DELIVERY) 1 - Charlotte 5100121 100-45683 10/13/50	<div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">126-486-10</div> <div style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold;">RECORDED 45</div> <div style="font-size: 1.2em;">SEP 28 1950</div>

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Charlotte 126-38

outstanding and skillful work in the labor field, and she often served as consultant to those officials. Mr. BYRNES stated she performed this liaison work in a highly satisfactory manner.

Mr. BYRNES stated that she was thereafter named as the head of the Regional Office in New York of the War Manpower Board, and she performed an excellent job in handling the labor problems of that most important industrialized area. Mr. BYRNES stated she has great ability in the labor field and in fact, he stated she was the most brilliant woman that he knew in that field.

Mr. BYRNES stated that when he became the Director of the Economic Stabilization Board on October 1, 1942, Mrs. ROSENBERG was a member of his advisory board. He explained that the advisory board consisted of twelve members, three persons each, from the general public, labor, farm and business fields. Mrs. ROSENBERG was a member of the labor division, and also continued to serve on the War Manpower Board in New York City.

Mr. BYRNES advised that there was then established the War Mobilization Board which covered about the same work of the old Economic Stabilization Board plus other duties, and he became the Director of the War Mobilization Board on May 28, 1943. He stated Mrs. ROSENBERG continued as an advisor to his office, and also continued her work as Regional Head in New York City of the War Manpower Board.

Mr. BYRNES stated she always performed her work in a brilliant, efficient and highly satisfactory manner. Mr. BYRNES stated that she had outstanding skill and ability in the labor field.

Mr. BYRNES stated she was a lady of fine character and reputation. She was a close friend of the late President ROOSEVELT, as well as being on friendly terms and an associate of such outstanding men in the United States Government as BERNARD BARUCH, ROBERT PATTERSON, General DWIGHT EISENHOWER and many other well known leaders in the Government. Mr. BYRNES stated that she is of unquestioned loyalty.

Mr. BYRNES stated if she were assigned to work in the labor field for the National Security Resources Board, that he was positive that she would continue to perform the same high caliber of work as she performed during the past war.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

BUREAU

FILE NO. 126-136 MC

REPORT MADE AT BOSTON, MASS.	DATE WHEN MADE 9/22/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 9/22/50	REPORT MADE BY WILLIAM D. CRONIN
TITLE ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG - 487 nee LEDERER			CHARACTER OF CASE SPECIAL INQUIRY - NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Dr. KARL T. COMPTON, Chairman of the Corporation, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts, was acquainted with Mrs. ROSENBERG when she was a member of the Advisory Commission on Universal Training. Based on this association, Dr. COMPTON recommends Mrs. ROSENBERG as a sound, stable, loyal American.

- RUC -

REFERENCE: Washington Field teletype of September 15, 1950, to Boston.

DETAILS: Dr. KARL T. COMPTON, Chairman of the Corporation, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts, said that ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG served with him as a member of the Advisory Commission of the Universal Training Program. He said he knows nothing of her background or other activities and has only had limited contact with her by way of correspondence during the past two or three years.

Dr. COMPTON stated, however, that, as a result of his close association with Mrs. ROSENBERG on the Advisory Commission, he respects her for her ability and stable judgment and vouches for her loyalty to the United States.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT (3) - Bureau (126-486) (AMSD) 1 - Boston 51 OCT 21 1950	<div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">126-136-486</div>
	RECORDED 45

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

BUREAU

FILE NO. 126-75

pep

REPORT MADE AT ALBANY, N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE 9/26/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 9/21, 22/50	REPORT MADE BY FRED K. MORGAN
TITLE ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, nee Lederer -- 487			CHARACTER OF CASE SPECIAL INQUIRY - NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD - APPLICANT

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

RICHARD C. BROCKWAY has known ROSENBERG since 1940 and recommends her for position. BROCKWAY states applicant's character depends on whom one talks to. Her loyalty is unquestioned, and she has associated with (left-wing in) Communist groups in business contacts only.

- RUC -

REFERENCE:

Bureau file 126-486.
New York teletype to Albany dated September 13, 1950.

DETAILS:

Mr. RICHARD C. BROCKWAY, Assistant Executive Director, Division of Placement and Unemployment Insurance, New York State, advised that he has known the applicant since 1940 and during his association with her the applicant held the positions of Regional Director of the Social Security Board and Regional Director of the War Man Power Board. He stated that the applicant was a very close advisor of the late President ROOSEVELT, the Cabinet, Mr. MC NUTT, Governor DEWEY, General SUMMERVILLE, and other high Government people. He said the applicant was considered extremely valuable because of her contacts and influences with both Labor and Industry.

The applicant's work required that she be in contact with all groups, including left-wing and Communist organizations, and that she did business with them all. He advised that the applicant charged very high fees for her services in private

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>RW Wall</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
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AL. 126-75

practice and she was always loyal to the group she represented.

Mr. BROCKWAY said that he had met the applicant's husband and son and stated that her husband was a "good guy". He advised that he does not question her loyalty to the country, ~~and that his personal opinion is that she does not have left-wing tendencies, but that some people may state otherwise.~~ *omit*

Mr. BROCKWAY stated that the applicant is a very shrewd and able negotiator and her character depends upon whom you talk to. He stated that her personal reputation is good. The applicant's associates are varied and from the top circles of business, labor and politics.

The applicant does not have any subversive connections except through business, ~~(and Mr. BROCKWAY'S personal observation is "no one would ever be able to hang ANNA for having played the left".)~~ *omit* He recommended her for the position.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: October 4, 1950

FROM : Mr. S. J. Tracy

SUBJECT: ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG
NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD APPLICANT

Tolson	_____
Ladd	_____
Clegg	_____
Glavin	_____
Nichols	_____
Rosen	_____
Tracy	_____
Harbo	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Nease	_____
Gandy	_____

[redacted] advised confidentially that Anna Marie Rosenberg is very close to the CIO, that she is close to a Mr. Baxter in the CIO and has other personal contacts in that organization. It is apparent that she claims to be close to [redacted] however, she is not. [redacted] stated that A.F. of L. people have wondered how she managed to fool Roosevelt and although they know how she got to the late President, they have no idea how she managed to get to Truman.

[redacted] will discuss the matter with [redacted] and ask him for whatever information he might be able to give the Bureau in connection with the applicant investigation for a position with the NSRB. [redacted] stated she did not know what [redacted] might wish to say about her.

[redacted] informed me that during the past war Anna Marie Rosenberg was very close to a man named Mitchell who was working with General Somervell in the Services of Supply Division of the Army. Subsequently, Mitchell secured a high paying job at Macy's through Mrs. Rosenberg's influence.

[redacted] stated very confidentially that she understood that Mitchell was a deviate. She did not recall Mitchell's first name, although she had met him and was personally of the opinion he was, to say the least, effeminate.

If any of the foregoing information is placed in a report, care should be taken that [redacted] identity is fully protected.

I am to contact [redacted] office tomorrow afternoon, Thursday, October 5th, for information from [redacted]

ADDENDUM: (10/7/50) I talked with [redacted] and she informed me that [redacted]

SJT:edm [redacted] but specifically asked that it not be mentioned in the report of the investigation that he had even been contacted, in other words, that the report not indicate he had said [redacted]

[redacted] She stated that there were several reasons why [redacted] preferred to remain completely out of the picture in connection with this particular investigation. [redacted] told her that his wishes would be respected in this connection.

S. J. Tracy

RECORDED 15

126-486-13
OCT 18 1950

9/14/50

WKS
FBI WASH FIELD

14 8 PM

DIRECTOR AND SAC DETROIT

URGENT

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG DASH FOUR EIGHT SEVEN NEE LEDEBER.

SPECIAL INQUIRY DASH NSRB DASH APPLI DASH BUFILE TWO SIX DASH
FOUR EIGHT SIX. APPLI BORN SEVEN NINETEEN ZERO TWO, BUDAPEST,
HUNGARY, WAS REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF THE WAR MANPOWER COMMISSION
NYC IN FORTY TWO DASH FORTY FIVE. GENERAL LEWIS HERSHEY OF
SELECTIVE SERVICE HQ. REPORTS THAT ERNEST ERICKSON WAS HIS LIAISON
MAN WITH ROSENBERG'S OFFICE AND HAD DAILY CONTACT WITH HER OFFICE
IN NYC. HE SUGGESTS ERICKSON BE INTERVIEWED. ERICKSON IS VICE
DASH PRESIDENT DASH TREASURER OF NY GRADE FOOD CO., MICHIGAN AVE.,
DETROIT. DETROIT WILL INTERVIEW. BUDED PAST.

HOTTEL

DTM:JVL

77-15072

RECORDED - 45

126-486-14

OCT 18 1950

9-8-50

8

6:23 p.m.

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

DIRECTOR AND SAC

U R G E N T

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG - FOUR EIGHT SEVEN, NEE LEDERER, SPECIAL INQUIRY, NSRB - APPLICANT. BUFILE ONE TWO SIX DASH FOUR EIGHT SIX. REBULET AUG TWENTYTHREE. CSC FILES REFLECT FOLLOWING INFO QUOTE JULIUS ROSENBERG, NOT OTHERWISE IDENTIFIED, COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE USA, NINETEEN FORTY MEMBERSHIP NUMBER SIX SIX NAUGHT THREE, NEW YORK DISTRICT NUMBER TWO, NEW YORK CITY, N.Y. A.D. OR WARD EIGHT BRANCH. ISSUED ON DEC TWELVE, NINETEEN THIRTYNINE UNQUOTE. IT WAS SUGGESTED THE SECOND REGIONAL OFFICE SHOULD BE CONTACTED FOR FURTHER INFO RELATIVE TO THIS ITEM. ALSO, THE DAILY WORKER OF JUNE THREE, FORTYFOUR, PAGE TWO, REFLECTS AN ARTICLE CAPTIONED QUOTE CITY AN EXCEPTION TO NEW MANPOWER JOB CONTROLS UNQUOTE. THIS ARTICLE QUOTES STATEMENTS MADE BY MRS. ANNA ROSENBERG, WMC REGIONAL DIRECTOR AT A PRESS CONFERENCE. A PICTURE OF ROSENBERG ALSO APPEARS IN SAME ISSUE. ALSO, AN INDIVIDUAL NAMED ANNA ROSENBERG IS STATED TO BE A MEMBER OF THE JOHN REED CLUB, A QUOTE REPORTEDLY COMMUNISTIC ORGANIZATION UNQUOTE AND WAS ONE OF THE SIGNERS OF A PROTEST ISSUED IN A STATEMENT TO THE NEW YORK TIMES ON MAY NINETEEN, NINETEEN THIRTY, PROTESTING WHAT THIS CLUB CALLED THE QUOTE RED SCARE UNQUOTE. ALSO, CSC REPORT REFLECTS ON JUNE TEN, NINETEEN THIRTYEIGHT A MRS. ROSENBERG SPOKE AT A MEETING AT THE STUYVESANT HIGH

DFM:NJB

77-15072

RECORDED

INDEXED - 45

126-486-15
OCT 18 1950

[REDACTED]

PAGE TWO

SCHOOL, WHICH MEETING WAS HELD UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE UNITED FEDERAL WORKERS OF AMERICA, CIO, AN QUOTE ALLEGED COMMUNIST DOMINATED GROUP UNQUOTE. CSC FURTHER REPORTS A CLIPPING FROM THE DAILY WORKER FOR SEP TWENTYONE, FORTYTWO, STATES THAT MRS. ANNA ROSENBERG, REGIONAL MANPOWER DIRECTOR, SPOKE AT A FAREWELL PARTY WHICH WAS GIVEN FOR DANIEL ALLEN, N.Y. DISTRICT SECRETARY-TREASURER OF THE STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL WORKERS OF AMERICA CIO, A QUOTE LOCAL, ALLEGEDLY CONTROLLED BY THE CP MEMBERS UNQUOTE, AT THE TIME HE WAS INDUCTED INTO THE U. S. ARMY. AT THIS MEETING A DEMAND WAS MADE BY THE PERSONS PRESENT FOR A SECOND FRONT IN THE THEN PRESENT CONFLICT. REFERENCE IS ALSO MADE TO THE DAILY WORKER FOR JAN TWENTYONE, FORTYTHREE, RE ROSENBERG. DETERMINE IF PERTINENT.

HOTTEL

Harry Hottel
Director

FBI WASH FIELD

9-7-50

6:30 pm

DIRECTOR

DEFERRED

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, FOUR EIGHT SEVEN NEE LEDERER, SPECIAL INQUIRY ~~NSRB~~ DASH
APPLICANT. BURFILE ONE TWO SIX DASH FOUR EIGHT SIX. REBULET AUG TWENTY THREE.
BECAUSE OF DIFFICULTY EXPERIENCED IN VERIFYING THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES WITH
WHICH THE APPLICANT WAS ASSOCIATED THE DEADLINE IN THIS CASE WILL NOT BE MET.

HOTTEL

DFM:ejb

77-15072

RECORDED - 45

126-486 16

OCT 18 1950

4/5
Ley Havel
Attorney

9-11-50

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

11

6:45p

DIRECTOR AND SAC

URGENT

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG DASH FOUR EIGHT SEVEN, NEE LEDERER, SPECIAL
INQUIRY, NSRB., APPLICANT. BUFILE ONE TWO SIX DASH FOUR EIGHT SIX.

REBULET AUGUST TWENTYTHREE. NSRB FILES REFLECT THAT ONE ANN ROSENBERG,
ONE ONE NINE NAUGHT SHAKESPEARE AVE., BRONX, ONE ANNA ROSENBERG,
TWO EIGHT THREE NAUGHT OLIVILLE AVE., BRONX, AND ONE ANNA ROSENBERG,
ONE NINE TWO ONE STILLWELL AVE., KINGS, NY, ALL SIGNED THE CP
PETITION OF NEW YORK STATE IN NINETEEN FORTYTWO. ALSO, JULIUS
ROSENBERG, ONE THREE THREE ELLERY ST., KINGS, NY, SIGNED THE SAME
PETITION. ALSO, THE FOLLOWING SIGNED THE NINETEEN THIRTYNINE DASH
FORTY NY CITY CP PETITIONS. JULIUS ROSENBERG, TWO ONE NAUGHT NAUGHT
CRESTON AVE., BRONX, JULIUS ROSENBERG, ONE THREE HEGEMAN AVE., BROOKLYN,
AND JULIUS ROSENBERG, FOUR EIGHT THREE NINE, FORTYSEVENTH ST., QUEENS.
ALSO, THE JANUARY NINETEEN FORTYONE ISSUE OF SOCIAL WORK TODAY LISTED
ONE ANNA M. ROSENBERG OF NYC, NOT FURTHER IDENTIFIED, CONTRIBUTED
FIVE DOLLARS TO SOCIAL WORK TODAY DURING NINETEEN FORTY. ALSO, THE
FEBRUARY, NINETEEN FORTYTWO ISSUE OF SOCIAL WORK TODAY LISTED AN
ANNA M. ROSENBERG, NYC, AS A COOPERATOR IN NINETEEN FORTYONE. THESE
REFERENCES WERE CHECKED AND THE NAME ONLY APPEARED. ALSO, ONE ANNA
ROSENBERG, NOT FURTHER IDENTIFIED, SIGNED A STATEMENT IN THE NY TIMES OF

RECORDED - 45

INDEXED - 45

126-486-17

17

67

PAGE TWO

MAY NINETEEN, NINETEEN THIRTY IN PROTEST OF WHAT THEY CALLED THE RED SCARE. THE SIGNERS WERE AFFILIATED WITH THE JOHN REED CLUB IT WAS INDICATED. RECORDS AT THE FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD, WASHINGTON, CONTAINS NO RECORD OF ROSENBERG'S AFFILIATION WITH THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANK. NEW YORK WILL CONDUCT APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION THERE. ALSO, WILL ATTEMPT VERIFICATION OF ROSENBERG'S MEMBERSHIP WITH THE ARMY ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR THE FIRST US ARMY IN NYC.

HOTTEL

77-15072

DFM:MFM

9/14/50

WASHINGTON AND BOSTON FROM WASH FIELD

14

6:20p

DIRECTOR AND SAC

URGENT

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG DASH FOUR EIGHT SEVEN, NEE LEDERER, SPECIAL

INQUIRY DASH NSRB DASH APPLICANT. BUFILE ONE TWO SIX DASH FOUR EIGHT

SIX. APPLICANT BORN JULY NINETEEN NINETEEN NAUGHT TWO, BUDAPEST,

HUNGARY, INDICATES SHE WAS A MEMBER OF THE ADVISORY COMMISSION OF THE

PRESIDENT ON UNIVERSAL TRAINING, NINETEEN FORTYSIX DASH FORTYSEVEN.

GENERAL LEWIS HERSHEY OF SELECTIVE SERVICE HQ REPORTS APPLICANT WOULD BE

KNOWN BY DR. CARL COMPTON NOW WITH MASS. INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY.

BOSTON WILL INTERVIEW. BUDED PAST.

HOTTEL

DFM:MFM

77-15072

RECORDED - 45

126-486-18

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Belmont _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

Mr. [Signature]
 4211

FBI ALBANY 9-26-50 6-57PM

CHS

DIRECTOR, FBIU R G E N T.....

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. REURTEL SEPT. TWENTY FIVE, FIFTY.
 REPORT SUBMITTED TODAY.

WALL

A AND H PLS

6-59 PM OK FBI WA MIM

RECORDED

126-486-19
 OCT 18 1950

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to: SEPTEMBER 20, 1950 DEFERRED

SAC, CHARLOTTE

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB, APPLICANT. ROSENBERG BORN JULY NINETEEN
NINETEEN HUNDRED TWO, BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, PRESENTLY RESIDES ONE ONE THREE
SIX, FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY, HAS HELD NUMEROUS FEDERAL, STATE AND
LOCAL POSTS OVER PAST FIFTEEN YEARS AND HAS BEEN SELF EMPLOYED AS PUBLIC,
LABOR AND PERSONNEL RELATIONS CONSULTANT, NEW YORK CITY. GENERAL
LUCIUS D. CLAY HAS ADVISED THE NEW YORK OFFICE THAT ROSENBERG WAS FORMERLY
CLOSELY ASSOCIATED WITH JAMES P. BYRNES, SPARTANBURG, SOUTH CAROLINA, AS
MEMBER OF WPB OF WHICH BYRNES WAS HEAD. GENERAL CLAY STRONGLY SUGGESTED
BYRNES BE CONTACTED RE ROSENBERG. INTERVIEW BYRNES AND SUREP IMMEDIATELY.
ASSIGN TO MATURE EXPERIENCED AGENT.

HOOVER

RECORDED - 45

126-486 - 20
RSP:IMA

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

SENT VIA

Per

RECEIVED READING ROOM

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. E. A. Tamm	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

WASHINGTON FROM NEW YORK 26 18 8-13 P
 DIRECTOR URGENT

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG - FOUR EIGHT SEVEN, NEE LEDERER, SI NSRB, APPLIC-
 ANT. REBUFILE ONE TWO SIX DASH FOUR EIGHT SIX. GENERAL LUCIUS D.
 CLAY, INTERVIEWED THIS DATE, ADVISES ANNA ROSENBERG FORMERLY CLOSELY
 ASSOCIATED WITH JAMES F. BYRNES AS MEMBER OF WPB OF WHICH BYRNES WAS
 HEAD. GEN. CLAY STRONGLY SUGGESTS BYRNES BE CONTACTED RE ROSENBERG.
 GEN. CLAY DOES NOT RECOMMEND ROSENBERG AS HE DOES NOT BELIEVE SHE WOULD
 REPRESENT PUBLIC INTERESTS AS A PUBLIC MEMBER OF THE NSRB.
 DUE TO PREJUDICES IN BEHALF OF ORGANIZED LABOR. INTERVIEW OF JAMES F.
 BYRNES, GOVERNOR ELECT OF SOUTH CAROLINA, LEFT TO DISCRETION OF BUREAU.

SCHEIDT

HOLD PLS

RECORDED - 126-486-20
 OCT 18 1950 6

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

BUREAU

NY

FILE NO. 126-253 IAG

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 9/6/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 8/28-31; 9/1, 5, 6/50	REPORT MADE BY CHARLES W. MILLER
TITLE ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG--487 nee Lederer			CHARACTER OF CASE SPECIAL INQUIRY-NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD-APPLICANT

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

ROSENBERG'S self-employment as Public, Labor and Personnel Relations Consultant from September, 1945 to date, and prior to 1934, verified; nothing unfavorable developed. Served as Chairman or as member of numerous committees in NYC. All references recommend ROSENBERG highly; state ROSENBERG one of the foremost authorities on Labor Relations in the United States and a personal confidant of President TRUMAN and former President ROOSEVELT. References state ROSENBERG is entirely reliable, highly respected and definitely anti-Communist. ROSENBERG resides with husband at 1136 Fifth Avenue, NYC. Neighbors recommend highly. Acquaintances recommend ROSENBERG as to character, associates and loyalty; nothing unfavorable. No record located at INS, NYC for naturalization of ROSENBERG, or her parents. ROSENBERG has good credit rating, NYC. No criminal record for ROSENBERG, or family, NYC.

- RUC -

REFERENCE:

Bureau file 126-486
Bureau letter to New York City, 8/23/50

APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>Edward J. Scheidt</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES <div style="font-size: 2em; text-align: center;">126-486-21</div> <div style="text-align: right; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">RECORDED</div>
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 3 - Bureau 1 - New York <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 20px;">278 51 OCT 27 1950</div>	

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NY 126-253

DETAILS:

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Employment

Mr. JACK STRAUS, President, R. H. Macy & Co. Inc., Herald Square, New York City, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for a number of years and that, at the present time, Mrs. ROSENBERG has her own firm as Public, Labor and Personnel Relations Consultant, at 444 Madison Avenue, New York City. He stated that R. H. Macy employs Mrs. ROSENBERG as their Labor and Personnel Relations consultant and that he knew she has several other large accounts in New York City, such as the Nelson Rockefeller account, I. Miller and others. He stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG has also, during the past ten or twelve years, held numerous responsible Government positions and is very highly regarded by the officials in Washington, D.C. Mr. STRAUS stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a personal friend and confidant of former President ROOSEVELT and was a frequent guest at the White House when ROOSEVELT was President.

Concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG'S background, Mr. STRAUS stated she started her career in the early nineteen twenties as a Public Relations Counsel in New York City, had numerous small accounts and acted as a Public Relations Counselor for several politicians in New York City. In about 1933, or 1934, she was associated with General HUGH JOHNSON in the National Recovery Administration and was then appointed Regional Director of the NRA in New York State. He said Mrs. ROSENBERG then became Regional Director of the Social Security Board for New York State, which position she held until she became Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission at 11 West 42nd Street, New York City. Other than the above positions, Mr. STRAUS stated Mrs. ROSENBERG also served on numerous committees in New York City and that he served on several of these committees with her. Mr. STRAUS stated that from personal knowledge, he knew that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a member of the New York City Industrial Relations Board; the Mayor's Business Advisory Committee; New York City Defense Council; Mayor's Advisory Transit Commission and New York State War Council. Mr. STRAUS further stated he felt that Mrs. ROSENBERG was one of the most capable persons in the United States today in the field of Public and Personnel Relations. He said that, in his opinion, her services to R. H. Macy were indispensable, and he felt that any Government agency which might procure her services would be very fortunate. He further advised

NY 126-253

he knew Mrs. ROSENBERG to be definitely anti-Communist and that he could give her only the highest of recommendations as regards her character, associates, reputation and loyalty.

In the September 18, 1942 edition of the "New York World Telegram", an article appeared entitled, "ANNA ROSENBERG Gives Up Three Jobs To Take A Government War Post".

This article further stated Mrs. ROSENBERG had just been appointed the New York State Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission and that she had received the appointment from PAUL V. MC NUTT, Commission Chairman. It was further noted in the article that, at this time, she was Regional Director of the Social Security Board and that at the time of her appointment to the War Manpower Commission, she held six posts. She was Regional Director of the Social Security Board and of the Office of Defense, Health and Welfare Services; member of the State War Council; Secretary of the combined War Labor Board, on the Policy Committee of the New York City Defense Recreation Committee. Besides the above posts, she was Labor Advisor to Nelson Rockefeller, the Macy-Bamburger Stores and I. Miller Shoe Company, receiving a private income of \$28,500.00.

In a clipping from the March, 1946 issue of the "TWU--Transport Bulletin", an article appeared captioned: "Dispute Between TWU and NYCTS Submitted To Outside Arbitrators".

This article stated that the controversy between the Transport Workers Union and the New York City Board of Transportation was being brought before a five-man committee appointed by Mayor WILLIAM O'DWYER. Mrs. ANNA M. ROSENBERG was one of the five members of the committee appointed by Mayor O'DWYER. The article further stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was formerly advisor on manpower problems to Presidents TRUMAN and ROOSEVELT and, for six years, was the New York Regional Director of the Social Security Board. In 1942 she became Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission in New York, and in September, 1945 resumed her practice as Consultant in Industrial, Labor and Public Relations.

References

Mr. BERNARD M. BARUCH, 597 Madison Avenue, New York City, advised that he has been personally acquainted with ANNA ROSENBERG for a great

NY 126-253

number of years and has only the highest regard for her. He stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a personal friend of former President ROOSEVELT and was a frequent guest at the White House and at the ROOSEVELT home at Hyde Park. Mr. BARUCH stated that President ROOSEVELT, and, also, President TRUMAN, had relied upon her a great deal as a Consultant and Advisor on Labor and Manpower shortages during the War. He also stated that former President ROOSEVELT had appointed Mrs. ROSENBERG to several commissions set up to study industrial relations and labor problems in the United States and Abroad. Mr. BARUCH stated that, from his personal knowledge of Mrs. ROSENBERG, he considered her to be a person of the highest integrity and that there was no question in his mind but that she was a loyal United States citizen.

Mr. BARUCH further stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG holds the unique position of being very highly regarded by both the Labor Unions and Management; consequently, she is very successful in her work, as both sides have a great deal of trust in her and are willing to accept her decisions. He further advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG has long been fighting the infiltration of Communists in Labor Unions.

Mr. BARUCH stated he knew absolutely nothing unfavorable concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG and that, in fact, it was he who recommended Mrs. ROSENBERG to Mr. SYMINGTON, Head of the National Security Resources Board, as a member of the Board. With regard to Mrs. ROSENBERG'S loyalty, character, reputation and associates, Mr. BARUCH stated he could give her only the highest of recommendations.

Brigadier General DAVID SARNOFF, President, Radio Corporation of America, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York City, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG, both personally and professionally, for well over ten years. He stated he considered Mrs. ROSENBERG to be a woman of outstanding ability and character and, further, that she is one of the leading persons in the field of Personnel and Labor relations in the United States today. General SARNOFF advised that he was personally positive that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a true and loyal citizen of the United States. He recommended her, without hesitation, for any position of trust and confidence with the United States Government.

General SARNOFF further advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG was a personal confidant of former President ROOSEVELT and, at the present time, is a personal friend of the NELSON ROCKEFELLERS, Mr. JACK STRAUS, President of R. H. Macy, and other persons in the same social field.

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General SARNOFF stated further that in the Fall of 1944, former President ROOSEVELT appointed Mrs. ROSENBERG his personal representative to report to him on the problems of the returning soldiers in the European Theatre. He stated she was also appointed by former President ROOSEVELT and President TRUMAN a member of numerous Committees and Boards to study Labor (and) Relations and Labor problems in the United States and Abroad. ✓

Lieutenant General WALTER BEDELL SMITH, Commanding General, First Army, Governors Island, New York, advised that he has known Mrs. ROSENBERG for several years and has been a frequent visitor to the ROSENBERG home in New York City. General SMITH stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG was very highly regarded by former President ROOSEVELT and that he (President ROOSEVELT) relied a great deal upon her in many of his decisions. He further stated it was his personal opinion that, outside of President ROOSEVELT'S personal Secretary, the President relied more upon Mrs. ROSENBERG than any other single individual. General SMITH advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG is highly regarded by the TRUMAN Administration, but not to the extent she was at the time ROOSEVELT was President.

General SMITH stated that as far as Mrs. ROSENBERG'S loyalty, character, reputation and associates were concerned, he would give her only the highest of recommendations. He advised he knew of absolutely nothing which might, in any way, indicate that Mrs. ROSENBERG might have the slightest sympathy towards Communism; on the contrary, General SMITH stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG has been very outspoken against Communism and has fought the infiltration of Communists in Labor Unions in the United States. He further stated Mrs. ROSENBERG has one of the leading department stores in New York City as one of her accounts and that this department store is the only one of its kind in the City that is not controlled by a Communist dominated Union. General SMITH advised he felt this was entirely due to the efforts of Mrs. ROSENBERG.

General SMITH stated that he has met Mrs. ROSENBERG'S husband and other members of her family, and he considered all of them to be persons of good character and loyal citizens of the United States. He said Mrs. ROSENBERG'S husband is a very quiet and unobtrusive individual and that Mrs. ROSENBERG is definitely the dominating figure in the family. General SMITH said it was his belief that Mrs. ROSENBERG'S father was the cabinetmaker

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for the Royal family in Hungary, but, due to business reverses, was compelled to close his business and come to the United States.

General SMITH stated he was aware that Mrs. ROSENBERG had been asked to go with the National Security Resources Board and that he felt the Board would be extremely fortunate to obtain a person with the abilities of Mrs. ROSENBERG. He said he knew of nothing which would reflect unfavorably concerning Mrs. ROSENBERG, and he could give her only the highest of recommendations in all respects.

Neighborhood

1136 Fifth Avenue
New York City, New York

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, Superintendent, advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG and her husband, JULIUS, have resided in Apartment 11-A since prior to 1940. He stated they are very fine tenants who pay their rent promptly and that he considered both to be persons of excellent character who are loyal to the United States. Mr. SMITH advised that Mrs. ROSENBERG is presently head of her own business on Madison Avenue and that her [redacted]

[redacted] According to Mr. SMITH, Mr. ROSENBERG is connected with a large rug firm in New York City. Mr. SMITH stated that the ROSENBERGS are very quiet people, did very little entertaining, but when guests came to their home, they were such people as the ROCKEFELLERS, General JOHNSON, former Mayor LA GUARDIA, and other prominent individuals. He stated that, at no time has he had any reason to believe either Mr. or Mrs. ROSENBERG would be affiliated with any subversive organization. Mr. SMITH stated he highly recommended Mrs. ROSENBERG for a position of trust and confidence with the United States Government.

Mr. ANTHONY DE LELLO, Building Manager, advised that he has known the ROSENBERGS since they have been tenants in the building and considered them to be very high-type persons of excellent character. He stated the ROSENBERGS occupied a nine room apartment and had two servants. He further stated the ROSENBERGS had one [redacted] and not residing with Mr. and Mrs. ROSENBERG. Mr. DE LELLO advised he knew nothing which might reflect unfavorably upon the ROSENBERGS and that he considered them to be loyal United States citizens.

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Mrs. C. E. SAUNDERS, Apartment 11-D, advised that she has resided in the building, and on the same floor as the ROSENBERGS, for over six years. She stated that although she is not intimately acquainted with them, she considered the ROSENBERGS to be very fine neighbors and persons of excellent character and reputation. Mrs. SAUNDERS further stated that Mrs. ROSENBERG has her own firm as Personnel and Public Relations Consultant and that Mr. ROSENBERG is either the President or Vice-President of a rug firm in New York City. She stated the ROSENBERGS are very quiet and do very little entertaining but that when they do have visitors, their guests are all persons of excellent reputation and highly respectable. Mrs. SAUNDERS further advised that, to the best of her knowledge, the ROSENBERGS are true and loyal citizens of the United States. She concluded by highly recommending Mrs. ROSENBERG for a position of trust and confidence.

Miscellaneous

Lieutenant Colonel HENRY MULLER, Aide to Lieutenant General WALTER BEDELL SMITH, advised that he had met Mrs. ROSENBERG on numerous occasions at the times he accompanied General SMITH and that Mrs. ROSENBERG had impressed him as being a person of outstanding ability. He stated he knew Mrs. ROSENBERG had an excellent reputation and was highly regarded and respected by all of her acquaintances. Colonel MULLER stated he would highly recommend Mrs. ROSENBERG for a position of trust and confidence and he had no doubt concerning her character or loyalty to the United States.

In the 1946-1947 edition of "Who's Who in America", Volume 24, the following information appears:

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, born Budapest, Hungary,
6/19/1902--ALBERT LEDERER, CHARLOTTE (BAISKAI)
LEDERER. Brought to U.S. 1912, Naturalized
1919, received Honorary Master of Humane Letters
Russell Sage College, 1943. Married JULIUS
ROSENBERG October 12, 1919; one [redacted]
Public and Labor Relations Consultant since 1924;
with NRA 1934-1939, Regional Director 1935.
Regional Director Social Security Board 1936-1943,
also Office of Defense, Health and Welfare Services,
1941-1942. Regional Director War Manpower Commission

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since 1942, Consultant Retraining and Reemployment Administration 1944. Personal representative of President ROOSEVELT to European theatre of War to report on problems of returning soldier, August, 1944. Member NY City Industrial Relations Board, 1937; Chairman Sub-Committee on Bill of Rights and General Welfare, New York State Constitutional Convention Committee, 1937. Member Commission appointed by President ROOSEVELT to study Industrial Relations in Great Britain and Sweden, 1938; Secretary of the President's Labor Factory Board; Member of Executive Committee, Mayor's Business Advisory Committee of New York City. Member of Advisory Committee on Policy, Office of Co-Ordinator of Inter-American Affairs; Member NY State War Council, organizer and member of Executive Committee NYC Defense Recreation Committee; member of Executive Committee United Seamen's Service; member War Mobilization Advisory Board; member Committee for Mental Hygiene Menninger Foundation; member American Society for Public Administration; author of Chapter "Social Security And The National Purpose" in The Family in a World at War, 1942. Home 1136 Fifth Avenue; office 11 West 42nd Street, NY 18, NY.

A check was made of the records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, 70 Columbus Avenue, New York City, but no record of the naturalization of Mrs. ROSENBERG, or of either of her parents, could be located.

Credit and Criminal

The records of the Credit Bureau of Greater New York reflected, in a report dated October 25, 1946, that ANNA M. ROSENBERG, and her husband JULIUS resided at 1136 Fifth Avenue, New York City. She was reported to be approximately 46 years of age and had no children residing at home. Mrs. ROSENBERG has resided at the above address since October 1, 1940, occupying Apartment 11-A, at a rental of \$250.00 per month. The ROSENBERGS were listed as being satisfactory tenants. Mrs. ROSENBERG was reported to be engaged in business for herself as a Consultant on Labor and Public Relations, located at 444 Madison Avenue. She left the War Manpower Commission September 15, 1945, was formerly Regional Director of this Organization and was so engaged from September 18, 1942, at 11 West 42nd Street. Mrs. ROSENBERG was also formerly with the Social Security Board and Assistant to HUGH JOHNSON with NRA. Mrs. ROSENBERG'S husband

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was listed as President of the Chatham Carpet Corporation, 40 East 30th Street, New York City. The records further reflected Mrs. ROSENBERG has a satisfactory credit rating, and nothing of an unfavorable nature was contained in the records.

The records of the New York City Police Department were checked by SA AUGUST J. MICEK and no record was located for Mrs. ROSENBERG, or for members of her family.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

NY 126-253

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

The records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service and those of the Credit Bureau of Greater New York were checked by SE WILLIAM R. SWEENEY.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: September 12, 1950

FROM : G. C. Callan

SUBJECT: ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG
NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD

Tolson _____
 Ladd _____
 Clegg _____
 Glavin _____
 Nichols _____
 Rosen _____
 Tracy ✓ _____
 Harbo _____
 Mohr _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Nease _____
 Gandy _____

Re memorandum dated August 30, 1950, from Mr. Tracy to Mr. Tolson, which is attached.

It is suggested that you may desire to secure the comments of Mr. Tracy as to the advisability of having William Green interviewed for the record concerning Rosenberg, as it is apparent Green has some objection to her.

If Mr. Tracy thinks this desirable, Washington Field will be instructed to have a qualified Agent contact Green, or it may be that Mr. Tracy would prefer to handle this matter personally.

RSP:mfb
 126-486
 Attachment

ADDENDUM: (9/18/50) I do not believe it advisable for an Agent to contact [redacted] inasmuch as the information was furnished to me confidentially by [redacted]

[redacted] A tickler has been set up for this purpose.

SJT:edm

S. J. Tracy

RECORDED - 45

OCT 18 1950

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55 OCT 28 1950

SIX

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

DATE: October 12, 1950

FROM : Mr. Rosen

SUBJECT: ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG,
 nee Lederer, aka Mrs.
 Julius Rosenberg,
 Special Inquiry
 NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD

Tolson ☒
 Ladd ☒
 Clegg ☐
 Glavin ☐
 Nichols ☐
 Rosen ☐
 Tracy ☐
 Harbo ☐
 Mohr ☐
 Tele. Room ☐
 Nease ☐
 Gandy ☐

PURPOSE:

To furnish you with a summary of the information appearing in the investigative reports concerning Mrs. Rosenberg as a result of our investigation of her. You will recall that this is a case in which the Director desired to see the reports prior to transmittal.

BACKGROUND:

Birth:

Anna Marie Rosenberg was born July 19, 1902, at Budapest, Hungary, according to State Department and employment records. Immigration and Naturalization Service records reflecting her father's naturalization on June 7, 1917 lists her birth as July 19, 1899. Marriage license records reflect she claimed to be 20 years of age as of October 6, 1919, which would indicate year of her birth as 1899.

Citizenship:

Mrs. Rosenberg claims derivative citizenship, and files of the Immigration and Naturalization Service disclose that she filed an application for such on May 8, 1943, but has taken no further action with respect to this application.

It is reported that she can claim citizenship either through the naturalization of her father or through her marriage to a United States citizen on October 6, 1919 in New York City.

Education:

Mrs. Rosenberg attended Wadleigh High School, New York City, from September 15, 1915 to March 18, 1918, but did not graduate. On May 16, 1943, she was awarded the Honorary Degree of Master of Humane Letters by Russell Sage College, Troy, New York.

Employment:

Mrs. Rosenberg has been self-employed from 1924 to 1934, and from September 15, 1945 to the present as a public labor and personnel relations consultant. In the intervening years, she was employed as Regional Director of the War Manpower Commission,

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RSP:jeg

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39 JAN 13 1951

Memo to Mr. Ladd

Regional Director of the Office of Defense, Health and Welfare Service, Regional Director of the Social Security Board, New York State, and was also associated with the New York City Works Project Administration and associated with the National Recovery Administration. All of these employments were in New York City.

In addition to the above, she has served on numerous Federal, State, and local committees, commissions, and boards.

A considerable number of her employers and business associates were interviewed and all, without exception, considered Mrs. Rosenberg's loyalty unquestioned, and were high in their praise as to her ability and integrity. Some of the more prominent of these persons are Mr. Nelson A. Rockefeller, Director, Rockefeller Center, Inc., New York City; Mr. Charles E. Wilson, President, General Electric Company, New York City; Major General Julius Ochs Adler, Vice President and General Manager of the "New York Times;" Major General Lewis B. Hershey, Selective Service Headquarters, Washington, D. C.; and Mr. James F. Byrnes, Governor-Elect of the State of South Carolina.

General Lucius D. Clay, New York City, described Mrs. Rosenberg as a very able and intelligent woman, but stated he would not recommend her for a position with the National Security Resources Board, as he does not feel that she would take an objective view of labor and industrial problems and would favor labor in her undertaking.

Mr. Jack Altman, Vice President, Retail, Wholesale, and Department Store Union - CIO, New York City, advised he had known Mrs. Rosenberg over ten years, and although she has always represented management and was consequently "on the other side of the fence", he considered her to be a very capable and intelligent woman. He advised that the employees of Macy's Department Store, when first unionized, were dominated by Communist leaders; however, the current union is definitely anti-Communist, and in his opinion, Mrs. Rosenberg was highly instrumental in bringing about this change.

[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted] who are carried in the investigative reports as confidential informants in accordance with their requests, both advised that they had no question concerning Mrs. Rosenberg's loyalty. They stated, however, that she "carried water on both shoulders", in that she effects labor's desires as often as

Memo to Mr. Ladd

management's desires. They said that in dealing with her, it is a wise policy not to advise her as to the exact nature in so far as labor agreements are concerned, as she is an opportunist and will achieve results by compromising confidences and principles. [redacted] stated that she has referred information concerning labor agreements to be entered into by his firm to union officials which has not only been embarrassing to the company, but also highly detrimental to the company in its future negotiations.

References:

Mrs. Rosenberg listed Mr. Bernard M. Baruch, New York City, Brigadier General David Sarnoff, President of RCA, New York City, and Lt. General Walter Bedell Smith, Governor's Island, as references. Each of these persons gave their highest recommendation to Mrs. Rosenberg. Mr. Baruch stated that it was he who recommended Mrs. Rosenberg to Mr. Symington for a position with the National Security Resources Board. General Smith stated that Mrs. Rosenberg has been very outspoken against Communism, and has fought the infiltration of Communism in labor unions in the United States. These references, as did the other persons contacted, pointed out the close relationship that Mrs. Rosenberg has had with both the Roosevelt and Truman administrations.

Neighborhood:

The neighborhood investigation was entirely favorable.

Communist Connections:

The September 21, 1942 edition of the "Daily Worker" reported under the heading "Poletti Urges Second Front at Sendoff for Unionist", stated that a dinner was held in honor of Daniel Allen, Secretary-Treasurer of the State, County, and Municipal Workers Union. Among those listed as being present was Regional Manpower Director, Anna Rosenberg. According to the August 16, 1926 issue of the "New York World Telegram," one Affie Hammond, an ex-Communist, in sworn testimony before the New York State Department of Labor, stated that Daniel Allen had been a leader in the Communist Party within the State, County, and Municipal Workers Union - CIO, of which he was the New York Secretary-Treasurer.

The House Committee on Un-American Activities files reflect that the January, 1941 issue of "Social Work Today" listed an Anna M. Rosenberg, of New York City, not further identified, as contributing \$5.00 to "Social Work Today." The February, 1942 issue of "Social Work Today" listed Anna M. Rosenberg as a cooperator in 1941.

Memo to Mr. Ladd

"Social Work Today" is described by HCUA as a "Communist magazine" and by the California Committee on Un-American Activities Report as "This Communist periodical is published at 112 East Nineteenth Street, New York City."

The files of the HCUA contained numerous other references to persons having the names Anna Rosenberg and Julius Rosenberg, which is the name of subject's husband, reflecting that the named persons signed Communist Party petitions, were Communist Party members, etc. Investigation, however, eliminated these persons as being not identical with the subject of this investigation. Likewise, informants of the New York Office familiar with Communist affairs, were unacquainted with Anna M. Rosenberg or her husband, Julius Rosenberg.

Mr. Louis F. Budenz was also contacted and he stated that although he knew Anna Rosenberg by reputation, he had no knowledge that she or her husband were ever members of, or sympathetic with the Communist Party.

Miscellaneous:

You will recall that [redacted] was advised in confidence by [redacted] and specifically asked that it not be mentioned in any report of the investigation that he had even been contacted. [redacted] confidentially, that Mrs. Rosenberg was very close to a man named Mitchell, who was working with General Somervell in the Service of Supply Division of the Army, and whom she subsequently secured a high-paying position for at Macy's, New York City. It was alleged that Mitchell was a deviate.

[redacted] is currently endeavoring, through his sources, to obtain background information concerning Mitchell and any indicated investigation will be conducted upon its receipt, to establish that the above allegations are true, and the degree and nature of the association between this person and Mrs. Rosenberg. The results of such investigation, if pertinent, will be furnished the National Security Resources Board in a supplemental report.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached letter to Mr. Cooper of the National Security Resources Board, transmitting the results of this investigation be approved.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-150

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

SEPTEMBER 20, 1950

SAC NEW YORK
RICHMOND
ALBANY
BOSTON
WASHINGTON FIELD

URGENT

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, WSRB. SUREP IMMEDIATELY.

HOOVER

126-486

RSP:DLJ

CC: WASHINGTON FIELD (BSM)

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Nichols _____
Rosen _____
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Tele. Room _____
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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URGENT

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. SUREP IMMEDIATELY.

HOOVER

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. SUREP IMMEDIATELY.

HOOVER

NY, RH, BS, AND WFO ADVISED

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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NM

SAC RICHMOND

URGENT

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. SUREP IMMEDIATELY.

HOOVER

NY, AL, BS AND WFO ADVISED

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-150

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

SEPTEMBER 25, 1950

SAC ALBANY

DEFERRED

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. SUTEL DATE REPORT SUBMITTED. IF NOT
ALREADY SUBMITTED SUTEL WHEN WILL BE DONE.

HOOVER

126-486

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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52 OCT 28 1950

SENT VIA

3:39 PM

Per

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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FBI WASH DC

9-25-50

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SAC ALBANY

DEFERRED

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. SUTEL DATE REPORT SUBMITTED. IF NOT
ALREADY SUBMITTED SUTEL WHEN WILL BE DONE.

HOOVER

ACK AND HOLD PLS

OK FBI AL ECD

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-150

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

SEPTEMBER 14, 1950 DEFERRED

SAC NEW YORK
WASHINGTON FIELD

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. SUREP IMMEDIATELY.

HOOVER

126-486

CC WASHINGTON FIELD (BSM)

RSP:DLJ

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
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Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

RECORDED - 123
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

126-486-26
OCT 24 1950

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SENT VIA

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

WFO
TELETYPE

NEW YORK 54 FROM WASH DC

14

8-41 P

SAC DEFERRED

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG, NSRB. SUREP IMMEDIATELY.

HOOVER

WFO ADVISED

HOLD PLS

SEP 14 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____

WASH AND WASH FLD 58 FROM NEW YORK
DIRECTOR AND SAC URGENT

14 1036

4641 8-1
9-1

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG DASH FOUR EIGHT SEVEN, NEE LEDERER, SPECIAL
INQUIRY, MSRB, APPLICANT. REBUFILE ONE TWO SIX DASH FOUR EIGHT SIX,
WFO TELS TO NY SEPT EIGHT, ELEVEN, FIFTY. FOLLOWING INFO DETERMINED TO
BE NON IDENTICAL OR NON PERTINENT AND IS BEING CARRIED ON ADMINISTRA-
TIVE PAGE OF MY REPORT. ANN ROSENBERG, ONE ONE NINE ZERO SHAKESPEARE
AVENUE, BX, ANNA ROSENBERG, TWO EIGHT THREE ZERO OLIVILLE AVENUE, BX,
ANNA ROSENBERG, ONE NINE TWO ONE STILWELL AVENUE, KINGS, JULIUS
ROSENBERG, ONE THREE THREE ELLERY STREET, KINGS, WHO ALL SIGNED CP
PETITIONS FOR NY STATE IN FORTY TWO. ALSO JULIUS ROSENBERG, TWO ONE ZERO
ZERO CRESTON AVENUE, BX, AND JULIUS ROSENBERG, FOUR EIGHT THREE NINE
FORTY SEVENTH STREET, QUEENS, WHO SIGNED THIRTY NINE, FORTY NYC CP
PETITIONS. UNABLE TO DETERMINE IF JULIUS ROSENBERG, THIRTEEN HEGEMAN
AVENUE, BROOKLYN, IS IDENTICAL WITH APPLICANT'S HUSBAND. ALSO UNABLE TO
IDENTIFY APPLICANT WITH ANNA F. ROSENBERG OF NYC WHO CONTRIBUTED FIVE
DOLLARS TO "SOCIAL WORK TODAY" AND WHO WAS LISTED IN FEB FORTY TWO ISSUE
OF "SOCIAL WORK TODAY" AS A COOPERATOR IN FORTY ONE. ALSO, UNABLE TO
IDENTIFY APPLICANT WITH ANNA ROSENBERG WHO SIGNED STATEMENT WHICH
APPEARED IN "NY TIMES" OF MAY NINETEEN, THIRTY IN PROTEST OF WHAT THEY
CALLED THE RED SCARE. THE SIGNERS WERE BERGSON, AFFILIATED WITH THE

RECORDED - 1283

SEP 18 1950

END PAGE ONE

INDEXED - 122

L

486-27

PAGE TWO

JOHN REED CLUB. ABOVE INFO BEING CARRIED IN BODY OF MY REPORT. REFERENCED TEL SEPT EIGHT, FIFTY, STATES THAT INFO FROM CSC FILES INDICATE JULIUS ROSENBERG, CP, USA, NINETEEN FORTY, MEMBERSHIP NUMBER SIX SIX ZERO THREE, NY DISTRICT NUMBER TWO, AND ALSO THAT ON JUNE TEN, THIRTY EIGHT, A MRS. ROSENBERG SPOKE AT A MEETING AT THE STUYVESANT HS, WHICH MEETING WAS HELD UNDER AUSPICES OF UNITED FEDERAL WORKERS OF AMERICA, CIO. UNABLE TO IDENTIFY OR ELIMINATE ABOVE AS IDENTICAL WITH APPLICANT OR HER HUSBAND. THIS INFORMATION BEING CARRIED IN BODY OF MY REPORT. ALL INFORMATION FROM CSC BEING ATTRIBUTED TO CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANT WFO T ONE UNLESS ADVISED TO CONTRARY BY TEL FROM WFO SEPT FIFTEEN. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS NYC AND OTHER SOURCES OF INFORMATION HAVE NO KNOWLEDGE THAT ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG OR HER HUSBAND ARE CP MEMBERS OR SYMPATHETIC TO CP. FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU, REPORT BEING PREPARED, WILL BE FORWARDED TO BUREAU BY SEPTEMBER TWENTY, FIFTY.

SCHEIDT

HLD PLS

TWO COPIES TWO

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

FROM : Mr. Rosen

SUBJECT: ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG,
nee Lederer
NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD

DATE: August 24, 1950

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

G. I. R. - 1

This individual is the New York Labor Relations Expert who is being investigated for the National Security Resources Board. Her appointment as a Consultant with NSRB on labor mobilization policies was announced in the public press on August 9, 1950. We had been requested to conduct the investigation of Mrs. Rosenberg on August 3, 1950, and the Director has stated he wanted the investigation to be very thorough but that he questioned the advisability of our accepting investigations after an individual had been appointed and he stated that he wished we could get over to individuals in other agencies of the Government the futility of investigating individuals after he or she had been appointed to office.

In this connection, Mr. G. C. Callan on August 23, 1950, interviewed Mr. Thomas Carroll, Liaison Representative of the National Security Resources Board, and pointed out to Mr. Carroll the possible embarrassment which might result to any or to all parties concerned by having the FBI investigate an individual after that individual had been appointed to a public office. Mr. Callan specifically referred to the Rosenberg case.

Mr. Carroll stated that he was aware of the fact that an exception had been made in this case by NSRB. He explained that Mr. Symington had on that very day called at the Security Office of NSRB and had informed Mr. Paul Cooper, the Security Officer, and Mr. Carroll that he desired that the strictest security regulations be imposed with regard to persons to be employed by NSRB and Mr. Carroll mentioned this by way of emphasizing that the Rosenberg case was an exception to the general rule at NSRB. He stated that it was his understanding that the exception had been made in her case in view of the unique qualifications which she possessed for a certain position at NSRB coupled with the urgency of a situation with which that organization was confronted.

He stated that Mr. Symington was aware of the fact that an exception to the strict security requirements had been made in her case and was also aware of the fact that the investigation had not been completed at the time he appointed her. Mr. Carroll emphasized that the Rosenberg case was definitely an exception to the general procedure at NSRB and that it was not contemplated that there would be any further cases in this category.

GCC:MMW
126-486

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EX-53

One exception particularly like this can destroy any so-called rule.

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 66-67-126

Mr. Ladd

Mr. Callan reiterated the Bureau's viewpoint that we did not care to receive requests for investigation of people and then have them appointed before our investigation was completed and it was definitely pointed out to Mr. Carroll that the Bureau is confronted with very heavy responsibilities at the present time; that we desire to cooperate with NSRB inasmuch as Mr. Symington has pointed out to the Director the critical nature of the organization and the fact that its employees have access to very highly confidential information but it was emphasized that we cannot see any benefit to be derived by either NSRB or the Bureau in investigating people after they have been appointed.

Mr. Carroll was reminded that when we first initiated this program it was understood that there would be individuals whom we would be called upon to investigate who had already taken office but that it was our understanding that this would apply to people already on the rolls at the time the agreement was made and that it was further our understanding that subsequent appointees would be investigated before they were appointed.

Mr. Carroll stated that the Bureau's position was understood at NSRB and that Mr. Symington was most insistent that this procedure be followed but that as above mentioned the Rosenberg case had been an exception dictated by the exigencies of a situation which faced NSRB at the time and that it was not contemplated that there would be any further exceptions.

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

This is for your information. The Field has been instructed and the Supervisor handling the case has been instructed to make sure that the investigation of Mrs. Rosenberg is very thorough in accordance with the Director's wishes.

1. Before any reports are submitted I want to see them.
 2. Accept no more cases from any agency where the subject has been appointed before we initiate the investigation & discontinue any where a report is made before we finish. It is not to preclude our finishing it for our own purposes for security reasons.
- H.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd *dh*

DATE: November 10, 1950

FROM : Mr. A. Rosen *R*SUBJECT: ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG
NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD

Tolson ☒
 Ladd ☐
 Clegg ☐
 Glavin ☐
 Nichols ☒
 Rosen ☐
 Tracy ☐
 Harbo ☐
 Belmont ☐
 Mohr ☐
 Tele. Room ☐
 Nease ☐
 Gandy ☐

Keating
Lyons

You will recall that we recently completed an investigation concerning Rosenberg for the National Security Resources Board and transmitted the results of our investigation to that agency on October 13, 1950. A summary of the investigation was furnished you in my memorandum dated October 12, 1950.

Mr. Thomas Carroll, of the Security Office of the National Security Resources Board, advised today that Mr. Symington had received a telegram this morning addressed to him from one Ben Freedman, 300 Central Park West, New York City. The telegram, according to Mr. Carroll, stated in substance, "Before you appoint Anna Rosenberg have a qualified representative contact me."

Carroll said that Freedman was unknown to them at NSRB and that they were making no request of the Bureau to contact Freedman but were merely passing this data on for information. He said that he contemplated a request from the Office of the Secretary of Defense for information in their files concerning Rosenberg, and that they would at that time make the telegram available to OSD. It appears likely that the telegram resulted from the newspaper publicity indicating that Anna Rosenberg was being considered for the position of Assistant Secretary of Defense.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

In view of the fact that Anna Rosenberg has left the employ of the NSRB and that we have received no request to conduct any investigation in connection with this information, it is recommended that no action be taken concerning it, in the absence of a request from the Office of the Secretary of Defense. It is to be noted that the information will be furnished to the Office of the Secretary of Defense by NSRB.

RECORDED - 71

RSP:bsw:RGB

52 JAN 13 1951

126-486-29
dh
✓
Lyons

6:28

December 4, 1950

**MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. LADD
MR. NICHOLS**

Mr. Stuart Symington, Chairman, National Security Resources Board, called me this afternoon regarding Mrs. Anna Rosenberg. He stated that he was disturbed about the way some people were talking about Mrs. Rosenberg, that he knew she felt pretty badly about it, and he wondered what he could say about the investigation the Bureau had made on Mrs. Rosenberg. I told Mr. Symington that the Bureau could make no statement concerning her, nor could we release any reports regarding our investigation of her. I told him that any request we received in this regard would have to be referred to the Attorney General. *R*

I told Mr. Symington that I was well aware of the fact that Mrs. Rosenberg had been lambasting the Bureau because we had a job to do in making an investigation of her.

Mr. Symington stated that he would say Mrs. Rosenberg had been appointed as an emergency measure and that subsequently the Bureau's report came to him; that he read the report and saw nothing in it which would change his opinion as to his need for her services.

Mr. Symington seemed to understand the Bureau's position in this matter.

Very truly yours,

15/ JEH

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Tolson _____ JEH:eff

Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

SENT FROM D. C.
TIME *10:27 AM*
DATE *12-5-50*
BY *[Signature]*

EX-46
RECORDED - 10

1126-486-30
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8

gm

December 6, 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. LADD
MR. BELMONT

8-1-9

P-1

In conversation with General Marshall, Secretary of Defense, this afternoon he told me that he was preparing a statement in connection with the Anna Rosenberg matter to be presented to the Senate Committee tomorrow. He stated that in the course of preparing the statement his legal advisors had informed him that they had asked the FBI for information on [redacted] who had been mentioned as having information detrimental to Anna Rosenberg. General Marshall informed me that his legal advisors were advised by the Bureau representative that no information on [redacted] could be given to the Defense Department unless they intended to hire these two persons. General Marshall stated of course there was no intention upon the part of the Defense Department to hire these two persons, but he was desirous of hiring Mrs. Rosenberg and that in considering her case the names of [redacted] had arisen and he was calling to ascertain whether some arrangement could not be arranged so that he could have access to such information as we might have in our files on [redacted]. I told General Marshall that of course such information could be made available to him and he stated he was sending Mr. Larkin of his office over to my office at once and he would appreciate having any information made available to Mr. Larkin that we had concerning [redacted].

I advised Mr. Ladd of this call of General Marshall and have instructed that Mr. Larkin upon his arrival at my office be referred at once to Mr. Ladd and that he be accorded access to all and any information which we have in our files on De Sola and Freedman.

I think it would be well to brief the liaison representatives of the Bureau to use a little more judgment in handling requests made by the various agencies to which they are assigned as liaison contacts. I realize, of course, the delicacy of the situation and the difficulties faced by our liaison representatives. On the other hand, we must not appear strait-laced and unreasonable in our attitude, particularly toward requests made by a Cabinet Officer. The above request, as indicated, was being made by General Marshall and I see no reason why we should refuse to check our files and to make available to him or his representative information concerning [redacted] individuals whose names have now been injected into the Rosenberg matter and [redacted] may play a very large part in the hearing to be held in her case. 126-48631

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Gurnea
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy

If the liaison representative is uncertain as to the position [redacted] should take [redacted] better he, of course, can always advise that he will take it up with the Bureau to

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52 DEC 11 1950

determine whether such information is available and that will give him time, and give us time, to consider the matter and make a decision, but to flatly refuse a request of a Cabinet Officer places us in an untenable position, could create ill-will, and subject us to severe criticism.

Very truly yours,

151 J. E. H.

John Edgar Hoover
Director

JEH:EH

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Egan _____
Mr. Gurnea _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Pennington _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

SENT FROM D. O.	
TIME	8:04 PM
DATE	12-6-50
BY	[Signature]

December 5, 1950

1:28 P.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. LADD
MR. NICHOLS

I called W. Stuart Symington of the National Security Resources Board regarding Anna Rosenberg and stated that there had come to my attention today the existence of an affidavit alleging that there were certain witnesses who could testify to the fact that she had been present at some of these John Reed Club meetings. Mr. Symington asked whether the man who made this affidavit had the name of Freedman and I commented I did not know though the name sounded familiar. I stated that immediately we received this information I issued orders that we run it down as I felt it was only fair to either prove it or disprove it. I told Mr. Symington that I thought he might want to know of this development should he be called before a hearing. Mr. Symington stated he thought he knew this person. He stated the Defense Department today sent over a request and said they had asked for the files on Anna Rosenberg from the FBI and that a Mr. Callan said to get them from the Resources Board. Mr. Symington stated he would not go along with this; that he was not giving them to anybody. Mr. Symington stated that the individual from the Defense Department stated that our man said it would take several days to get the file up and that therefore he had better get it from the National Security Resources Board. Mr. Symington stated that any files of the FBI come from the FBI and not from his office. I stated this was correct and I would check into the remark allegedly made by Mr. Callan as it was not true.

Very truly yours

J. E. H.

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Egan _____
Mr. Gurnea _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Pennington _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 3:23 PM
DATE 12-6-50
BY [signature]

RECORDED - 65

INDEXED 65-486 32

cc - Mr. Ladd
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Callan
Mr. Pitzer

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL
DIRECTOR, FBI

December 6, 1950

ANNA MARIE ROSENBERG
ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
VIA SPECIAL MESSENGER

RECORDED - 117

126-486-33

In accordance with your request, there are attached fourteen photostatic copies of reports of previous investigation conducted by this Bureau concerning Mrs. Rosenberg.

I desire to call your attention to the fact that the contents of these reports are confidential and it is imperative that the Bureau's source not be disclosed, particularly to the subject of the investigation.

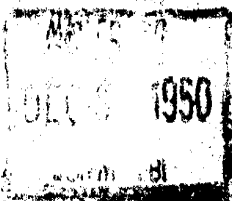
DM Ladd

126-486

RSP:jlw:jjj

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

DECLASSIFIED BY 3704 JEL/RET
ON 5-10-00



RECEIVED - DIRECTOR
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
DEC 6 2 15 PM '50
DEC 6 1 52 PM '50
REC'D - 10-20-50

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: December 5, 1950

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: ANNA ROSENBERG

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

Peyton Ford called on the afternoon of December 5 and stated that Donald Dawson at the White House had requested that he obtain copies of the Bureau's investigative reports on Anna Rosenberg.

There is accordingly attached a memorandum to Peyton Ford transmitting copies of these reports.

DML:dad

Attachment

RECORDED - 117

126-486-33

6/15

FBI, SAN DIEGO

12-16-50

LL

SAC, LOS ANGELES

URGENT

ALLEGATION OF ALLEGED MEMBERSHIP OF ANNA M. ROSENBERG IN JOHN
REED CLUB. SPECIAL INQUIRY. RETEL DEC. FIFTEEN LAST. INDICES
SD OFFICE FAIL TO REFLECT ANY INFORMATION ON ROSENBERG OR ON
ANY NAMES MENTIONED RETEL. RUC.

END

RICHARDSON

COL:LL

77-807

CC - Bureau (AM)

126-486-✓

52 JAN 13 1951